

Status and First Results of the Largest UHECR Observatory



Auger Center Building

The Auger Collaboration

16 Countries

Argentina

Australia

Bolivia(*)

Brazil

Czech Republic

France

Germany

Greece

60+ Institutions

350+ Scientists

Italy

Mexico

Netherlands

Poland

Slovenia

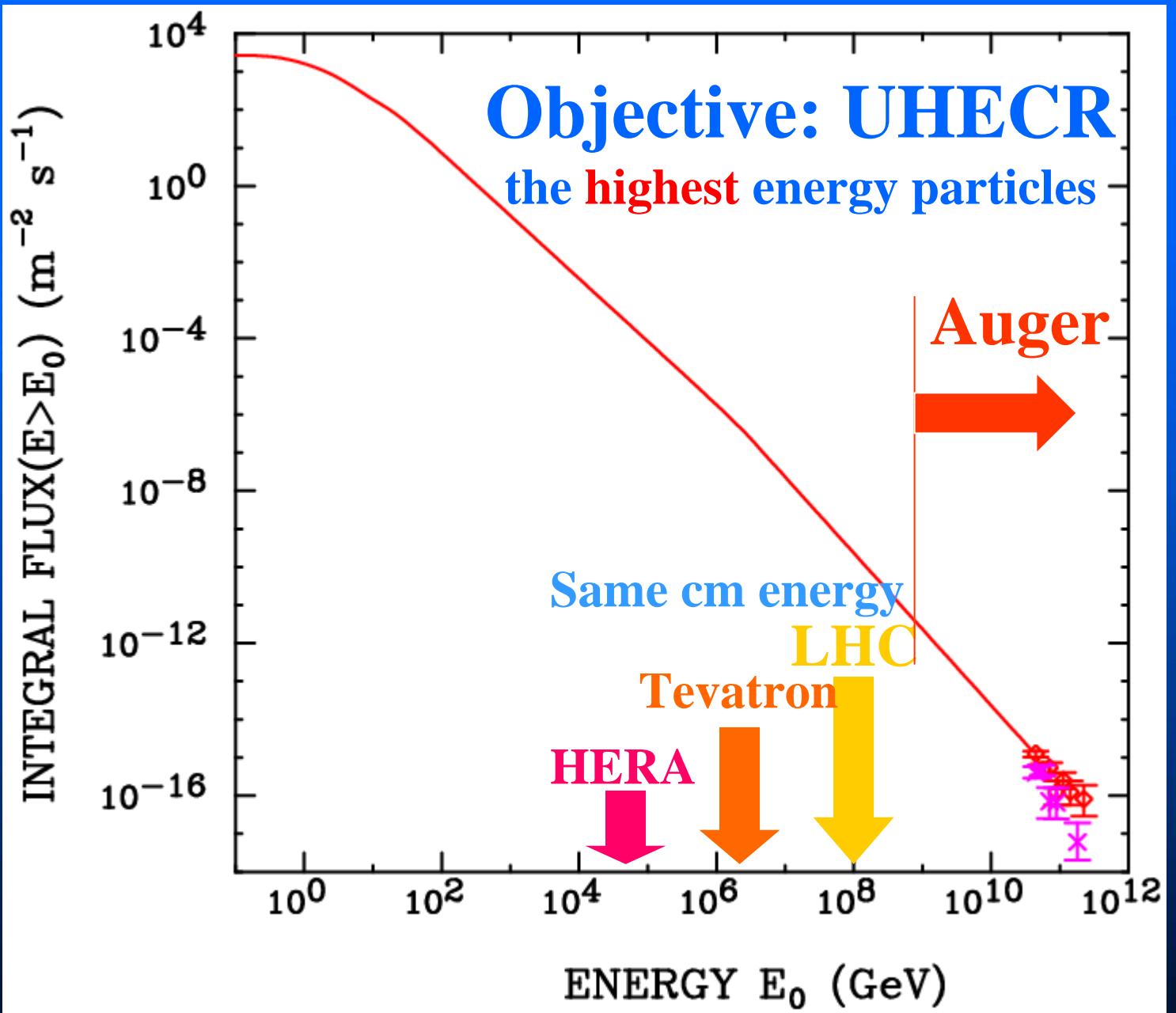
Spain

United Kingdom

USA

Vietnam(*)

(*) Associate countries



Ultra High Energy



■ Particle Physics

- » Test interactions at the highest energies
- » Test forward region
- » Neutrino detection

■ Astrophysics

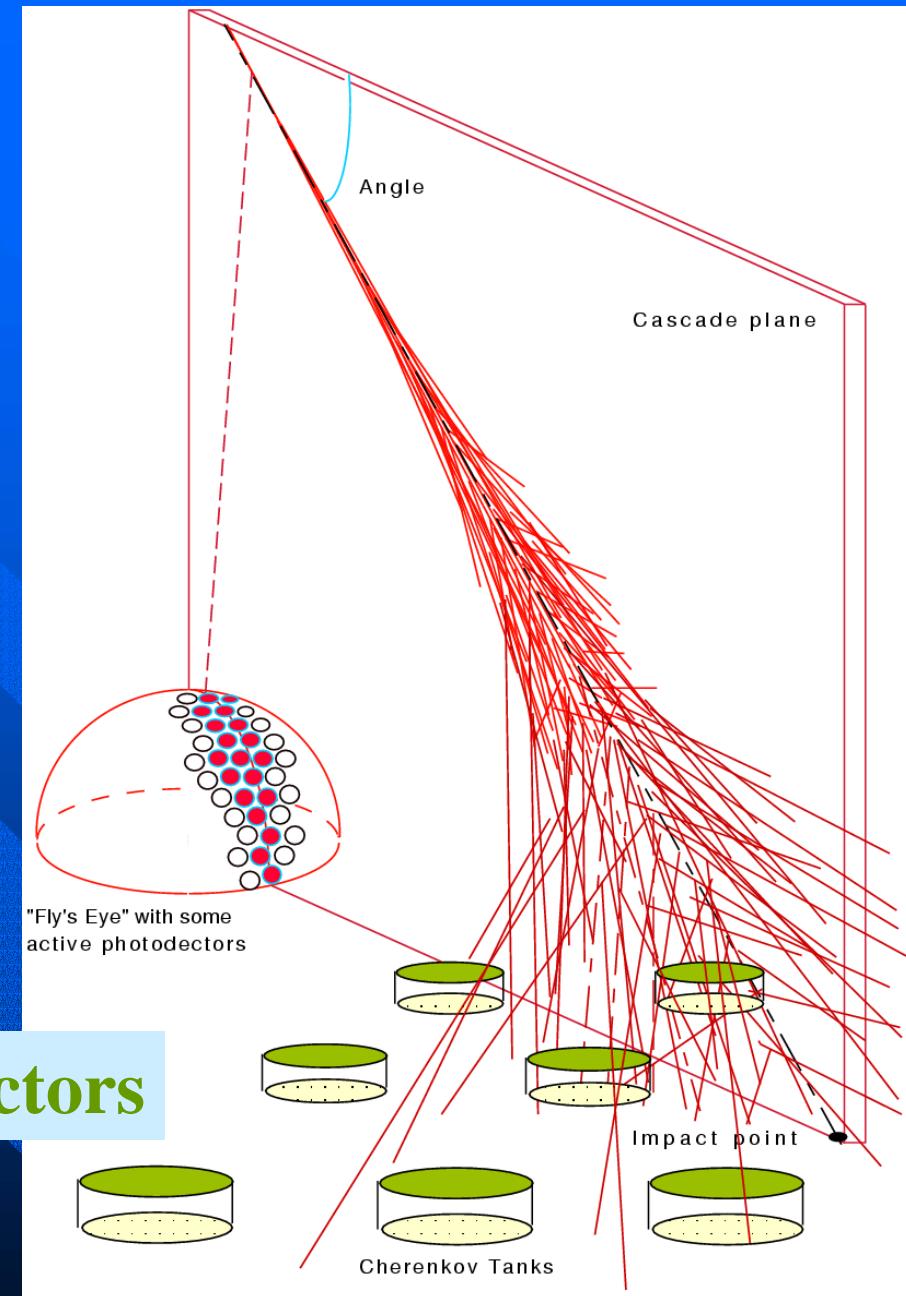
- » Origin: Still an unresolved puzzle
- » Possibility to:
 - do astronomy
 - learn about B fields

2-fold motivation

Two successful techniques

Fluorescence

Array of particle detectors



Auger Science Objectives

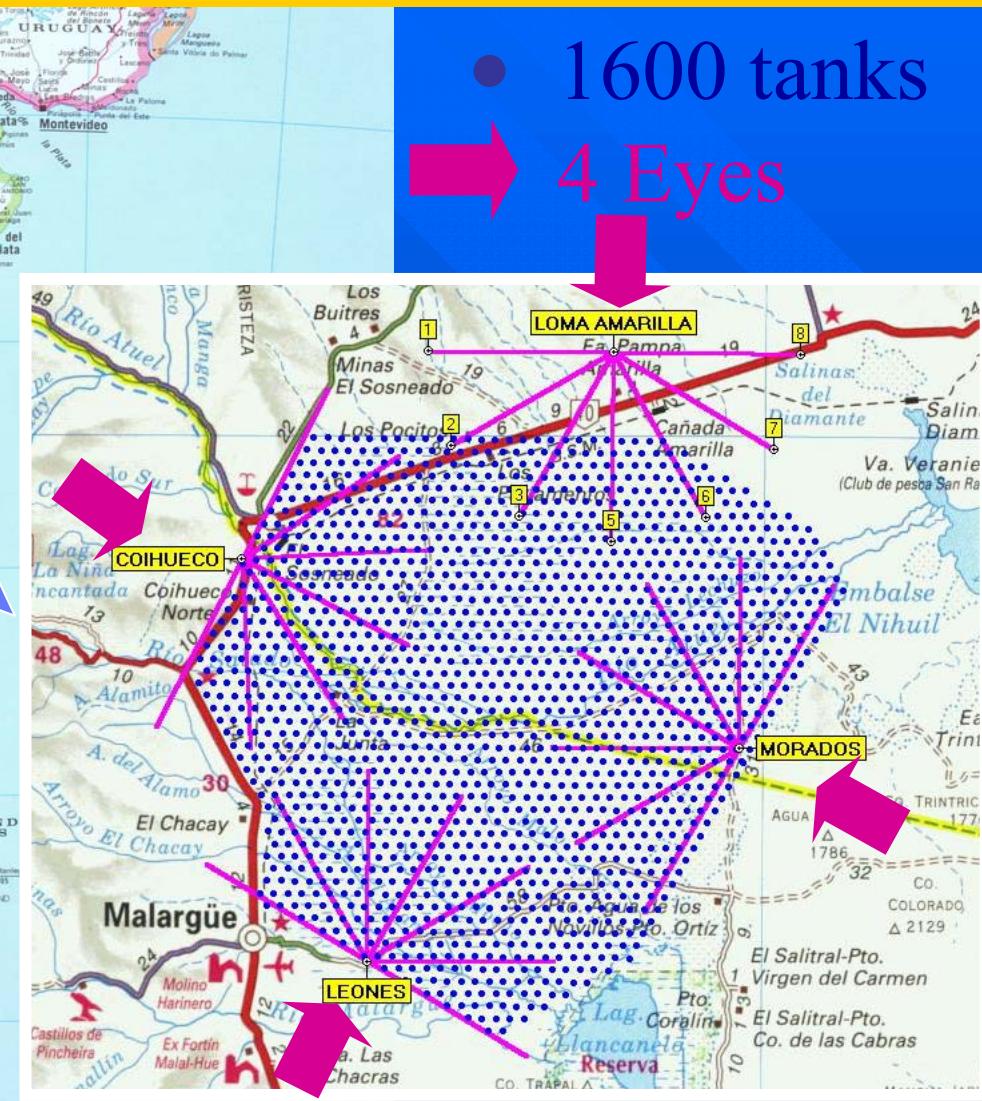
- Uniform Exposure
- Improve statistics
- Intercalibration
- Composition

North & South Observatories
2 x 3000 km² Surface Array
- 1600 particle detectors
- hexagonal array: 1.5 km spacing

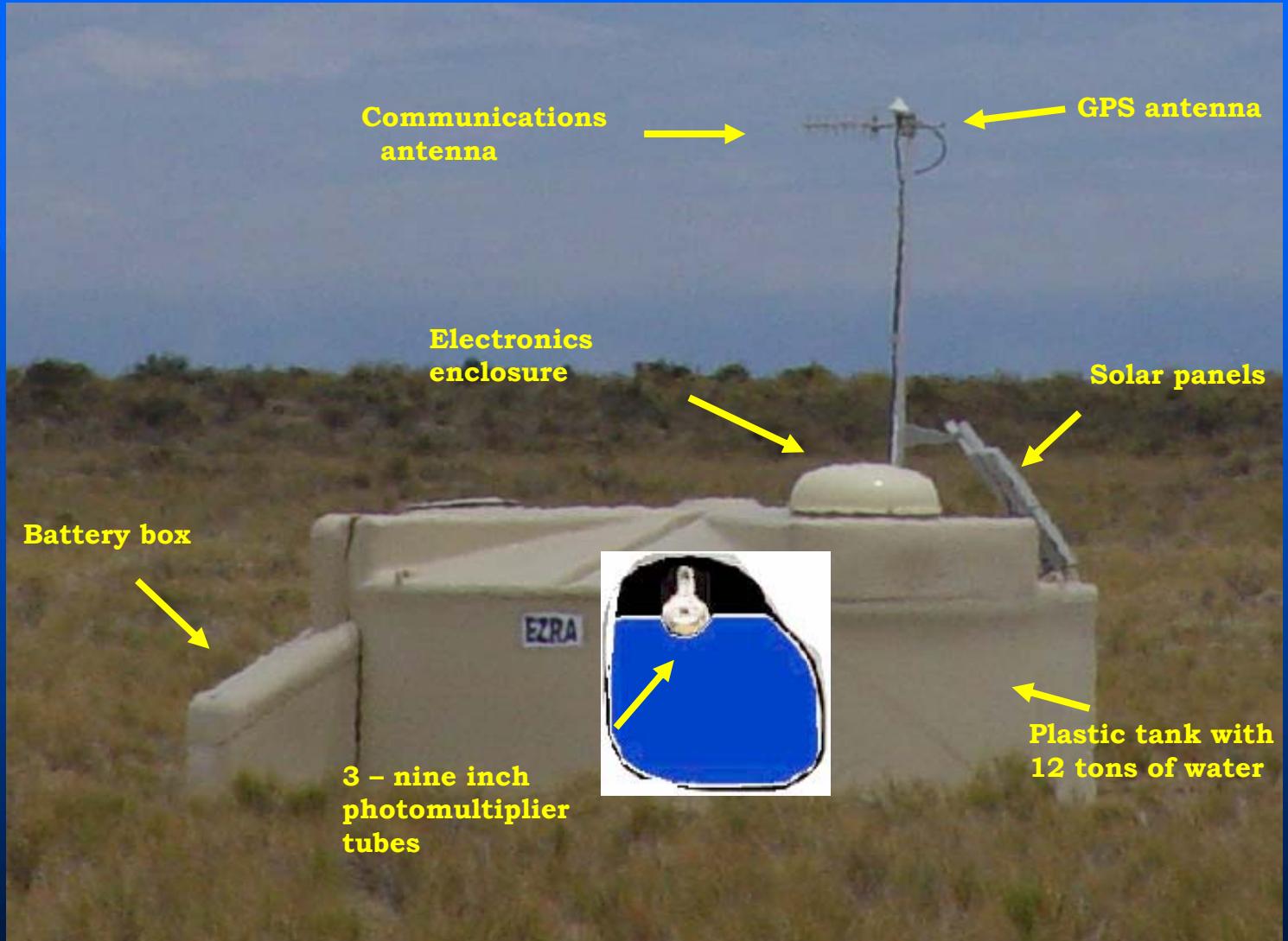
Combine Fluorescence
- 4 Enclosures (“Eyes”) each with:
 6 Telescopes (3.4 m diameter) &
 Cameras (440 PMTs each)

FADC traces
GPS timing
Hybrid, stereo modes ...

