

# TOTEM

## Experiment & Physics Results

*Scientific Symposium 20<sup>th</sup> Rep.Czech - CERN  
Academy of Sciences, Prague 26 October 2012*

S.Giani

CERN – CH

*[on behalf of the TOTEM collaboration]*

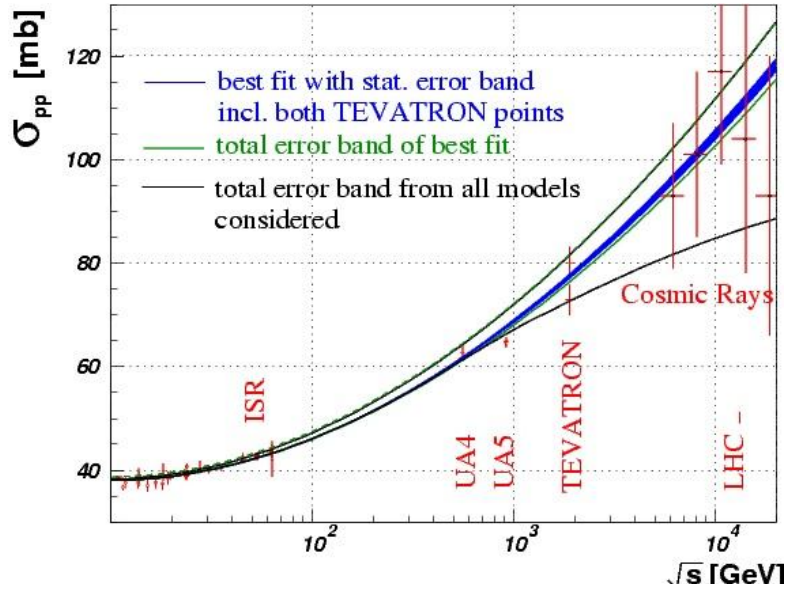
# Outlook

- TOTEM Experiment
- LHC Special Runs and TOTEM Data
- PP Elastic Scattering Differential Cross-Section
- Total, Elastic, Inelastic Cross-Sections @  $\sqrt{s} = 7-8$  TeV
- Perspectives on Forward and Diffractive Physics