Auger Southern Observatory: Malargüe Mendoza (Argentina)



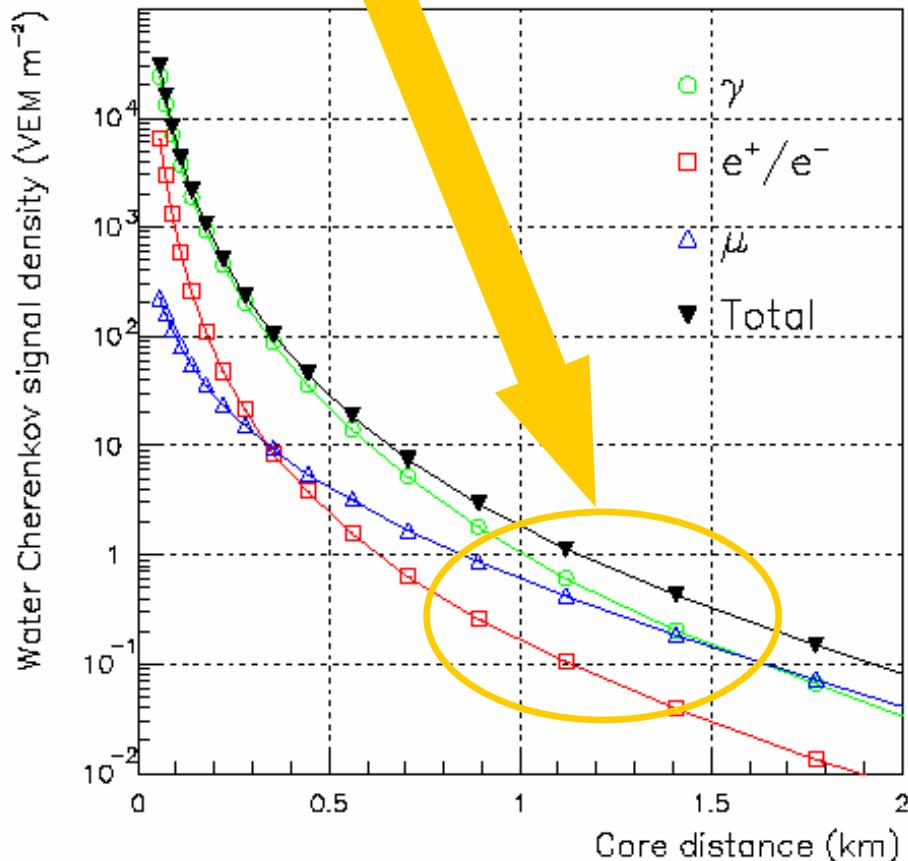
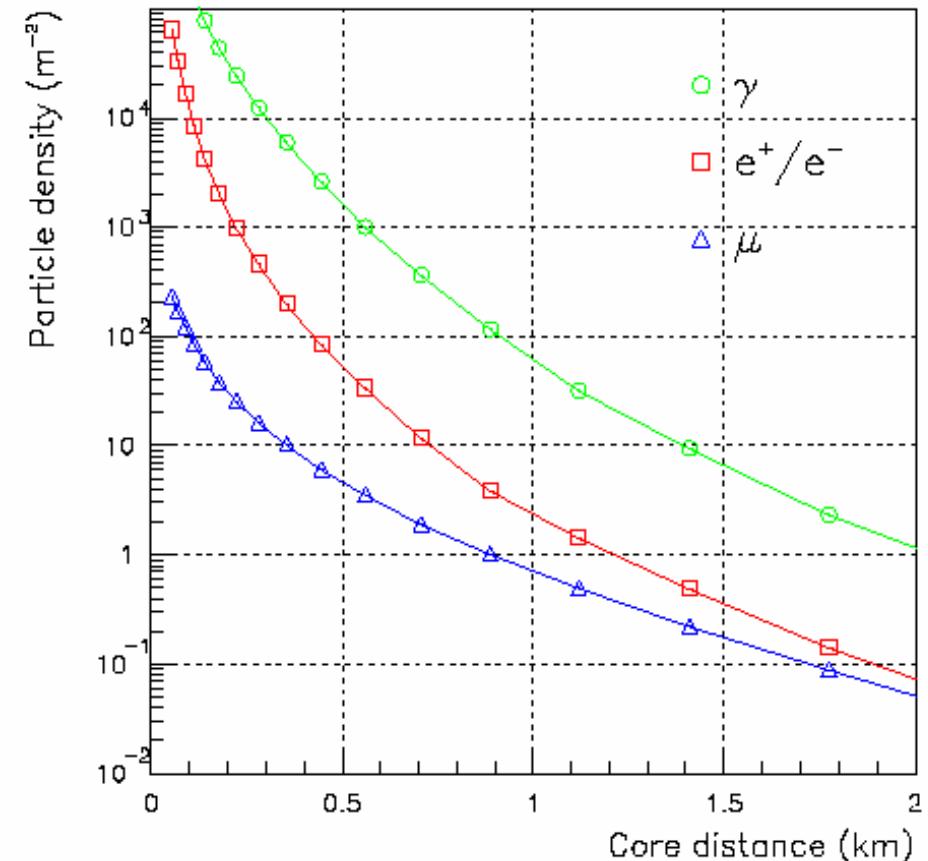
The Surface Detectors



- μ -response α track
- e/γ -response α energy

Inclined: $\mu/e\gamma$ UP

μ -signal of order em-signal



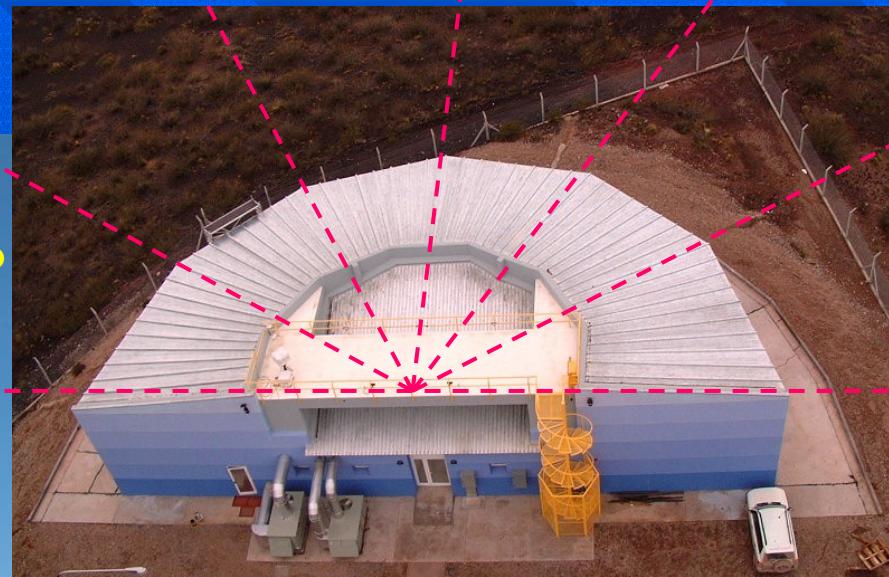
The Fluorescence Detector:

4 Eyes at the perimeter

Each has 6 Telescopes (Schmidt optics):

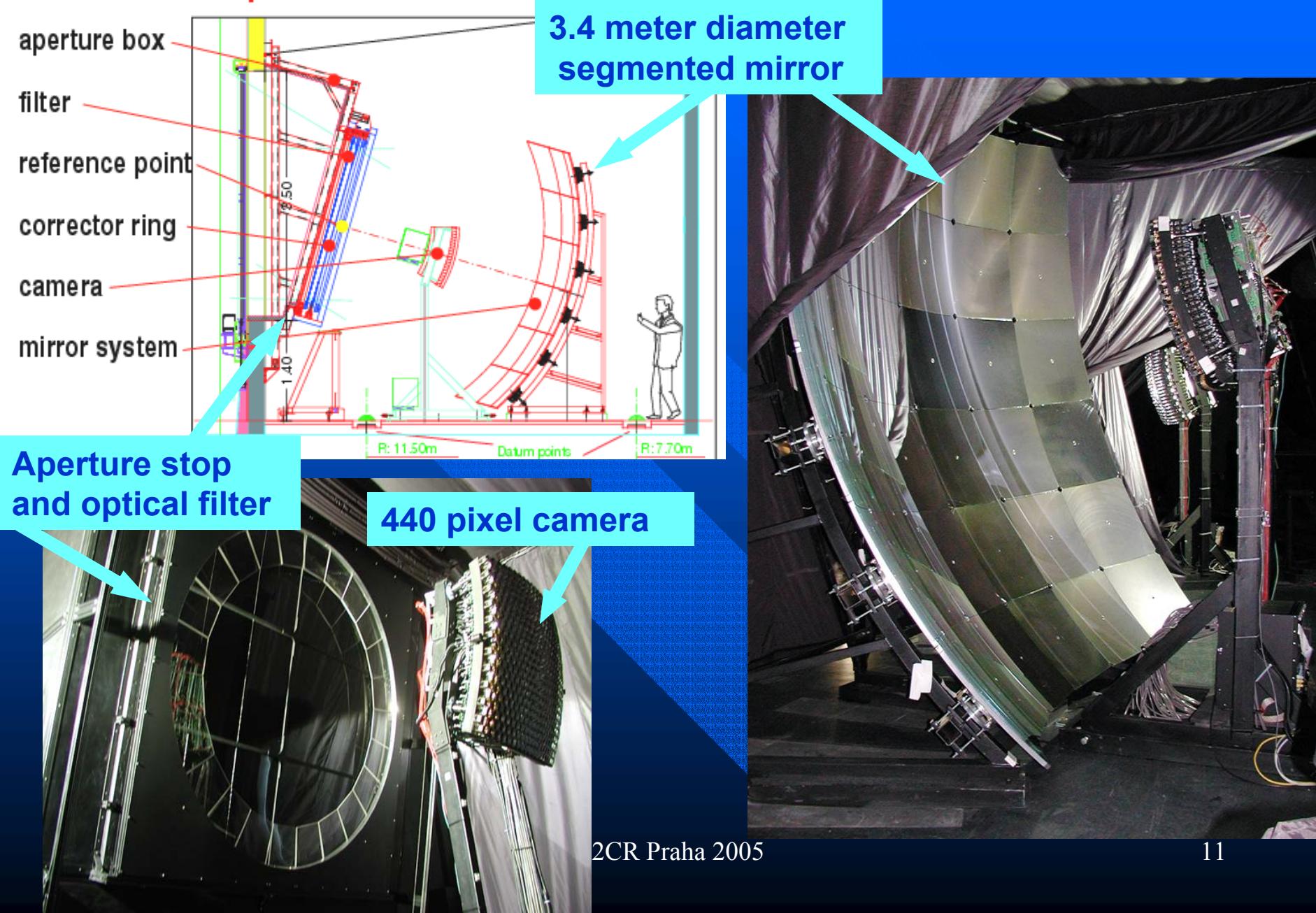
- ✓ Spherical mirror, 3.4 m radius of curvature
- ✓ 2.2 m diameter diaphragm, corrector ring
- ✓ 30°x30° FOV, 15 mm diameter spot

Los Leones



ha 2005

A Fluorescence Telescope



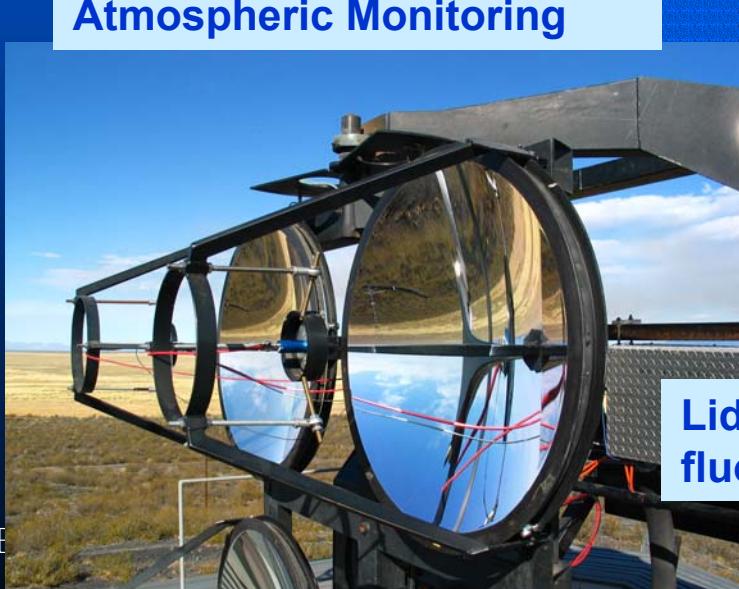
Atmospheric Monitoring & Calibration



Central Laser Facility



Absolute Calibration

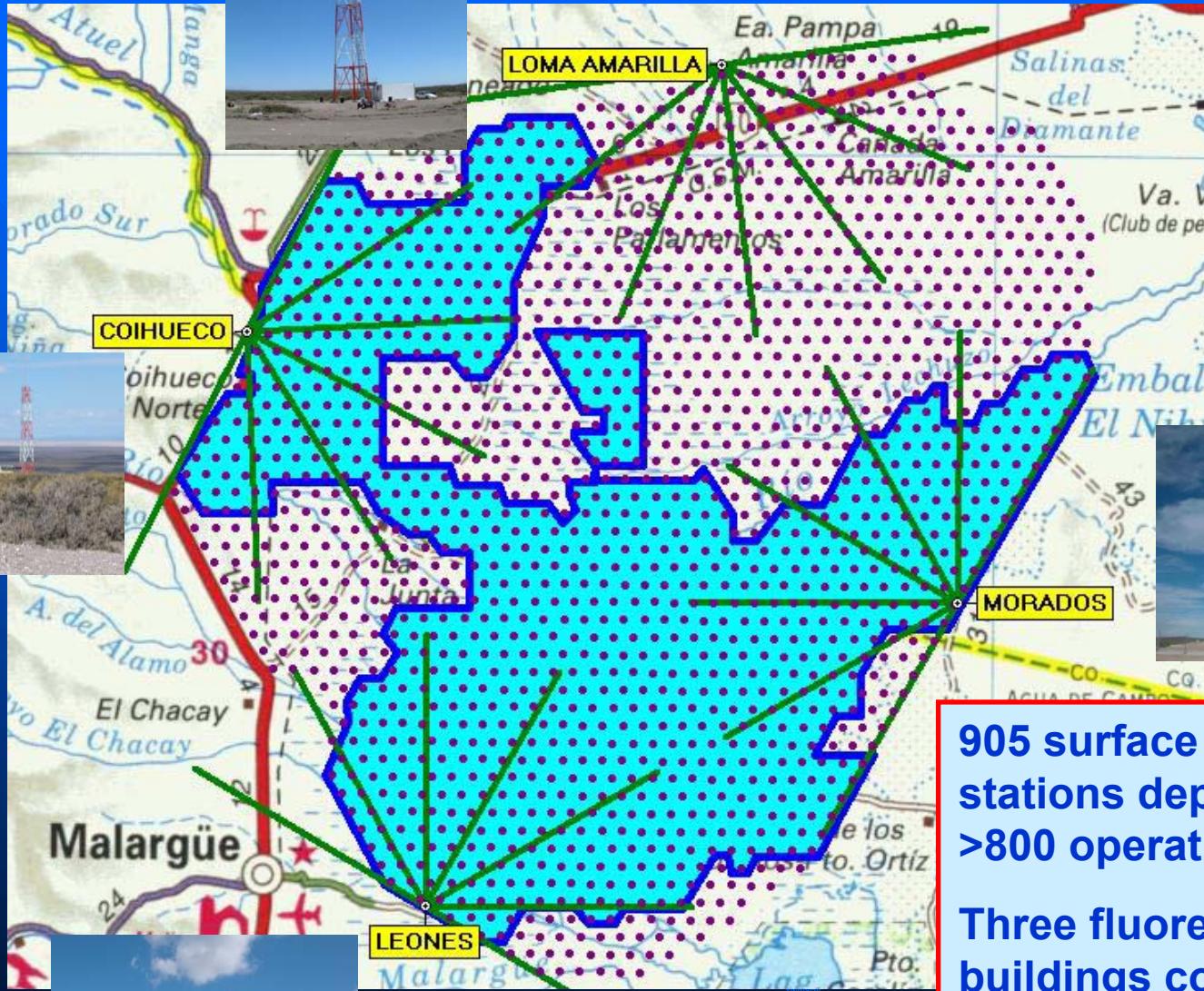


Atmospheric Monitoring

Lidar at each fluorescence eye

Drum for uniform camera illumination – end to end calibration .

Status August 2005



**905 surface detector
stations deployed
>800 operating**

**Three fluorescence
buildings complete each
with 6 telescopes**

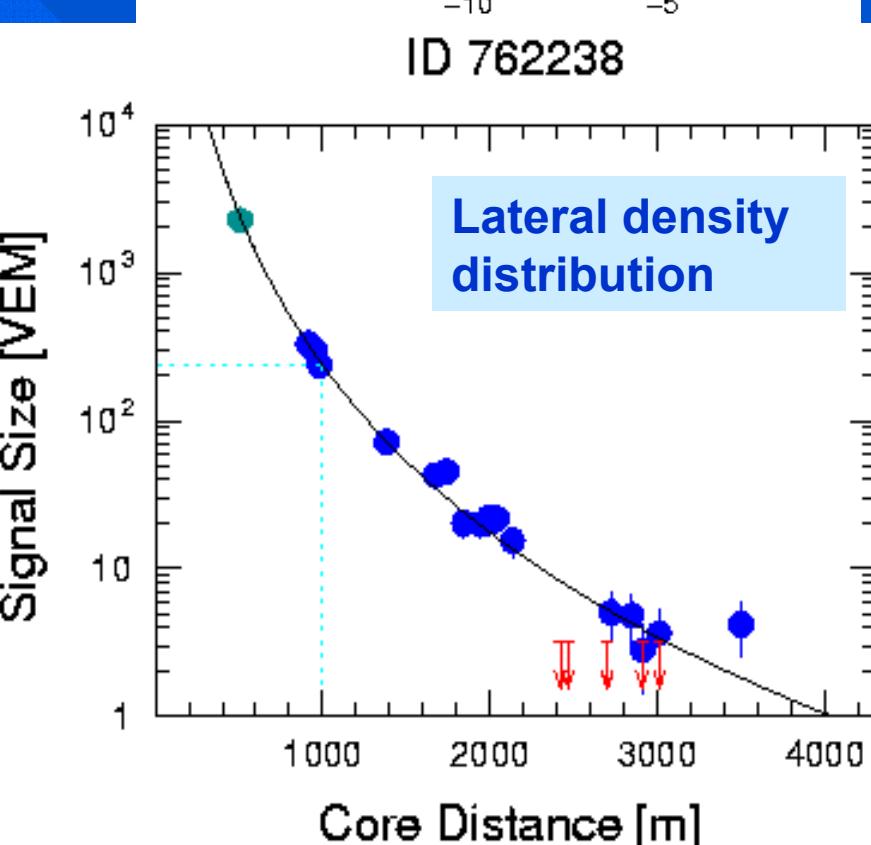
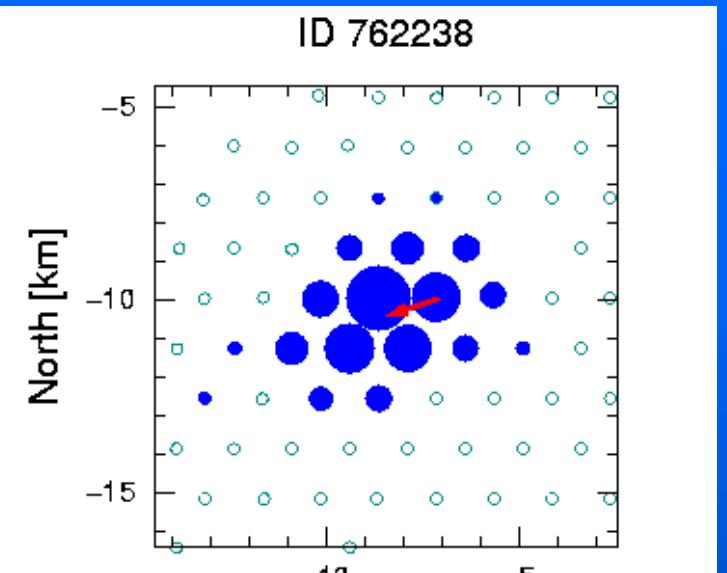
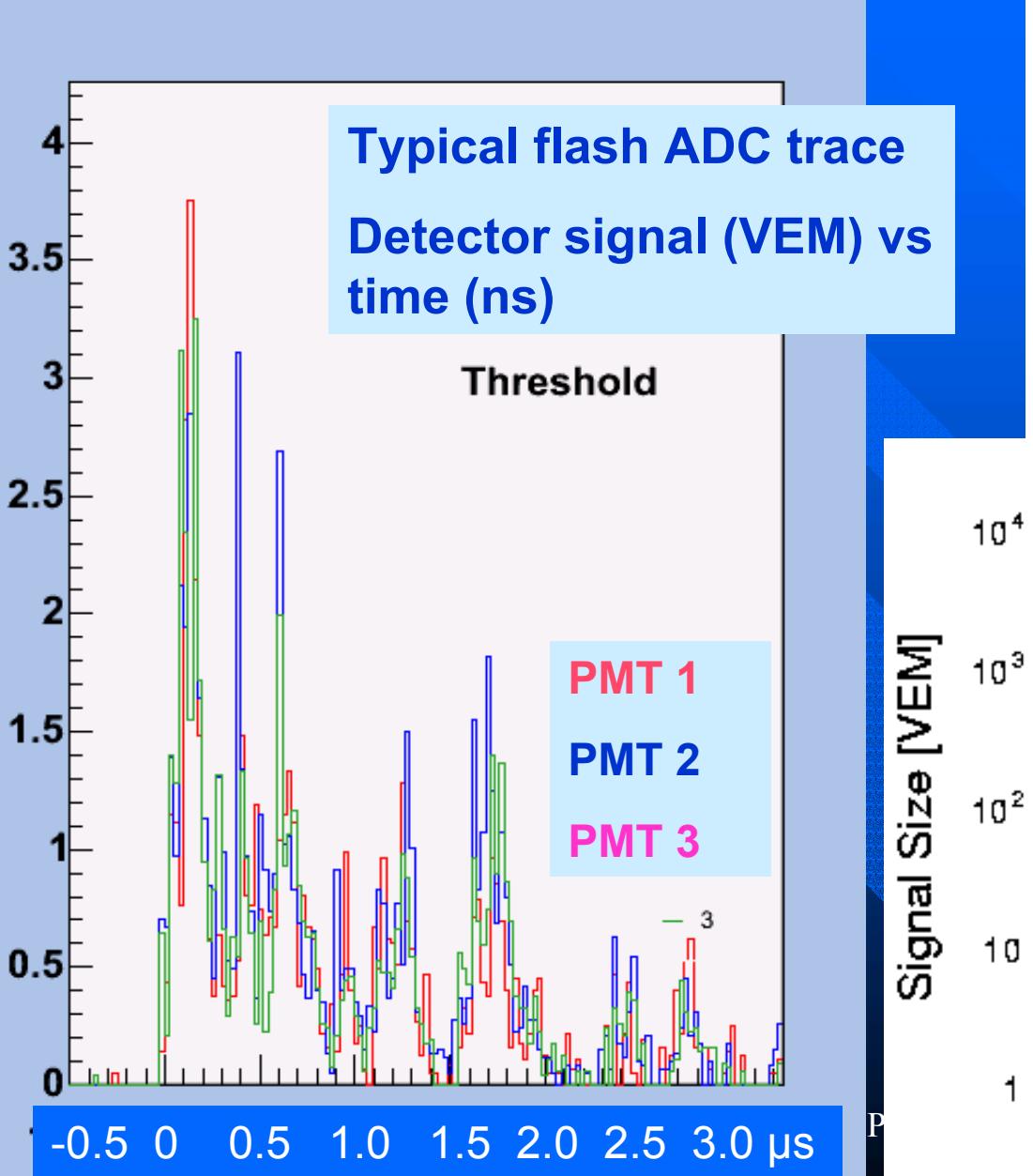
SD Reconstruction:

Timing => Direction

Signal => Energy

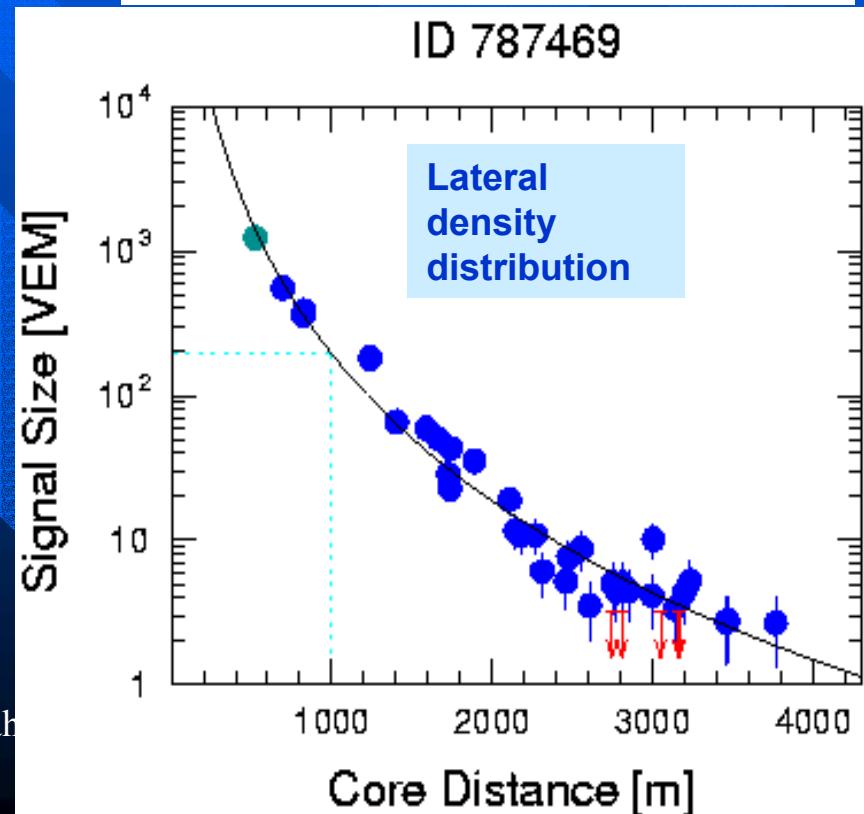
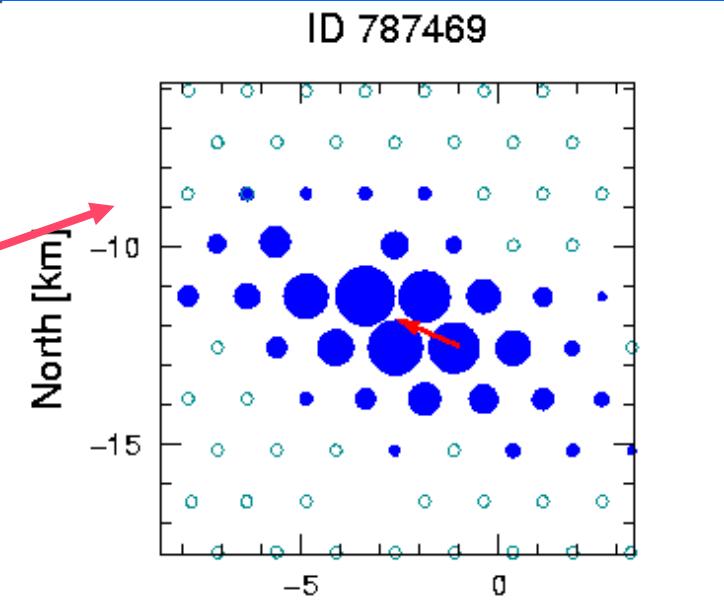
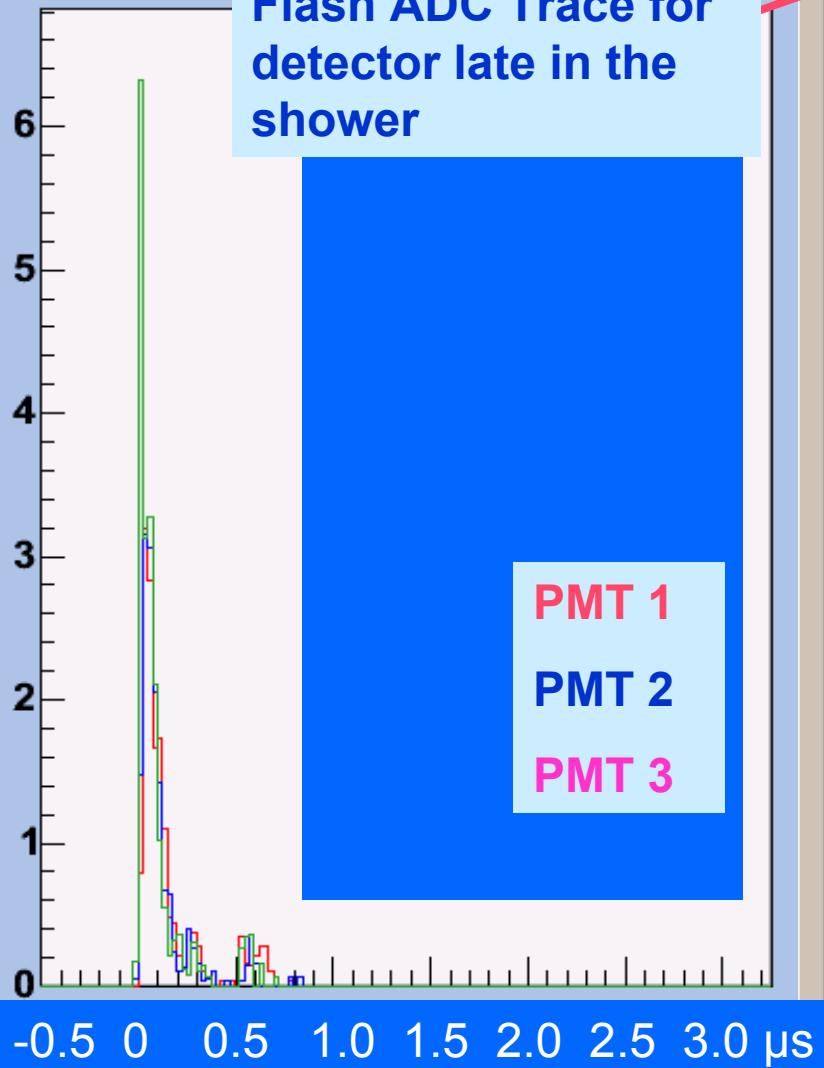
Obtain S(1000)