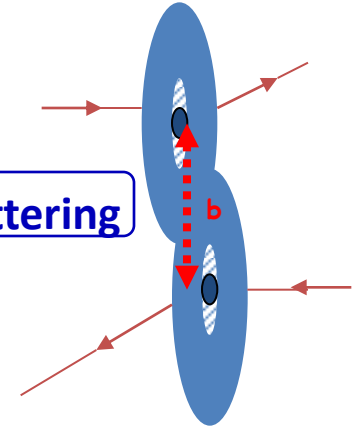
# TOTEM EXPERIMENT

# TOTEM Physics Overview

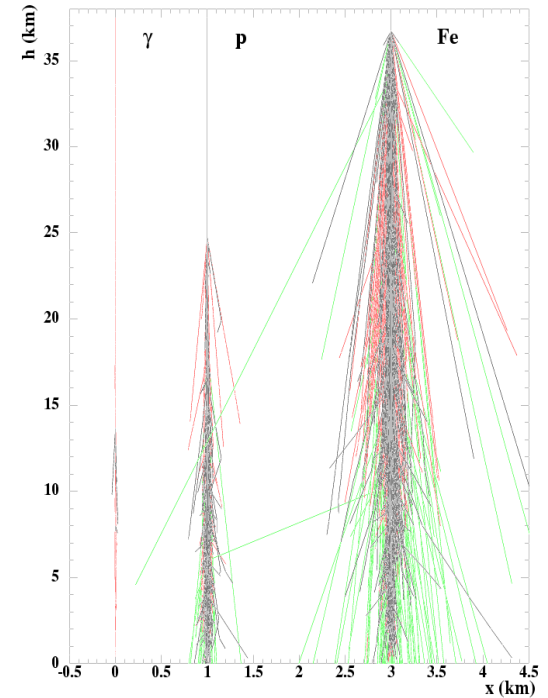
## Total cross-section



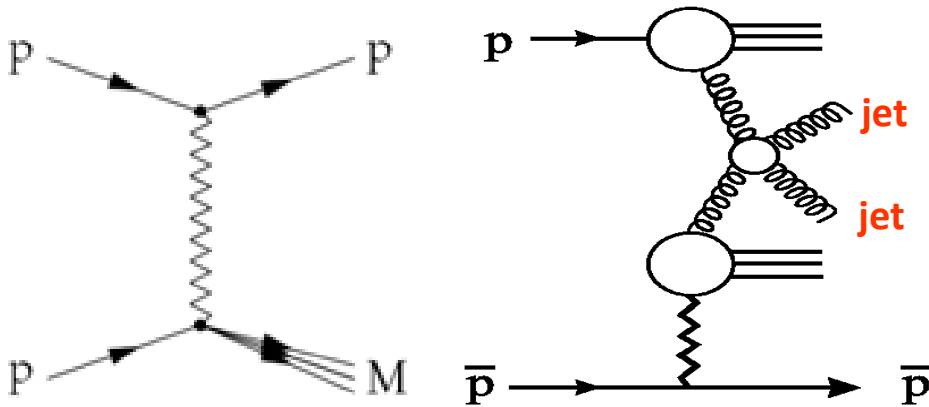
## Elastic Scattering



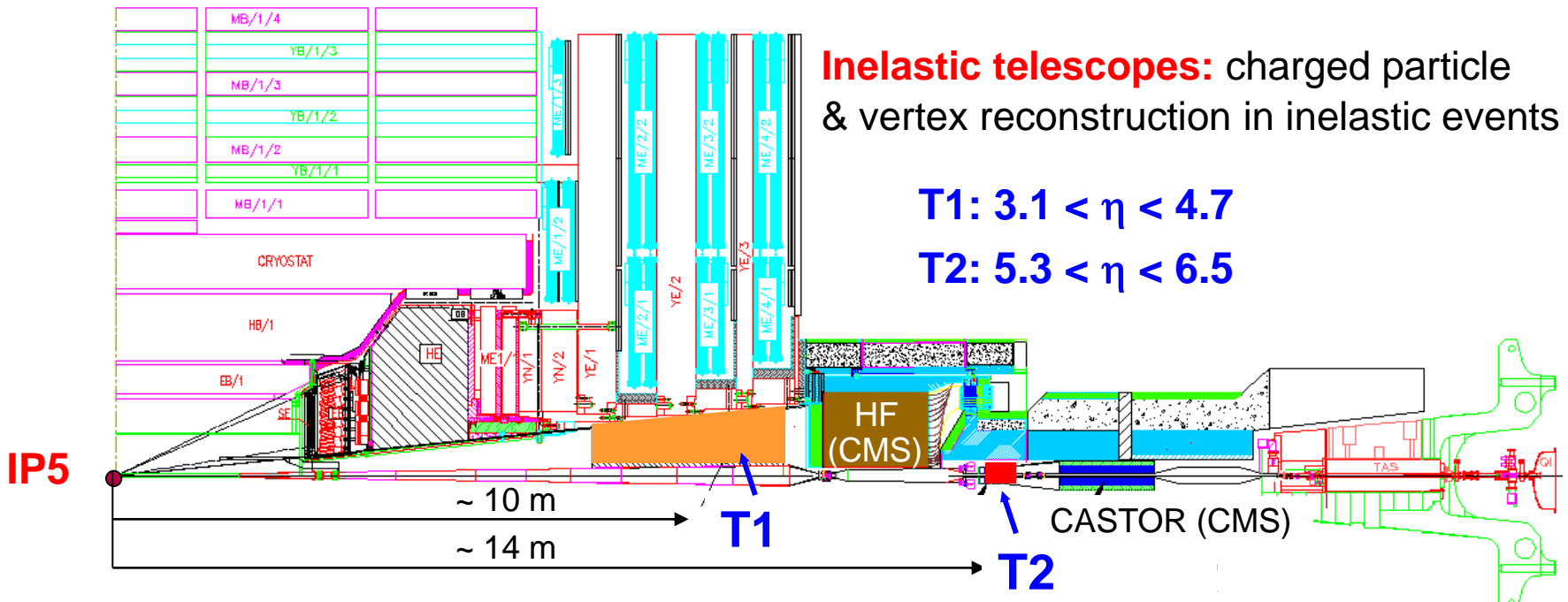
## Forward physics



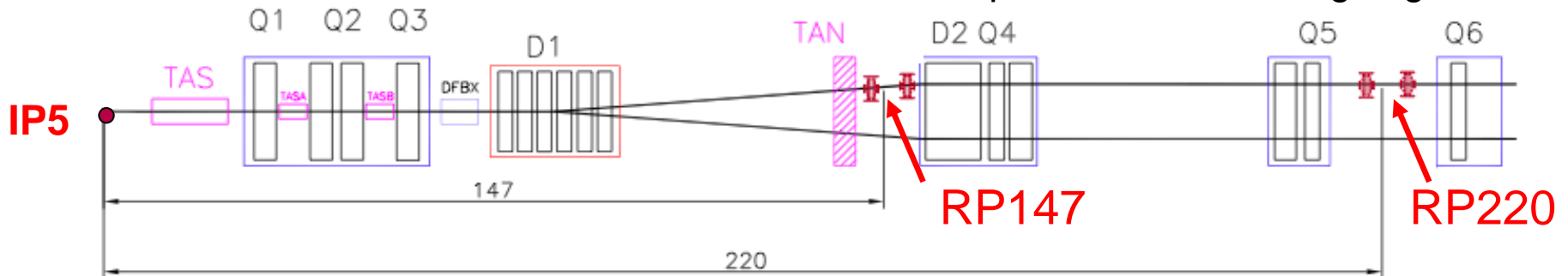
## Diffraction: soft (and hard with CMS)