$\theta \sim 48^\circ, \sim 70$ EeV



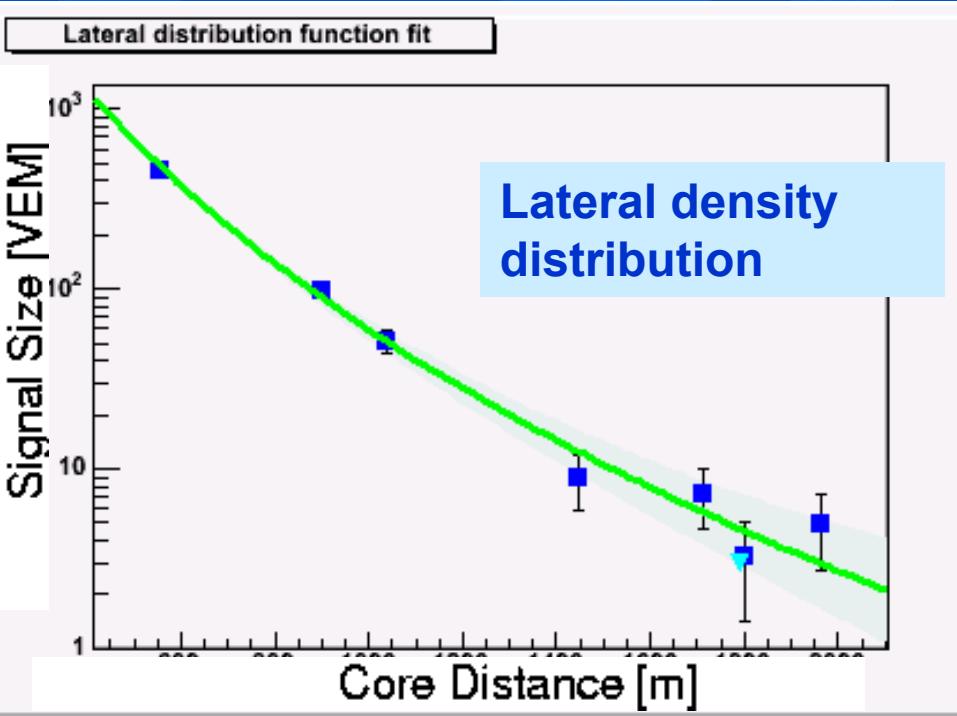
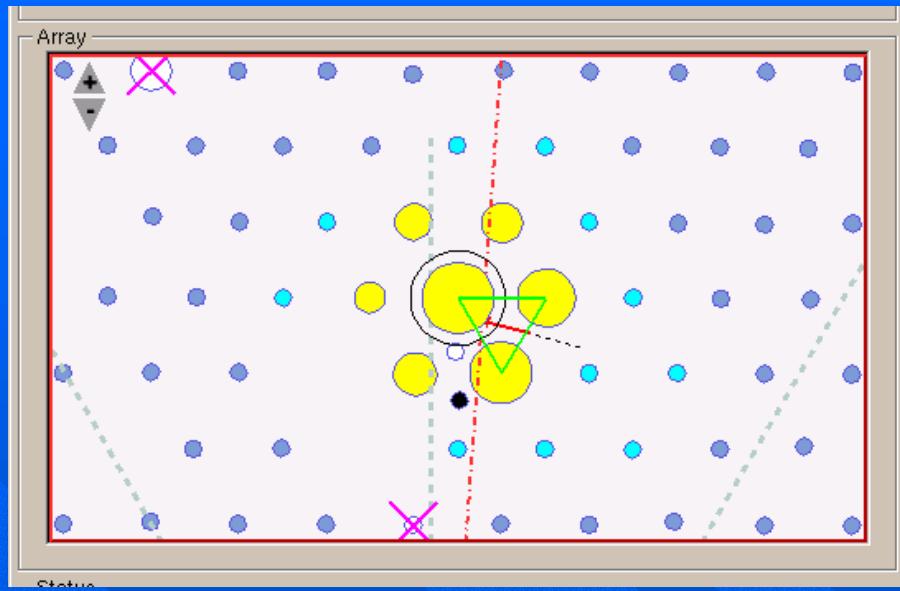
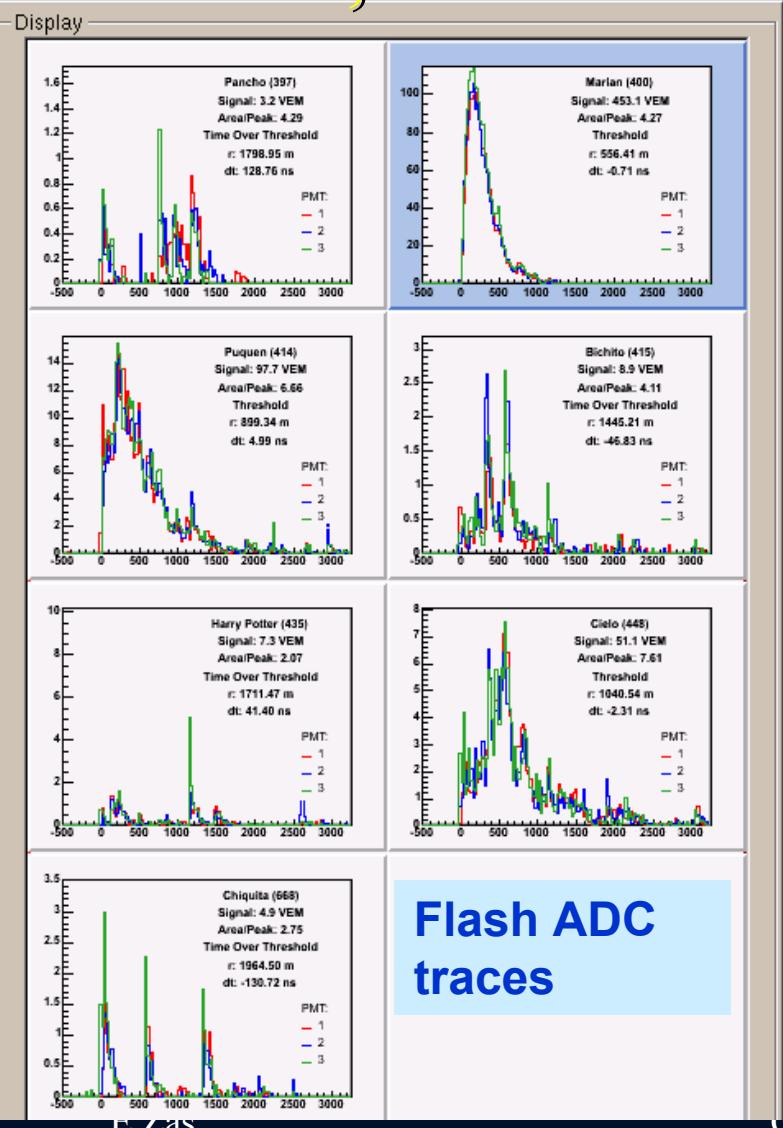
$\theta \sim 60^\circ, \sim 86$ EeV

Flash ADC Trace for
detector late in the
shower



Hybrid Event

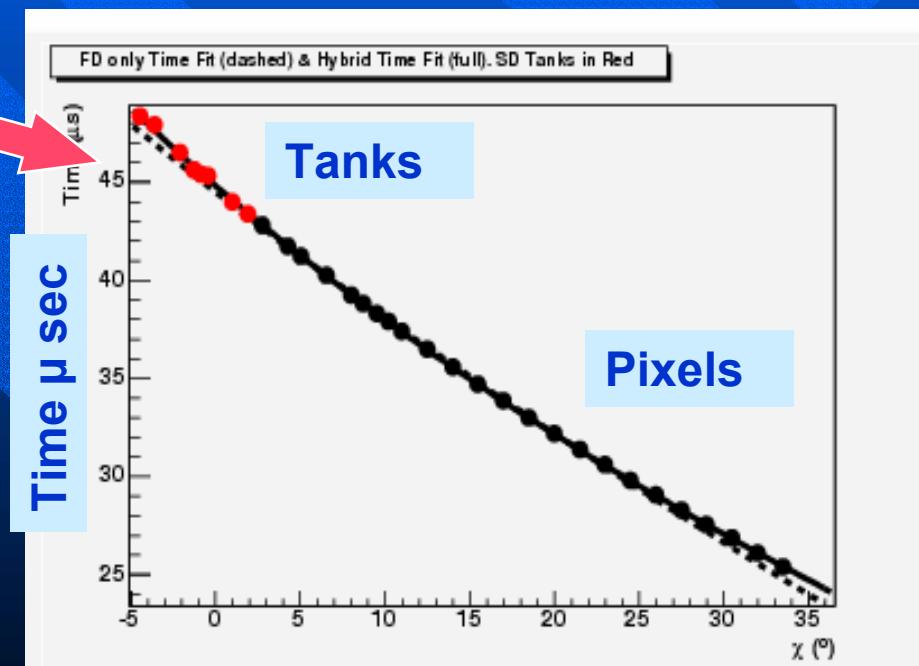
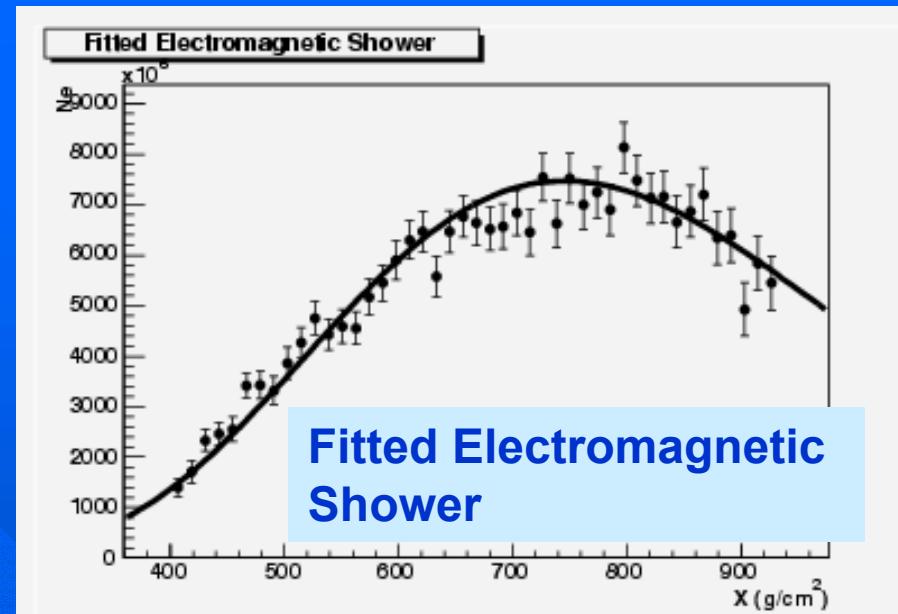
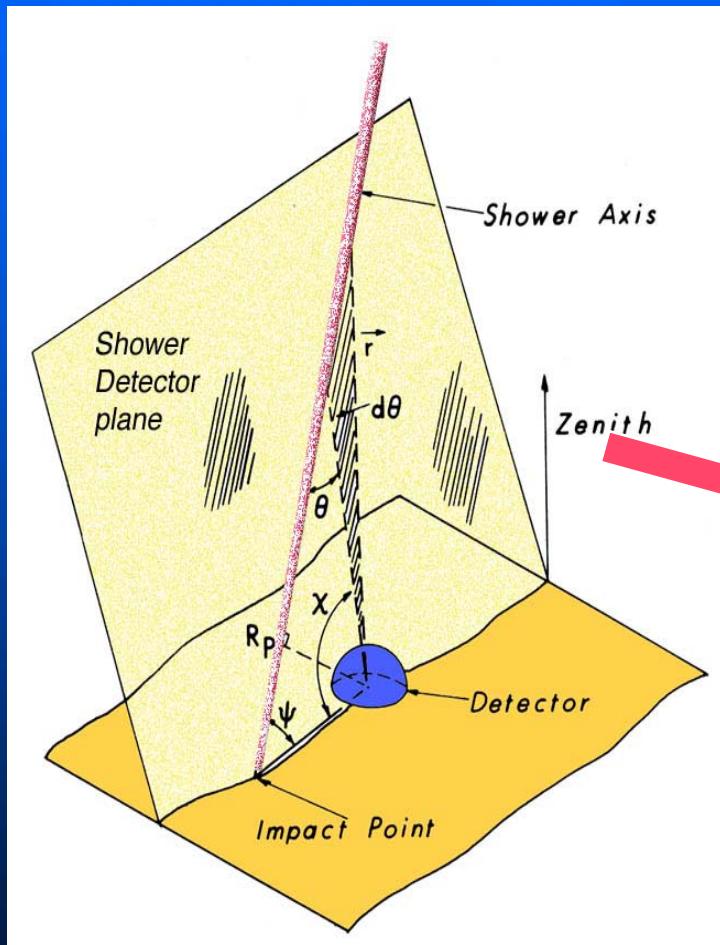
$\theta \sim 30^\circ, \sim 8 \text{ EeV}$



FD Reconstruction:
Pixel Geometry => Shower Plane
Timing => Direction
Signal+direction => Energy

Same Hybrid Event

$\theta \sim 30^\circ$, ~ 8 EeV

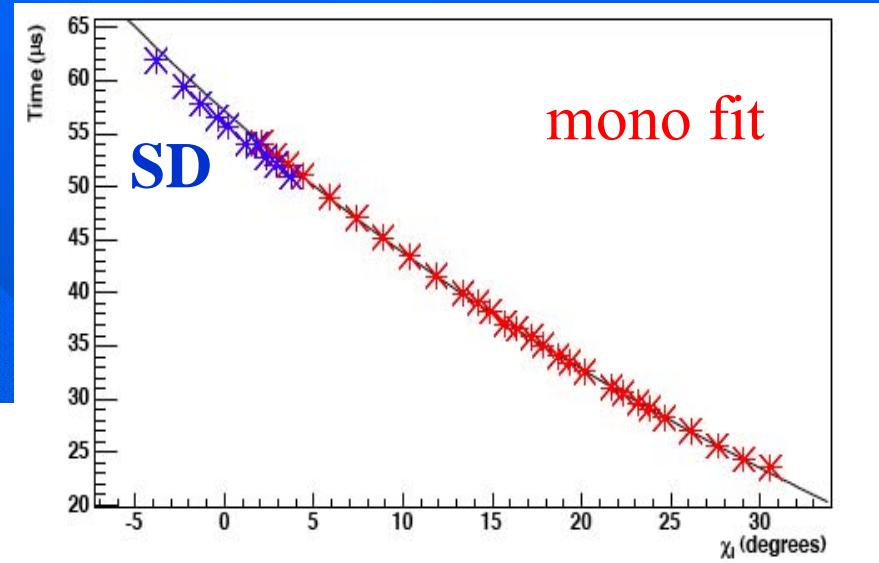
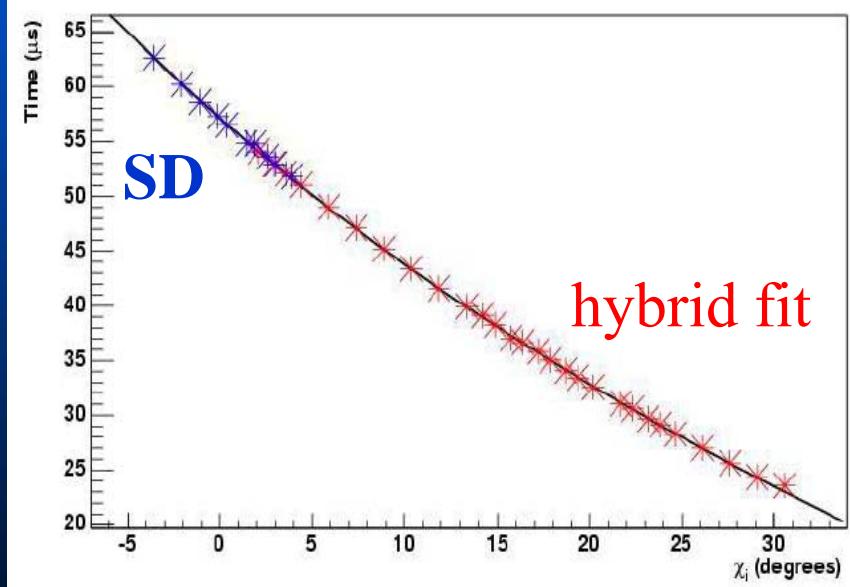


E Zas

Angle X in the shower-detector plane

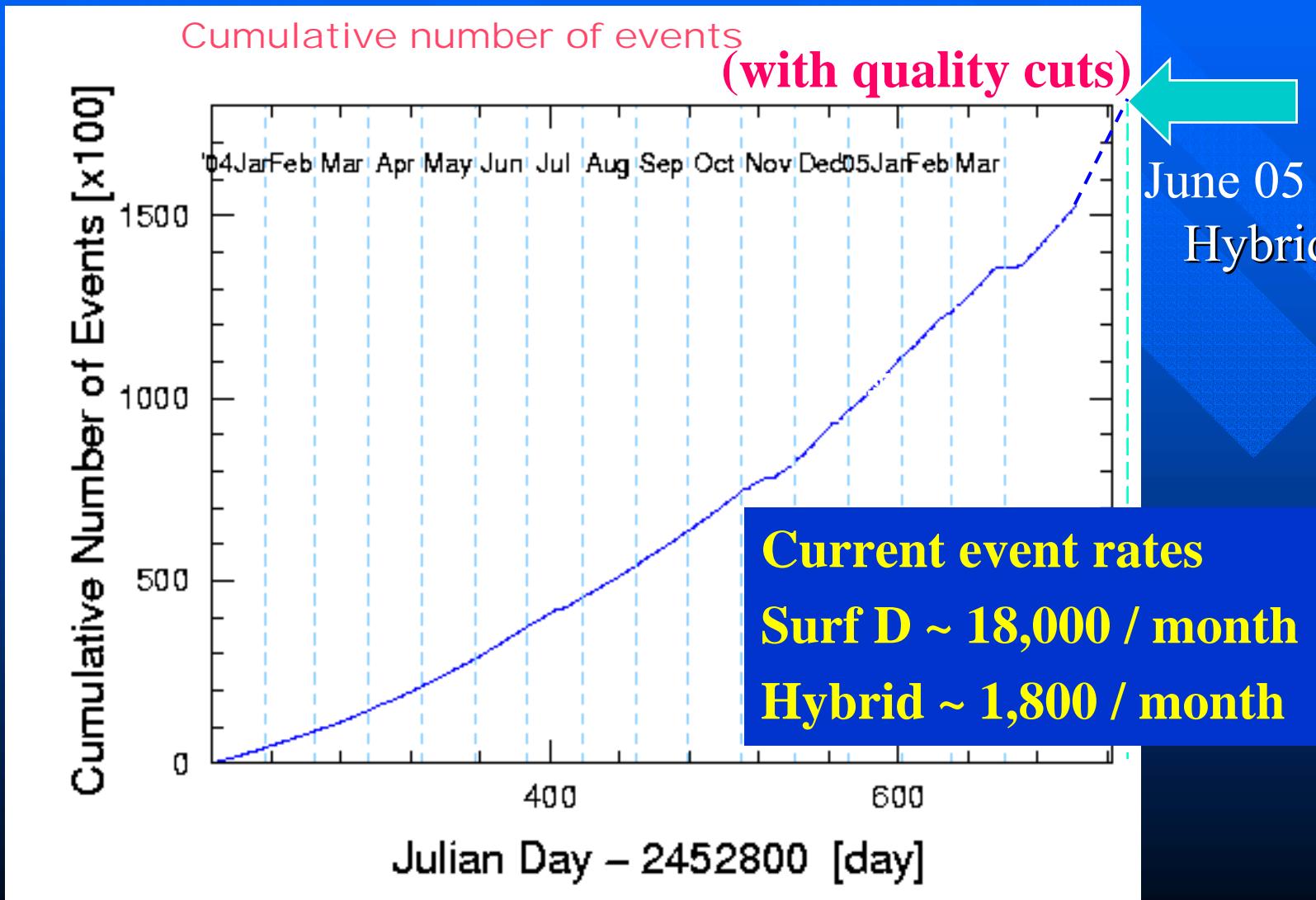
Hybrid at work: Improve $\theta \phi$ reconstruction using SD

Improved geometric reconstruction
Extra points accurately positioned
degeneracy is completely broken



The First Data Set (29 ICRC Pune)

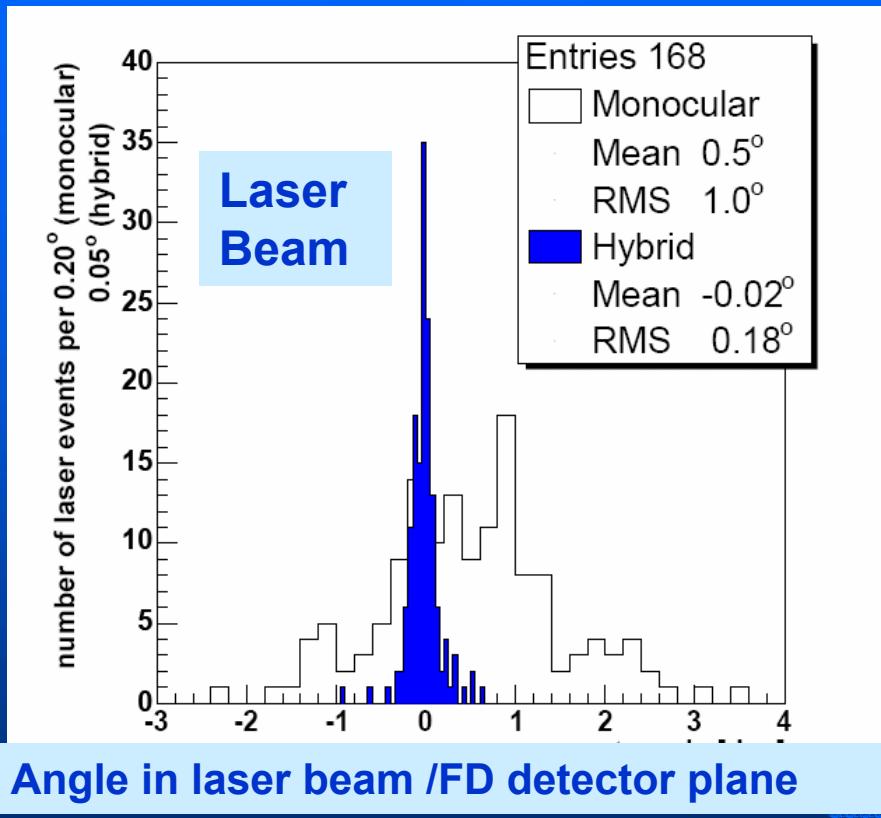
θ [0°,60°] 1 Jan 2004 - 5 Jun 2005 Acceptance $\sim 1750 \text{ km}^2 \text{ sr yr}$



Exploit full power of Hybrid

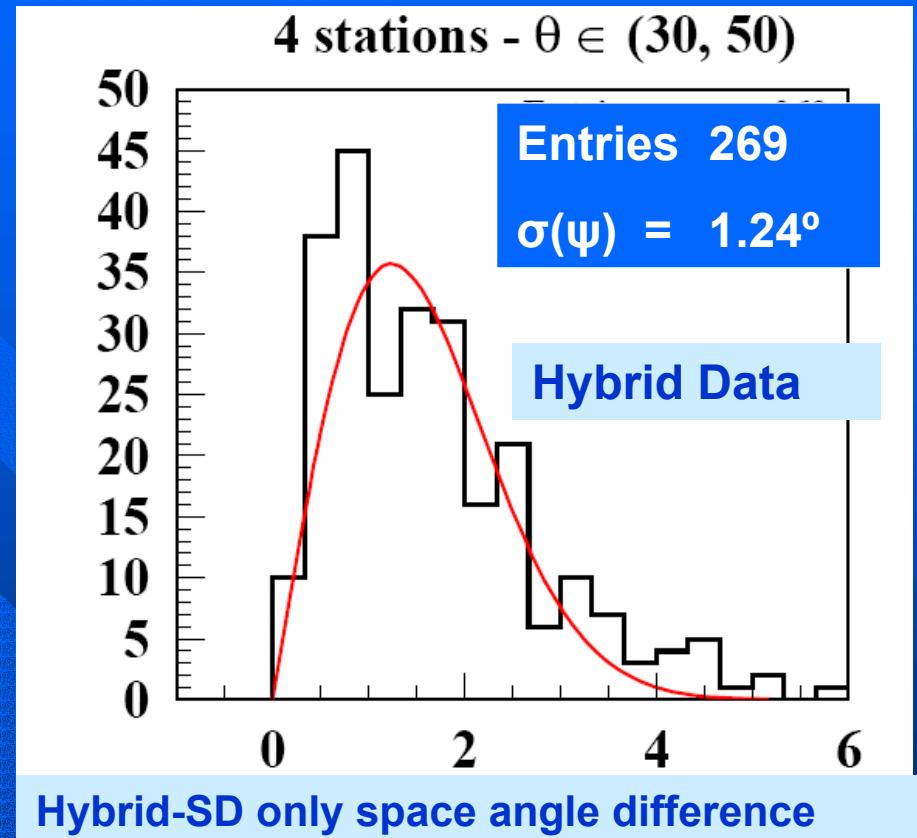
- SD uncertainties from hybrid data
- Spectrum: Constant intensity method
- Energy calibration from hybrid
- Use hybrid for composition studies

Performance: *Angular Resolution*



Hybrid Angular resolution
(68% CL)
0.6 degrees (mean)

E Zas

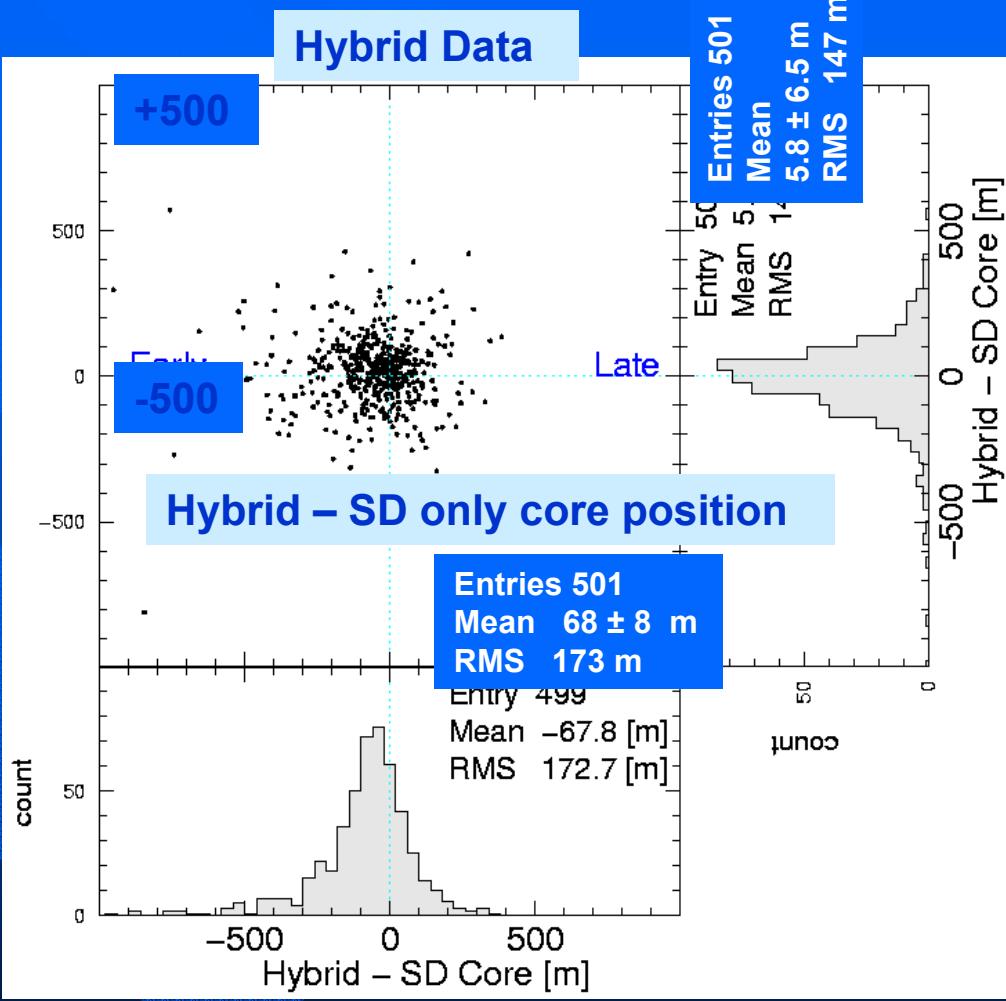
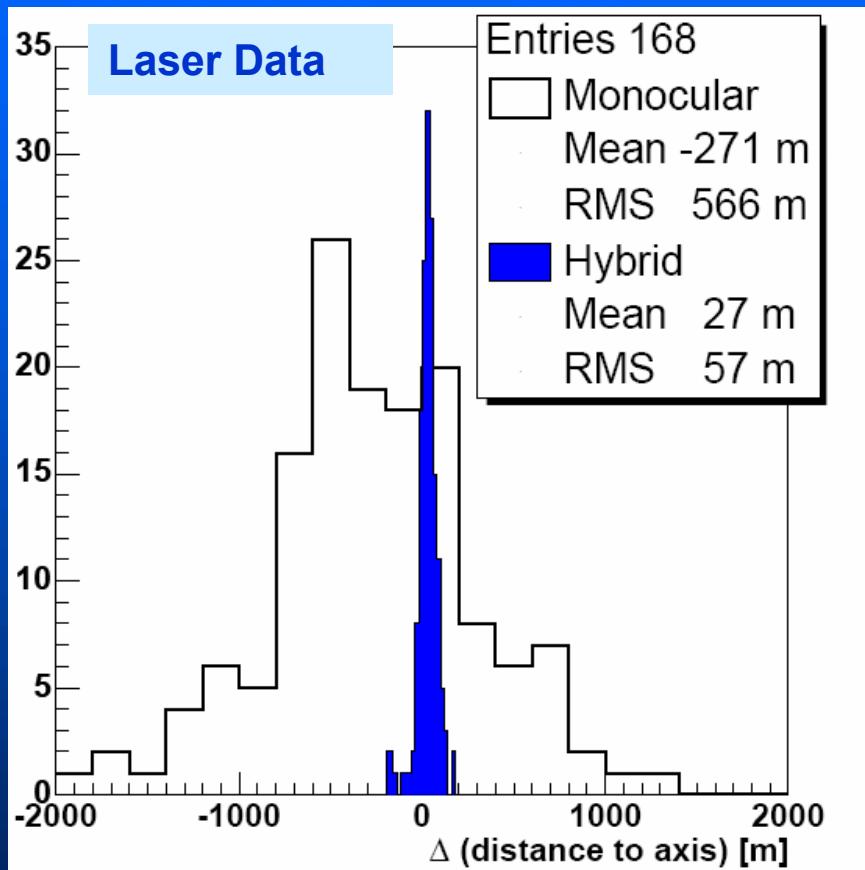