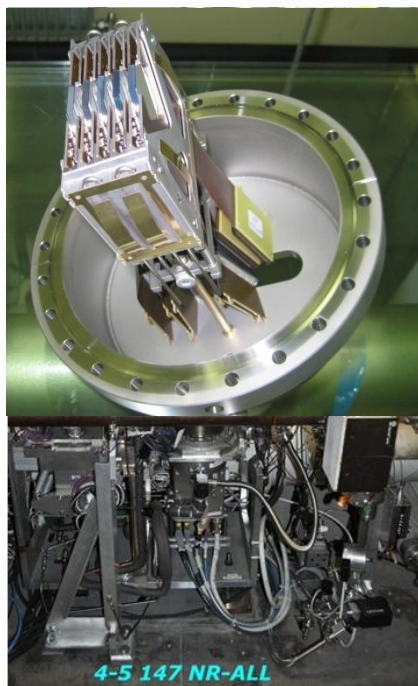
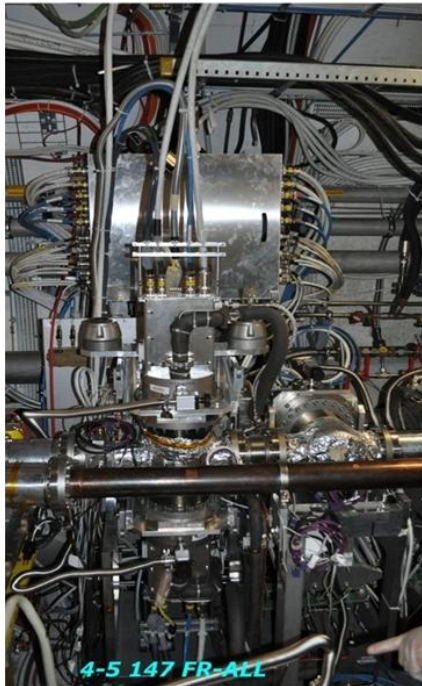
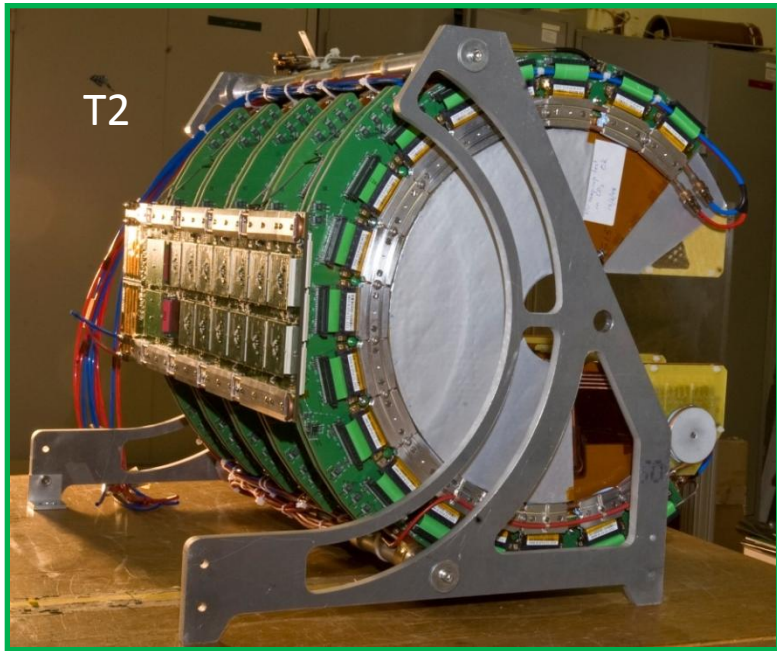


# Experimental Setup @ IP5



**Roman Pots:** measure elastic & diffractive protons close to outgoing beam





# Detectors

- T1 and T2 detectors are installed and fully operational
- Roman Pot Silicon detectors are fully operational

Prague's contributions on RP mechanics, cooling, electronics

# TOTEM Collaboration

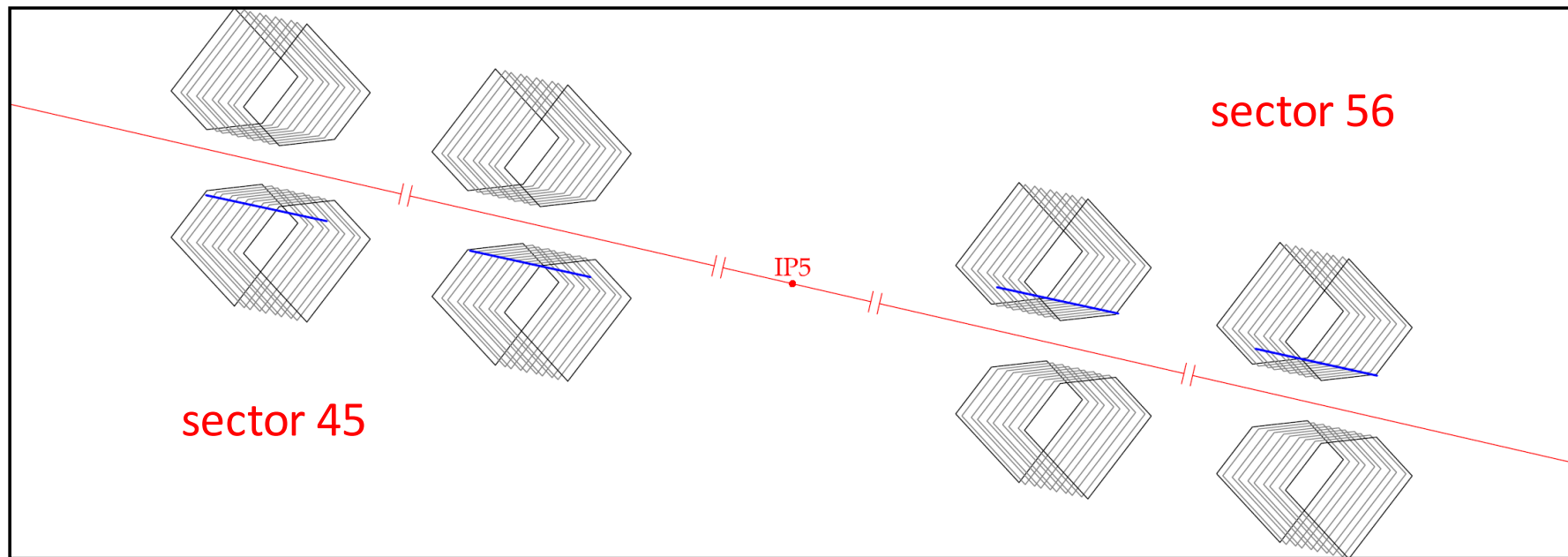
- **Countries: 7**
- **Institutes: 15**
- **Collaborators: ~ 100**
- **Authors: ~ 80**
- **Construction: ~ 7 MCHF**

LHC SPECIAL RUNS  
AND  
TOTEM DATA



# 2010 Data from Runs with RPs at $25\sigma$ ( $1.5\text{nb}^{-1}$ )

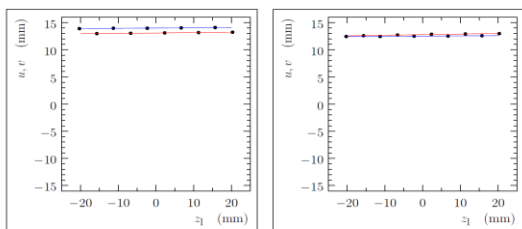
## First p-p Elastic Scattering Event Candidates [LPCC July 2010]