Surface array Angular resolution (68% CL)
 $< 2.2^\circ$ for 3 station events ($E < 3\text{ EeV}$, $\theta < 60^\circ$)
 $< 1.7^\circ$ for 4 station events ($3 < E < 10 \text{ EeV}$)
 $< 1.4^\circ$ for 5 or + station events ($E > 10 \text{ EeV}$)

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Performance: *Resolution of Core Position*

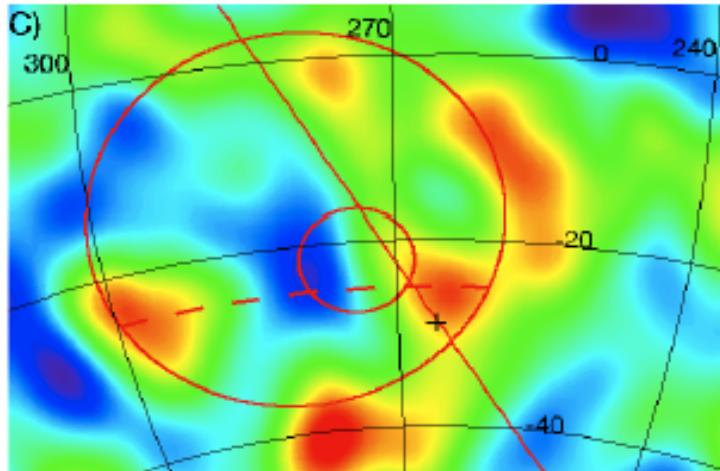
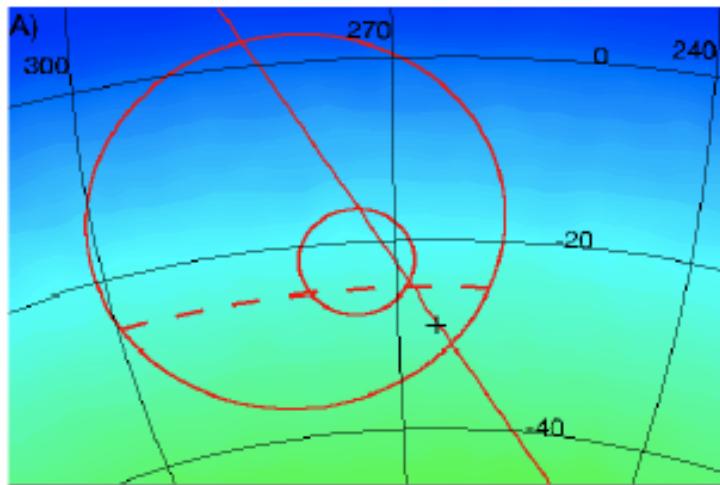


Laser position – Hybrid and FD only (m)

Core position resolution Surface array: ~ 150 m

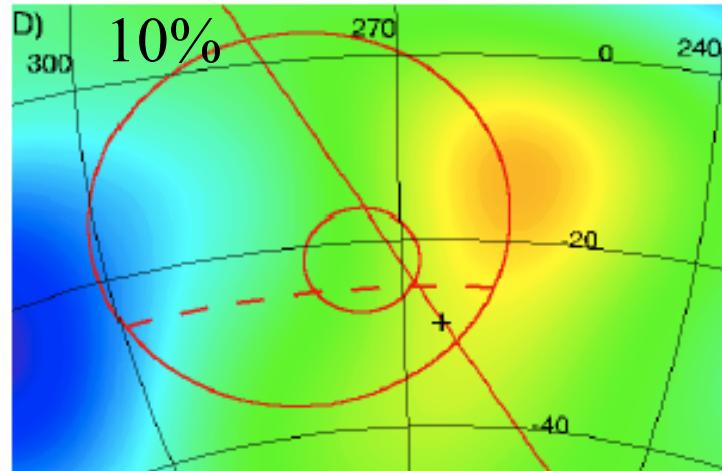
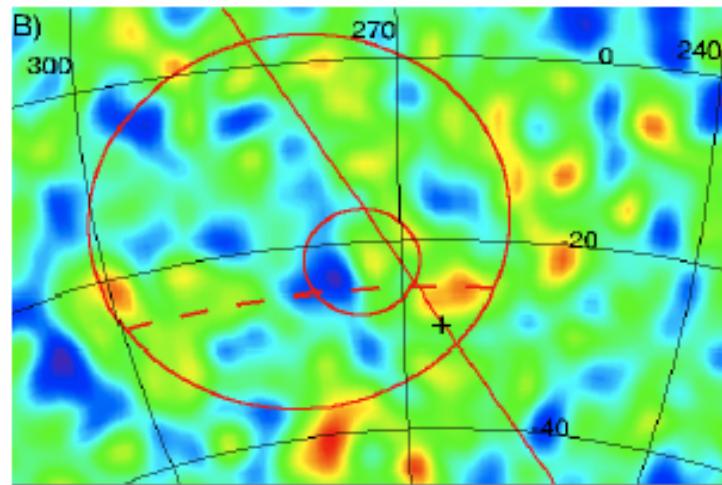
No significant excesses: Galactic Center

Coverage



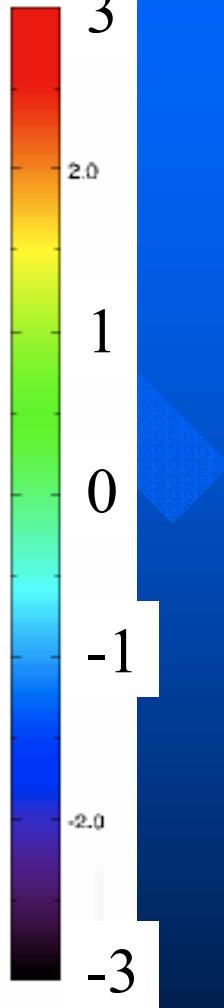
Significance (3.7°)

Significance (1.5°)



Significance (13.3°)

σ excess



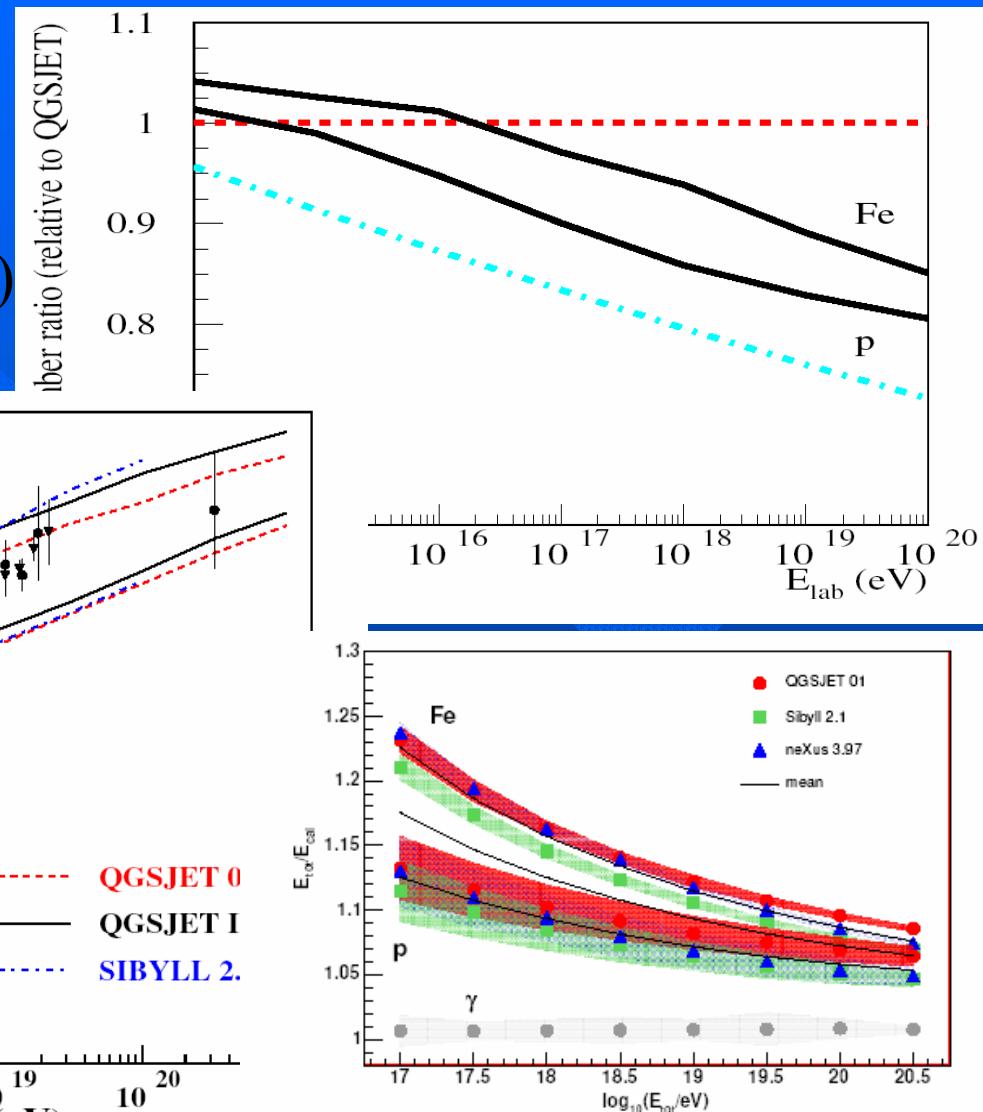
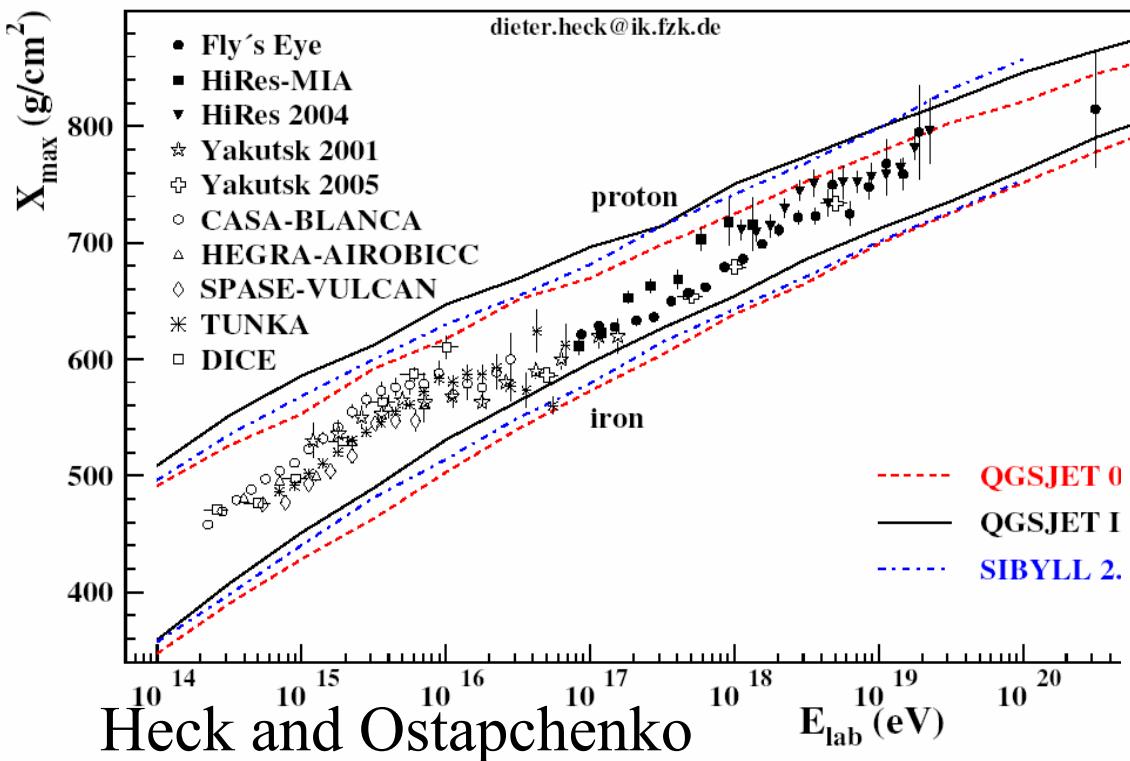
Top hat 20° [1-2.5EeV] AGASA results $\Rightarrow 7.5 \sigma$

Top hat 5° [0.8-3.2EeV] SUGAR results $\Rightarrow 10.5 \sigma$

UHECR studies depend on simulation

- Hadronic Models
- Composition

(Ostapchenko, Pierog, Meurer...)

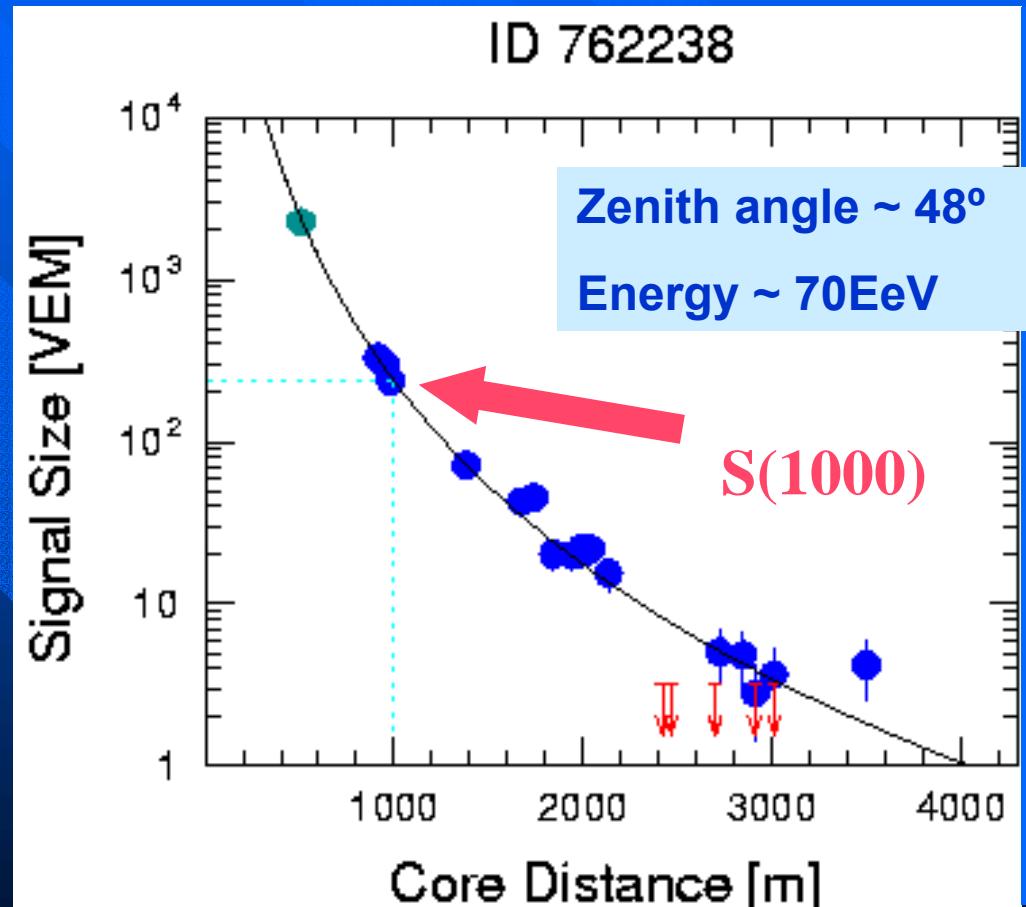


But AUGER Energy Determination

*Energy calibrated by fluorescence:
No reliance on interaction models
nor on composition assumptions.*

Use S(1000) as SD Energy estimator

- for each SD event
- Fit lateral density function
- Read S(1000)
- S(1000) \propto Energy



Energy determination and Spectrum

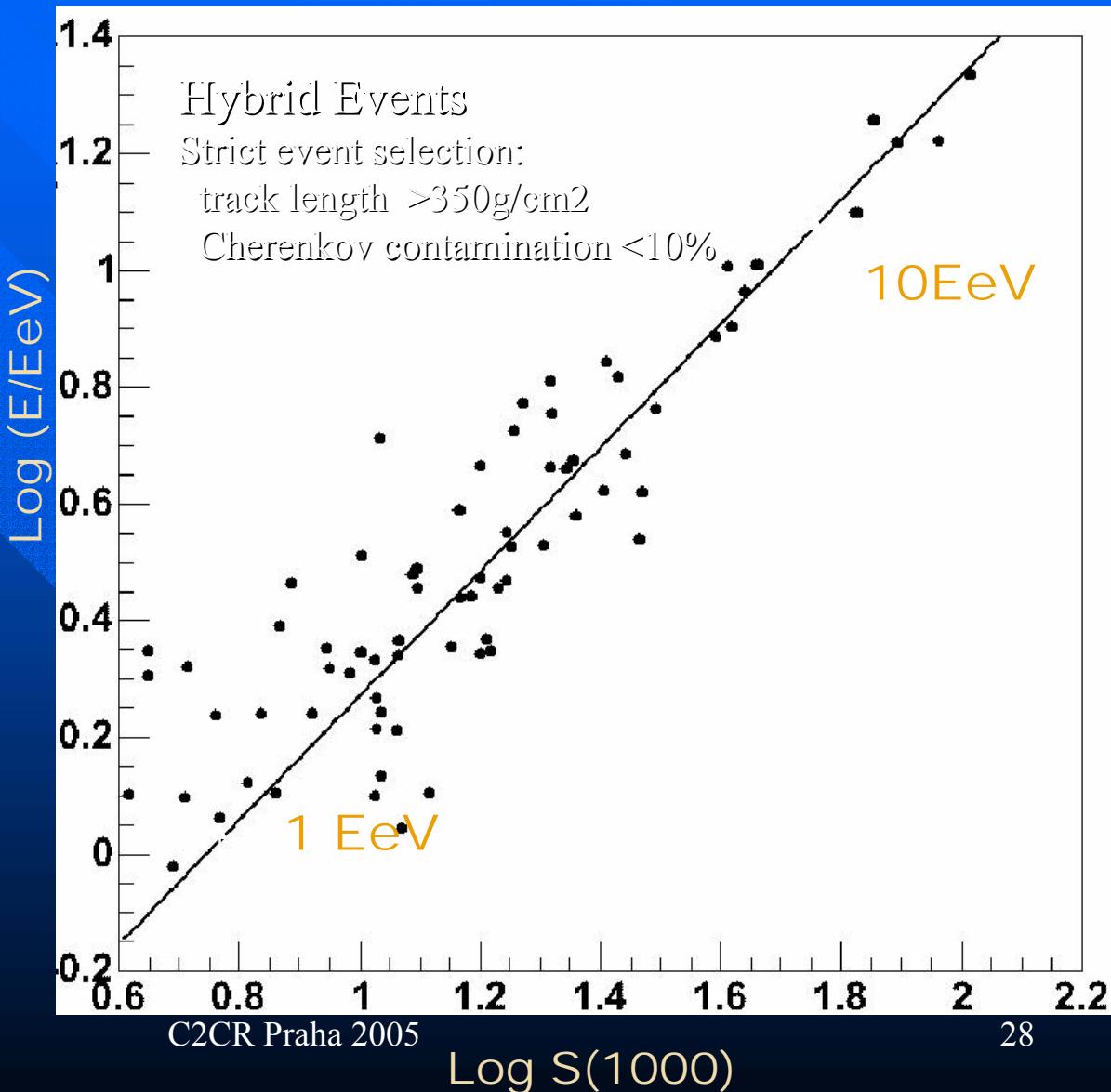
The energy converter:

$S(1000) \propto FD$ Energy

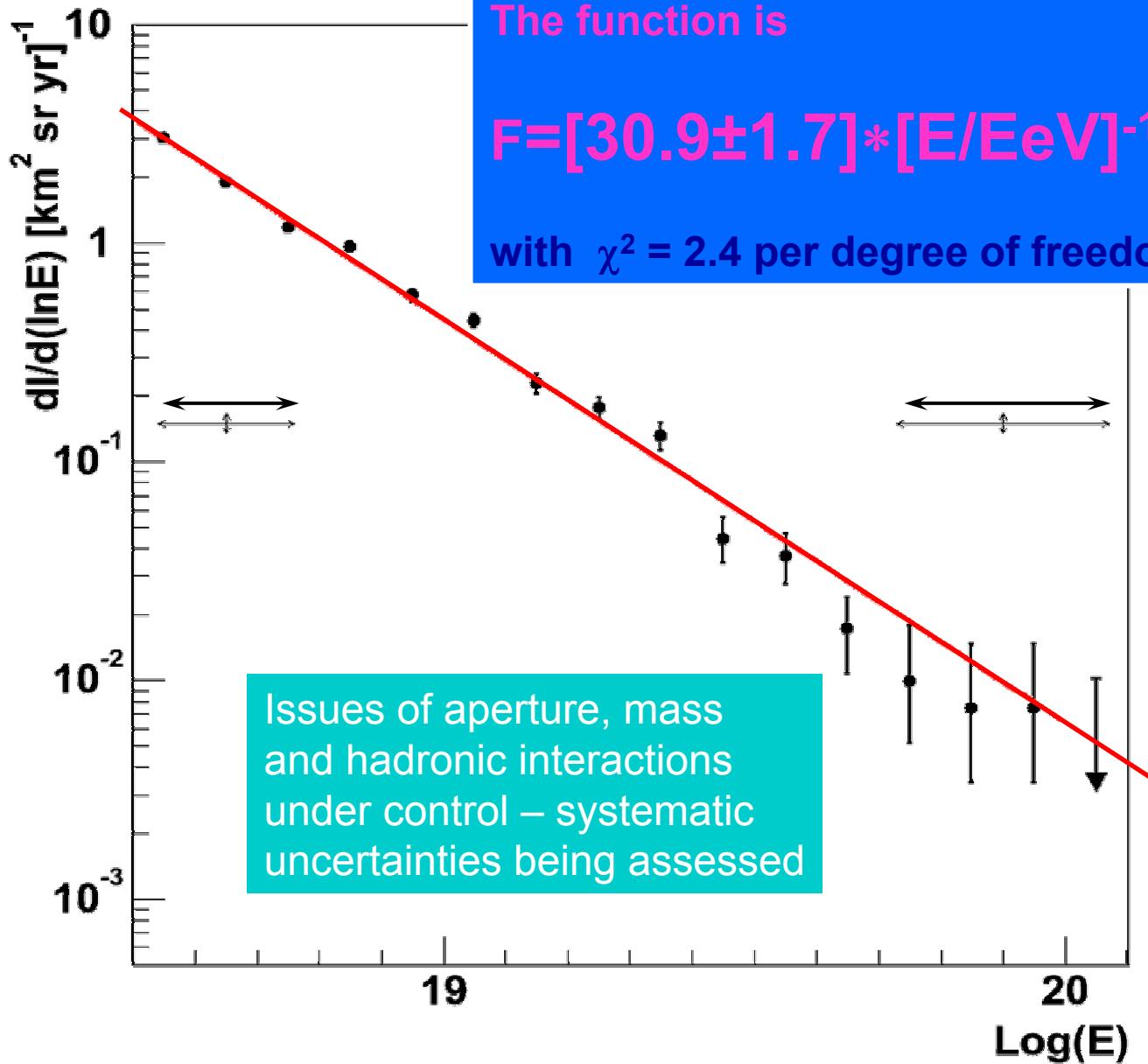
Use for SD events

Uncertainty in scale is
Statistics limited

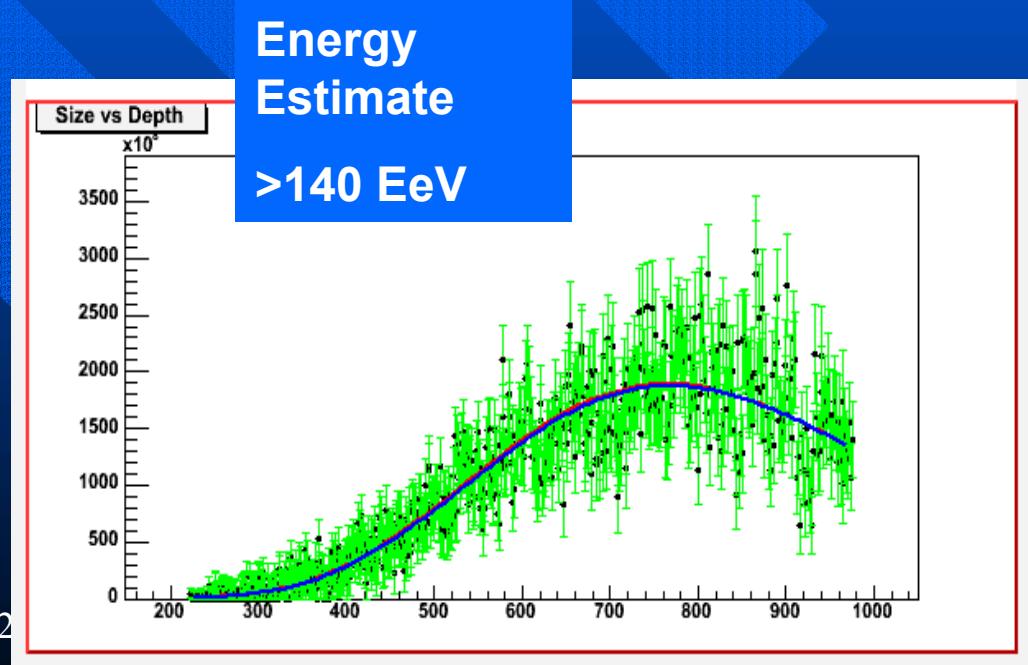
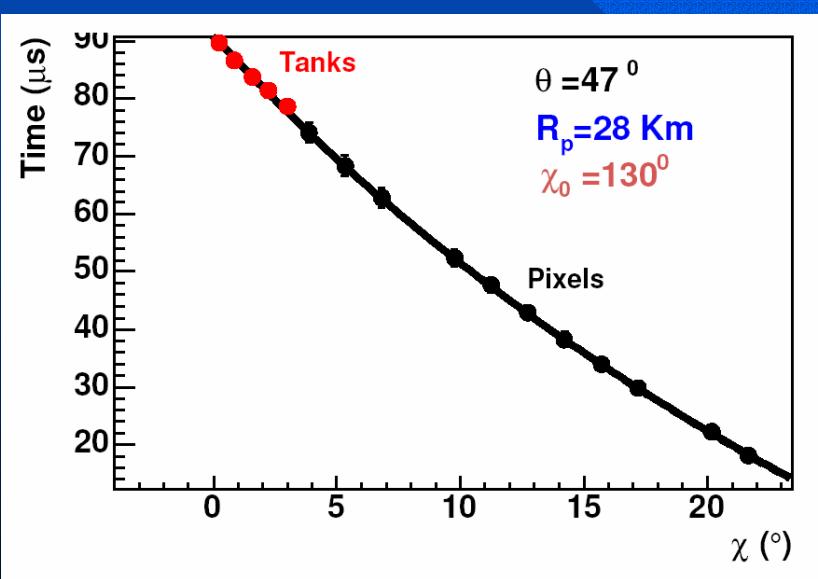
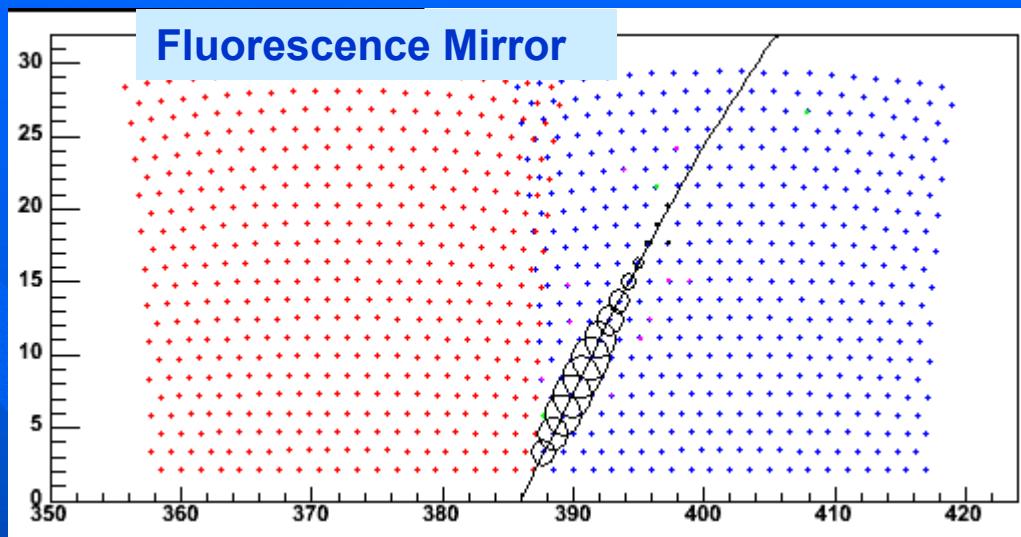
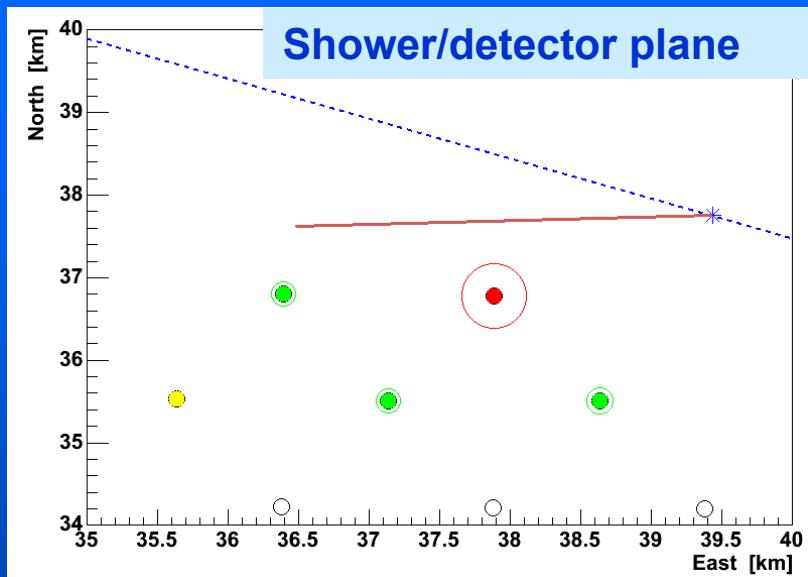
E Zas