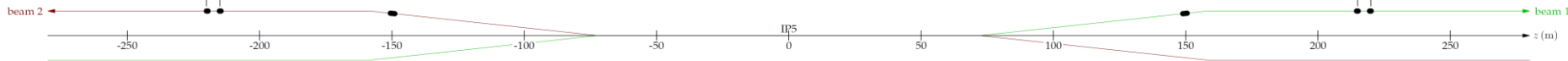
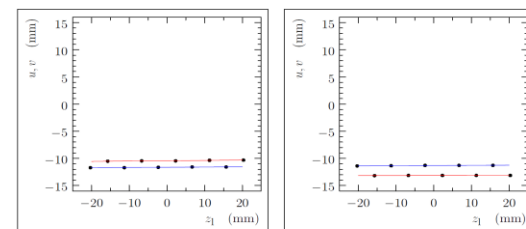
Event scanning and constraining analysis procedure

sector 45

sector 56



$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$   
 $\beta^* = 3.5 \text{ m}$



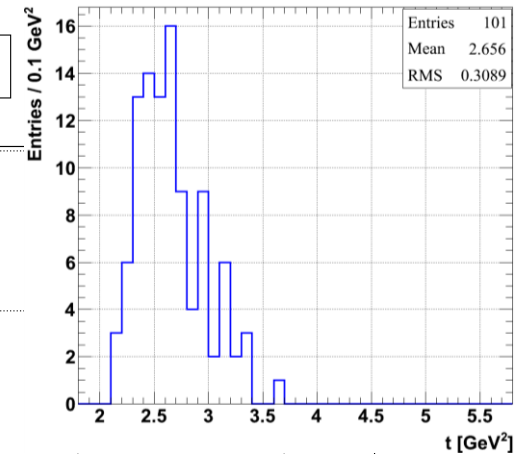
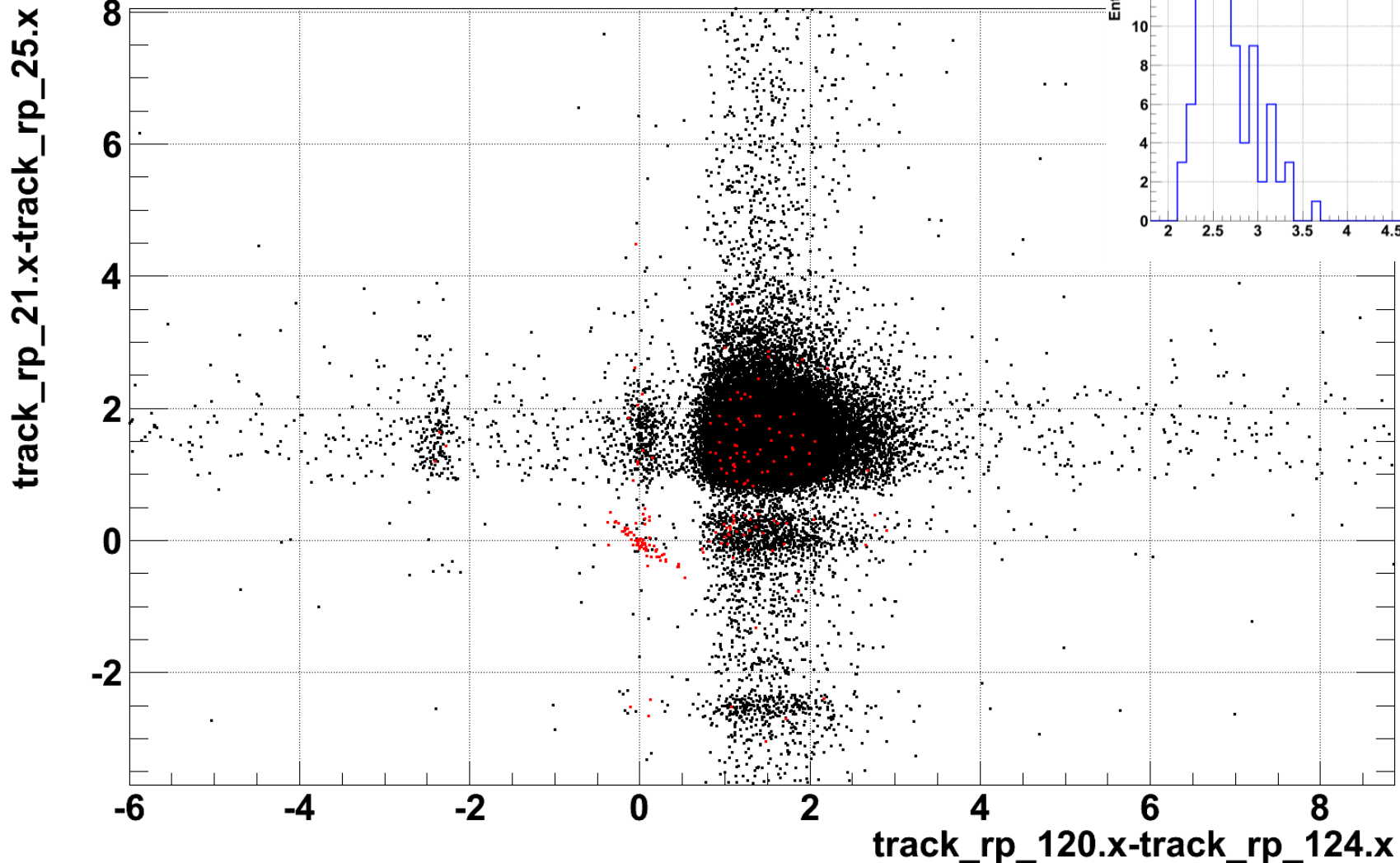
2010 Data from Runs with RPs at  $20\sigma$  (total  $185\text{nb}^{-1}$ )