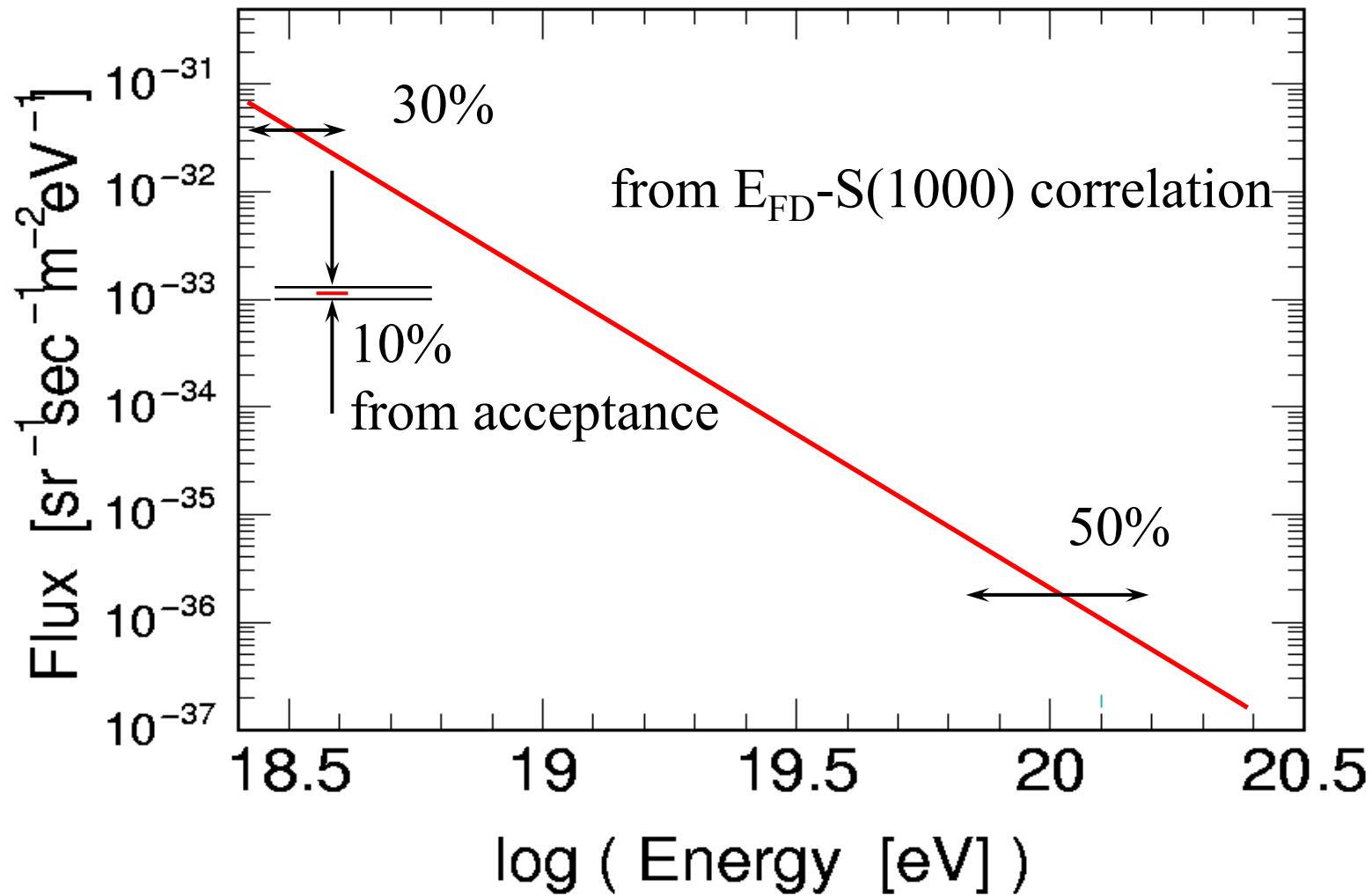
Auger Energy Spectrum



A Big Event - *One that got away!*



Uncertainties



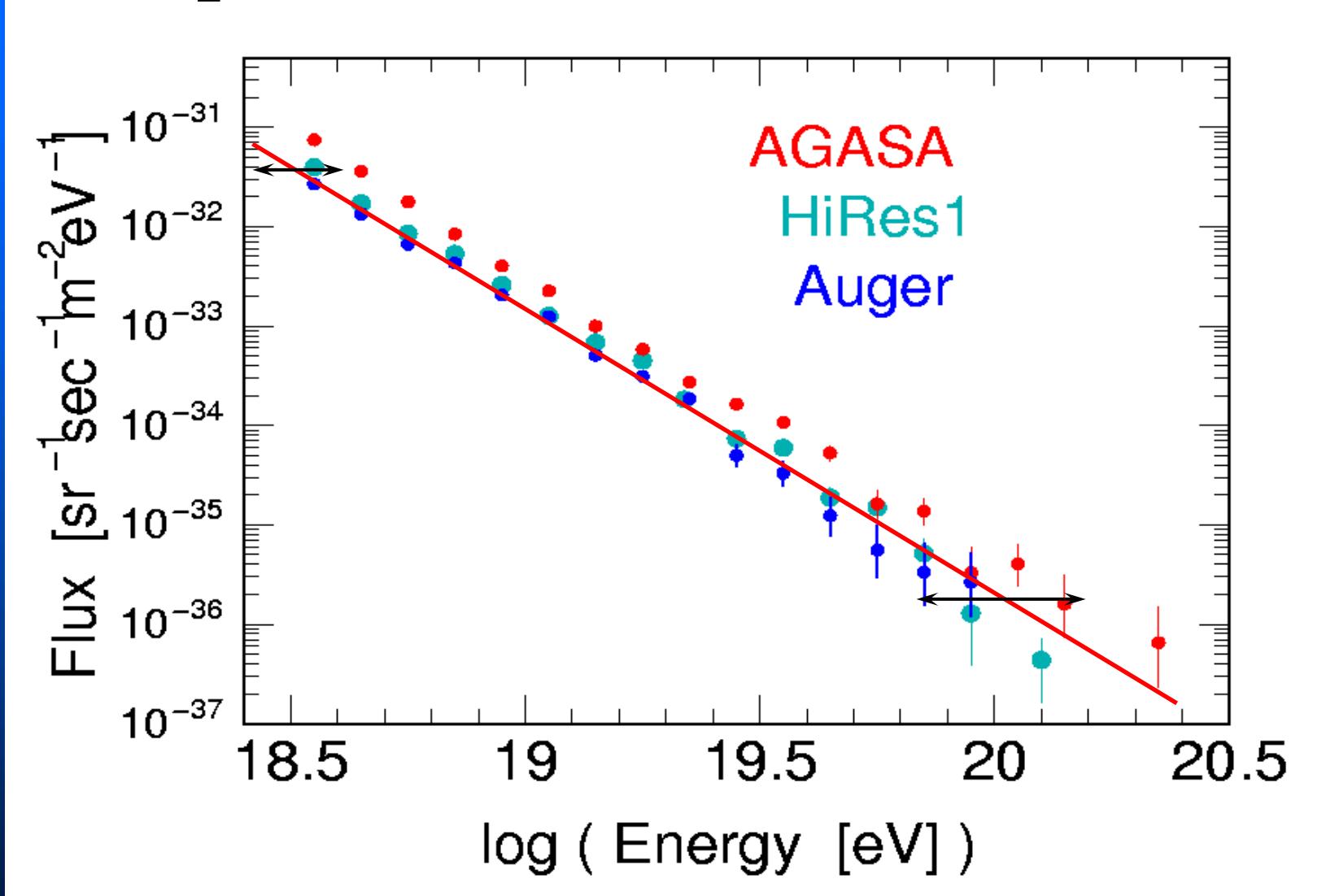
1) M. Takeda *et al.* Astroparticle Physics 19, 447 (2003)

2) R.U. Abbasi *et al.* Phys Lett B (to be published)

E Zas

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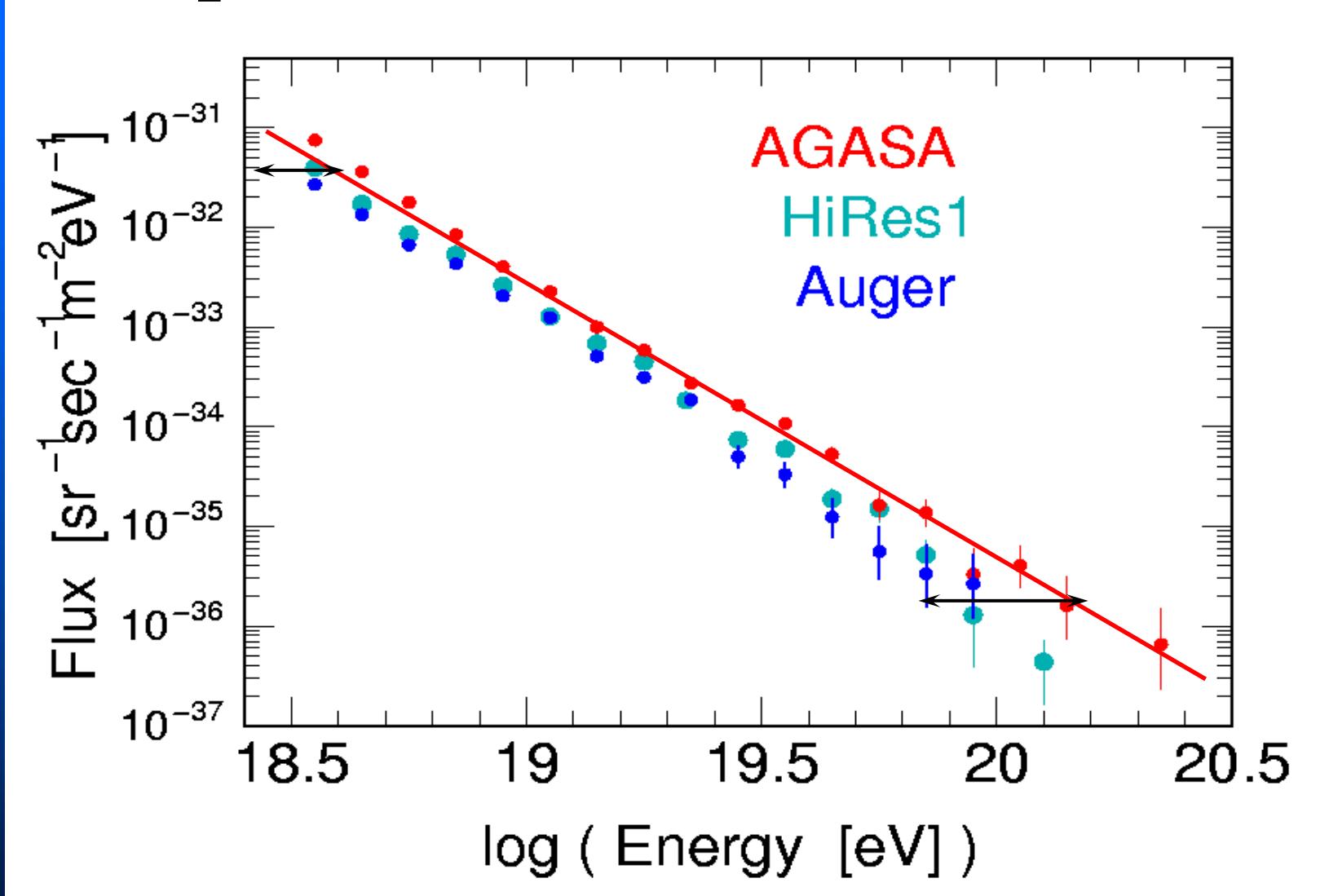
Comparison with HiRes1, AGASA



1) M. Takeda *et al.* Astroparticle Physics 19, 447 (2003)

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Methods of Inferring the Primary Mass

(i) Variation of Depth of Maximum with Energy

Elongation Rate (Linsley 1977, Linsley and Watson 1981)

$$dX_{\max} / d\log E < 2.3 X_0 \text{ g cm}^{-2} / \text{d}E$$

from Heitler mod

(ii) Muon G

from Heitler mod

$$N_\mu(>1 \text{ GeV}) = 2.8A(E/A\varepsilon_\pi)^{0.86} \sim A^{0.14}$$

E Zas

So, more muons in Fe showers

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HADRONIC MODELS REQUIRED
FOR INTERPRETATION

Summary:

- Over 50% of the Auger detector is taking data
- Integrated acceptance obtained similar to AGASA
- Auger has measured a spectrum quasi-independent of composition and simulations
- Much redundancy and improvement is expected with more hybrid data and more SD statistics, will be obtained soon
- But composition studies will rely heavily on simulation