$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$   
 $\beta^* = 3.5 \text{ m}$

Large-t p-p Elastic Scattering 100 Events ( $80\text{nb}^{-1}$ )

[LHCC Sep 2010]

track\_rp\_21.x-track\_rp\_25.x:track\_rp\_120.x-track\_rp\_124.x {track\_rp\_21.valid && track\_rp\_25.valid && track\_rp\_120.valid && track\_rp\_124.valid}



# Runs & Data Statistics 2010-2011

Date	Detector configuration	$\beta^*$ [m]	$\int L dt$ [nb <sup>-1</sup> ]	Analysis
Oct 2010	RP at 7 $\sigma$ ; T2 in readout	3.5	6.8	Elastic scattering 0.36 <  t  < 2.5 GeV <sup>2</sup>
Sep/Oct 2010	RP at 18 $\sigma$	3.5	2300	Elastic scattering - large  t  (in progress)
May 2011	RP at 5 $\sigma$ ; T1, T2 in readout	1.5	0.72	Alignment of 220m pots
June 2011	RP at 10 $\sigma$ ; T1, T2 in readout	90	0.0017	Total cross section + elastic scattering 0.02 <  t  < 0.33 GeV <sup>2</sup>
Aug/Sep 2011	RP at 5 $\sigma$ ; T1, T2 in readout	90	beam lost	Alignment of RPs
18. Oct 2011	RP at 5 $\sigma$ ; T1, T2 in readout	90		Several hours of data taking;

RP position (V) [sigma]	trigger schema	trigger on bunch	Run time [min]	Events	Integ. Lumi [ub <sup>-1</sup> ]
6.5	RP_all_OR + T2 + BX	1950,2000,2050 2100, 2200, 2300	64.9	2.4E+6	1.6
6.5	RP_V_and + T2 + BX	all	13.4	5.8E+5	5.2
6.5	RP_all_and + T2 + BX	all	217.5	9.3E+6	77
5.5	RP_all_and + T2 + BX	all	50.7	1.9E+6	16
4.8	RP_all_and + T2 + BX	all	16.4	6.2E+5	4.9
		sum	363	1.5E+7	104

# A special run: 1<sup>st</sup> run with the $\beta^* = 90$ m optics and RP insertion

June 2011



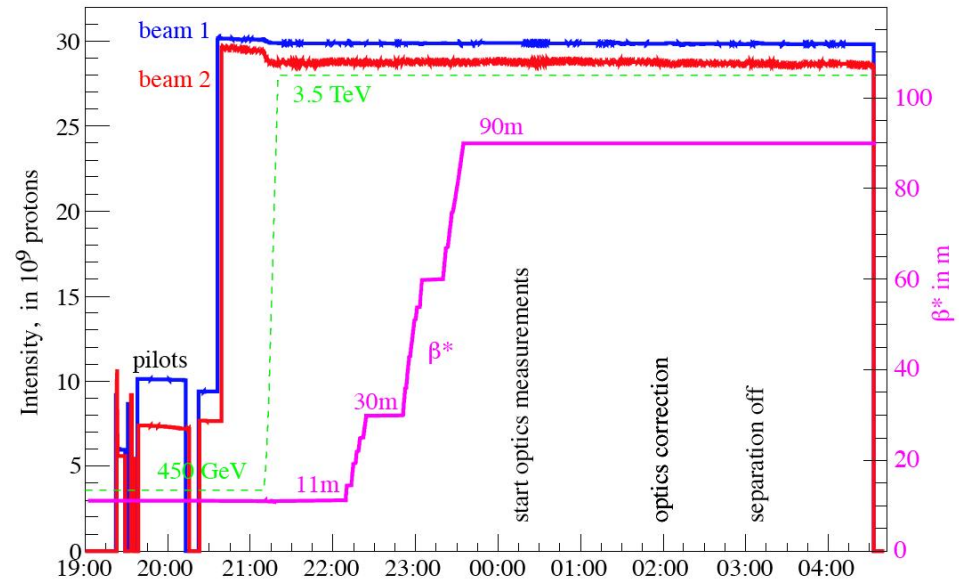
Evolution with time : intensity, energy,  $\beta^*$



scheduled : 28/06/2011, beam for 90m from 20:00 - 04:00 Fill 1902

Un-squeeze from injection optics  
 $\beta^* = 11$ m to 90m  
[Helmut Burkhardt, Andre Verdier]  
Request of TOTEM (2005)

Very robust optics with high precision



Fill 1902 Beam process SQUEEZE\_Highbeta-90M\_3.5TeV\_IP1\_IP5\_LONG

- Two bunches with 1 and 2 x  $10^{10}$  protons / bunch
- Instantaneous luminosity:  $8 \times 10^{26} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Integrated luminosity:  $1.7 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$
- **Estimated pile-up:  $\sim 0.5\%$**
- Vertical Roman Pots at  $10 \sigma$  from beam center
- Trigger rate :  $\sim 50$  Hz
- Recorded events in vertical Roman Pots: 66950

At the end of machine development  
0.5 hours data taking by TOTEM

# Runs & Data 2012

Joint data-taking TOTEM-CMS @  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

Special optics  $\beta^* 90\text{m}$  (July 2012) :  $\sim 100$  bunches

Bi-directional exchange of triggers (via new TOTEM electrical trigger)

TOTEM triggers on RP pp coincidences  $\gg \gg$  full CMS readout

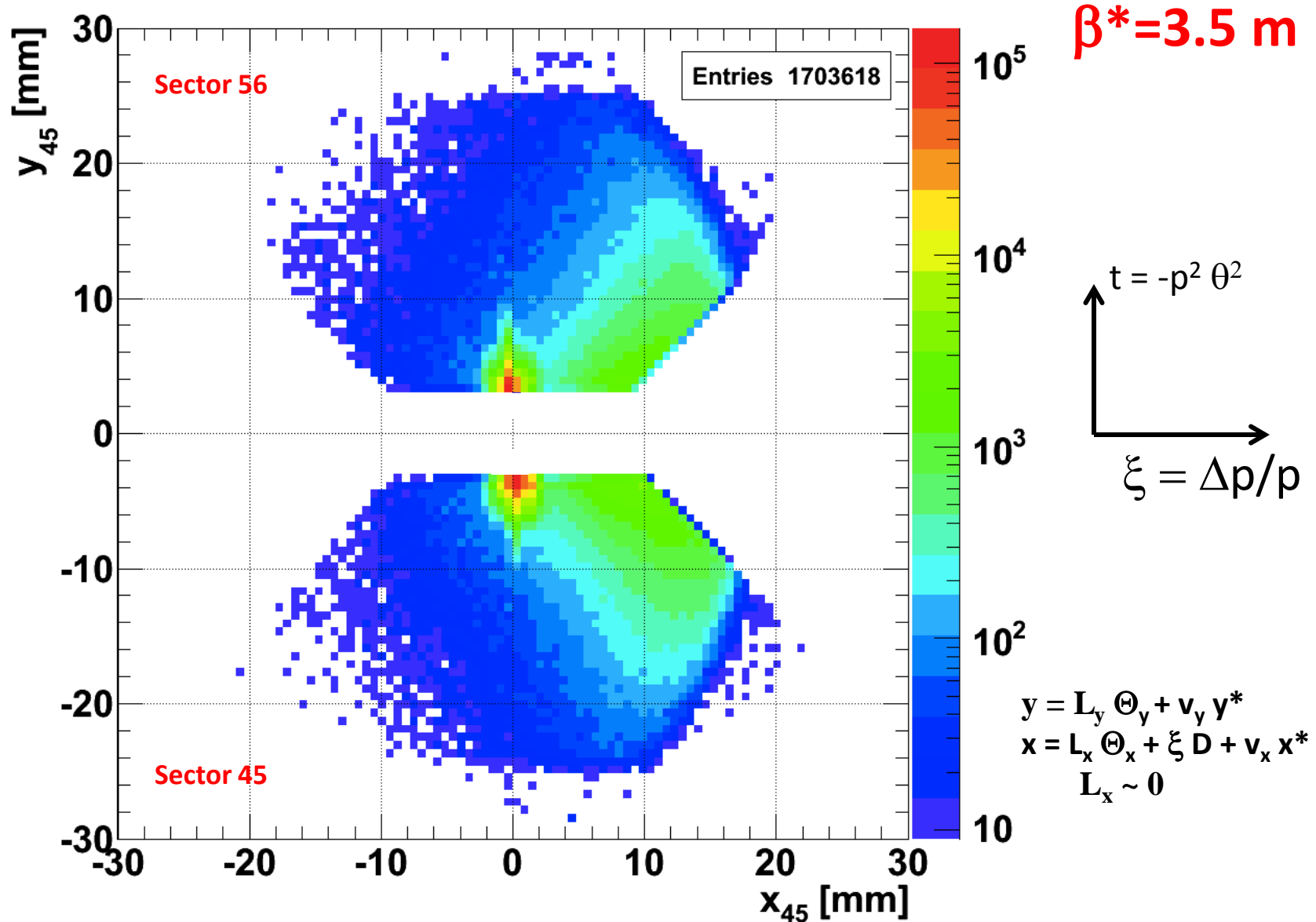
CMS triggers on di-jets  $\gg \gg$  TOTEM RPs readout for protons signature

**$\sim 25 \text{ M}$  events**

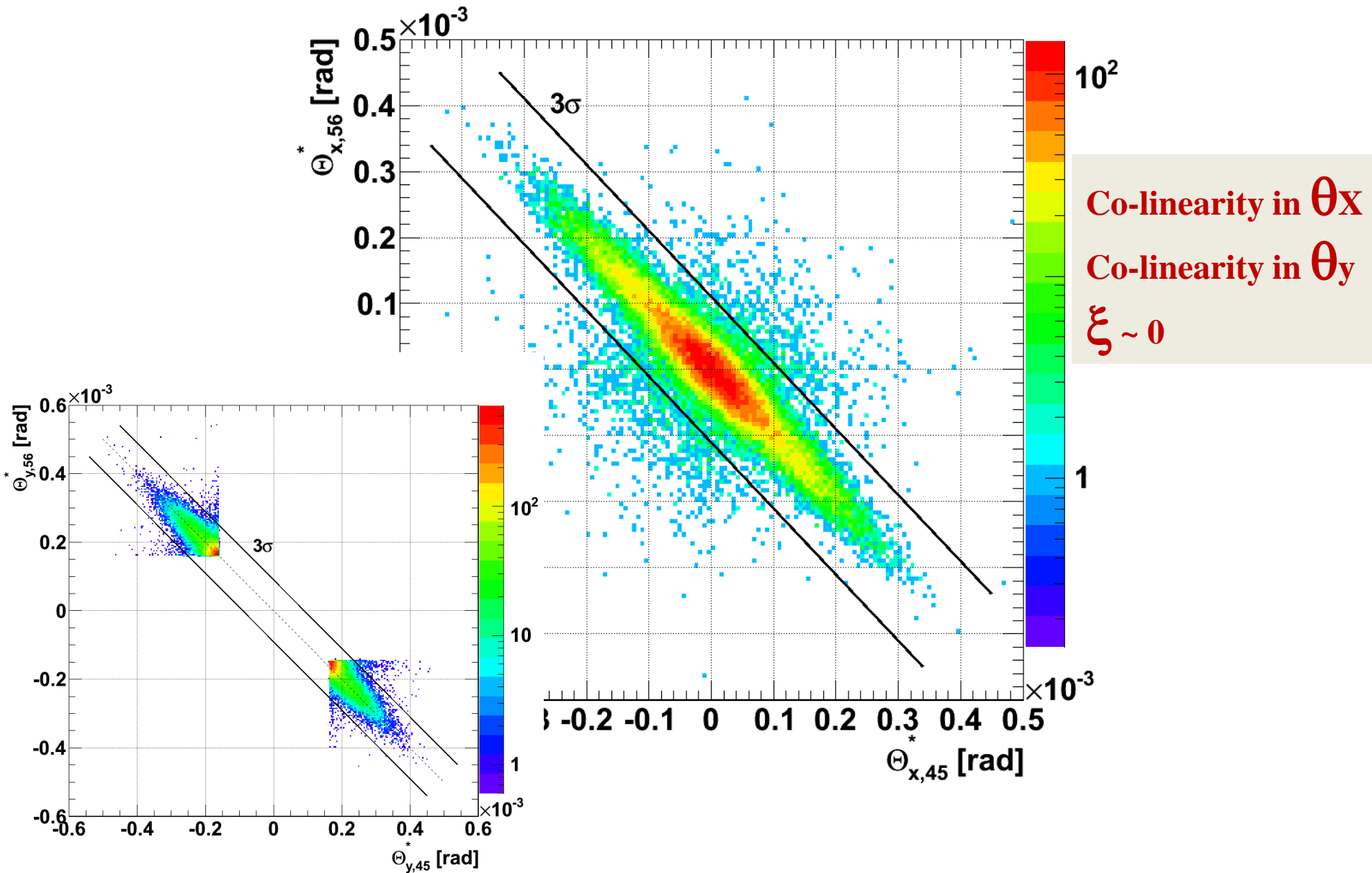
[Follow-up with new  $\beta^* = 1\text{km}$  optics and pPb ions runs]

# PP ELASTIC SCATTERING DIFFERENTIAL CROSS-SECTION

# “Raw Data” Oct’10 – Vertical RPs@ $7\sigma$



# Tagging Elastic Scattering





# Analysis

Prague's group strong involvement and contributions

**Alignment**

**Normalization** (luminosity, trigger, daq)

**Efficiency** (detector and tracking)

**Acceptance** (geometry and beam)

**Background subtraction**

**Resolution unfolding**

# Optics

## 56    dLx/ds    Ly [m]    ROT [mrad]

RP215	-0.311962	22.1464676	0.0432331
RP220	-0.311962	22.6191755	0.0396463
Δ RP215	-2.84%	+0.78%	
Δ RP220	-2.84%	+0.81%	

## 45    dLx/ds    Ly [m]    ROT [mrad]

RP215	-0.314508	20.3883272	0.0400268
RP220	-0.314508	20.6709463	0.0372828
Δ RP215	-4.51%	+10.19%	
Δ RP220	-4.51%	+10.79%	

Strong correlations between fitted parameters

**Principle Component Analysis (PCA)** should ideally be applied. Anyway results checked with MAD-X.

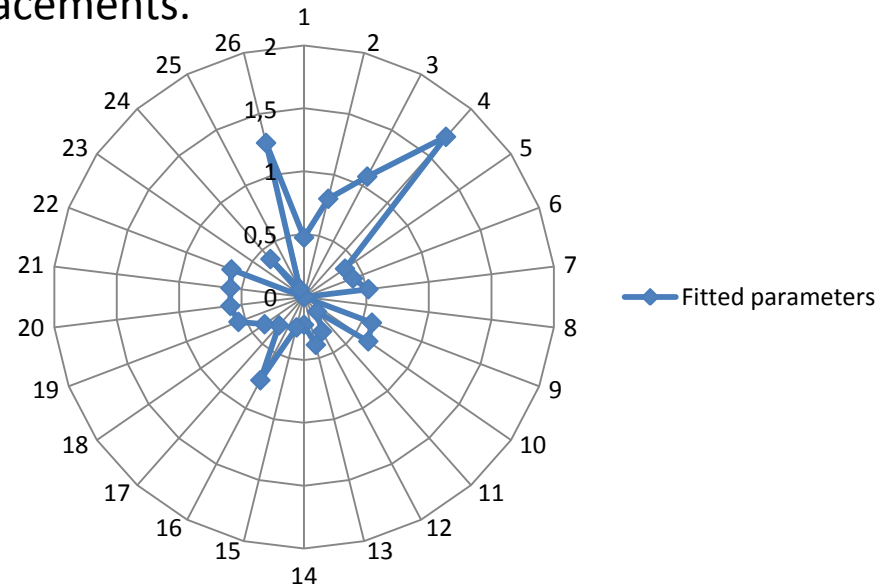
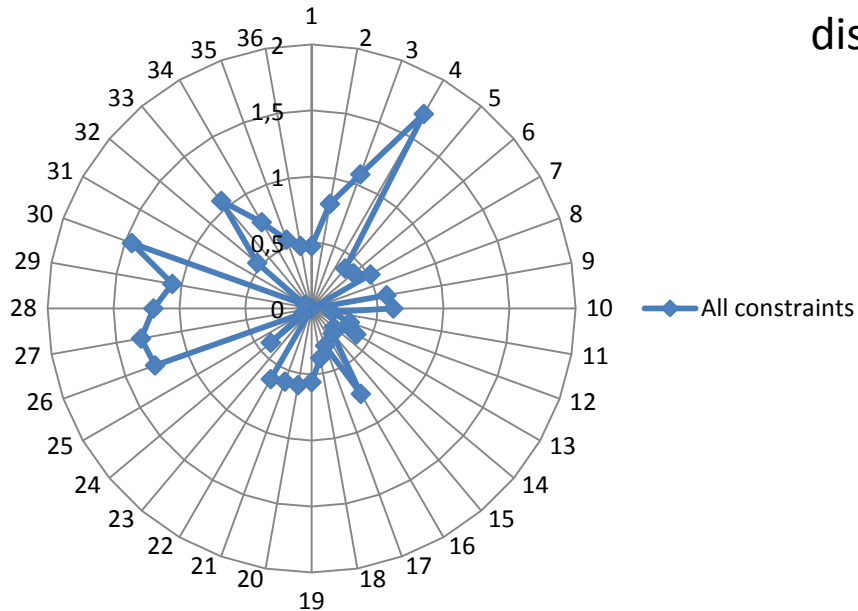
$$\chi^2/\text{NDF} = 25.8/(36-26)=2.6$$

(would be lower if correlations are eliminated)

Mean pull = 0.043

Pull RMS = 0.86

Full nonlinear fitting with harmonics and displacements.



# Systematics

## Analysis Corrections and Systematics

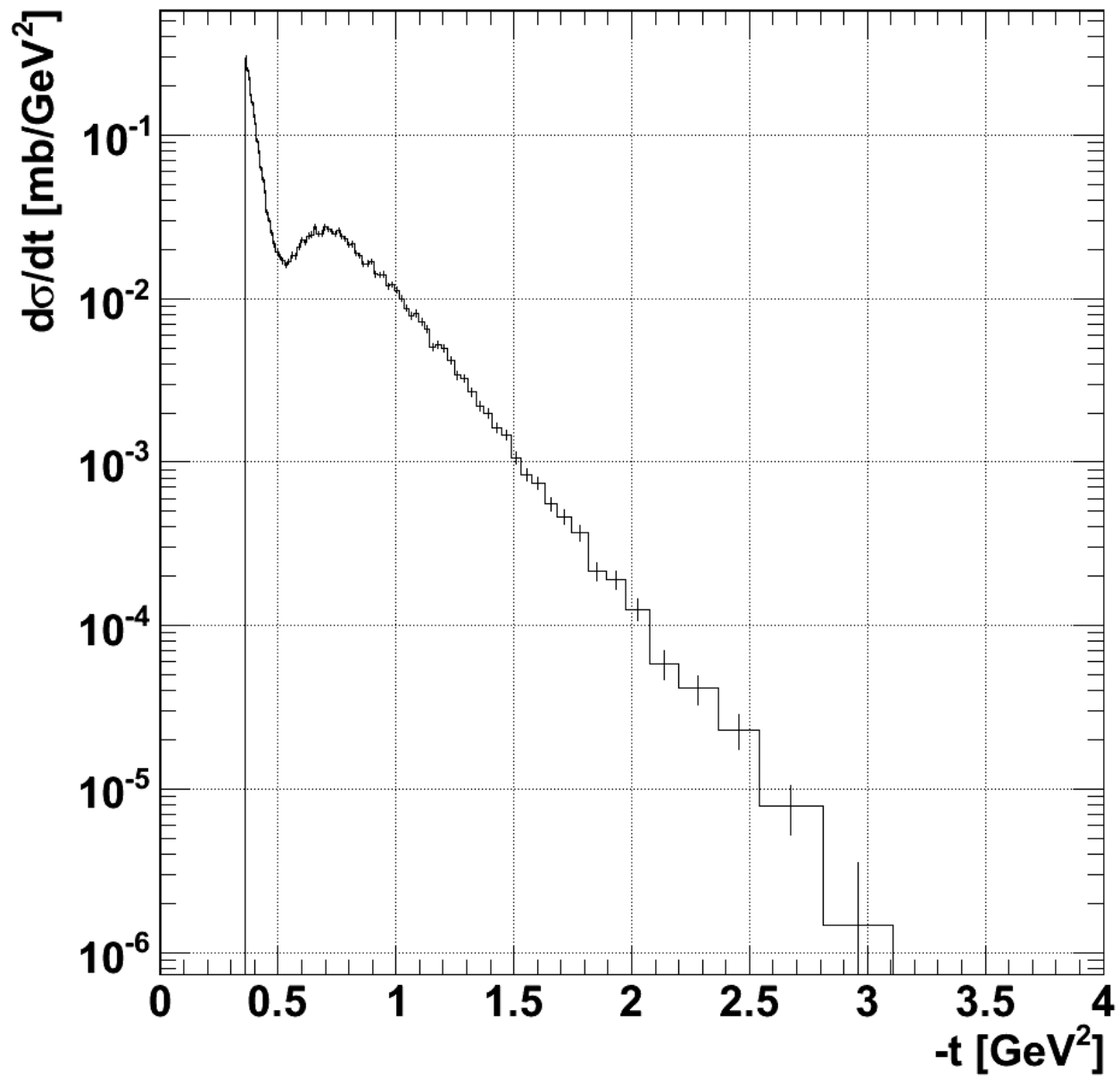
Correction	Effect on	Functional form	Total values and integral	Details
Normalization	$d\sigma/dt$	const( $ t $ ) mult. factor	$6.03 \text{ nb}^{-1} \pm 6\%$	Luminosity $6.1 \text{ nb}^{-1} \pm 4\%$ Trigger eff. $99\% \pm 1\%$ DAQ eff. $99\% \pm 1\%$
Background	$d\sigma/dt$	$Ae^{-B t }$ mult. factor = ( 1 - bckg.%)	$(8 \pm 1)\%$	$(11 \pm 2)\% _{ t =0.4\text{GeV}^2}$ $(19 \pm 3)\% _{ t =0.5\text{GeV}^2}$ $(0.8 \pm 0.3)\% _{ t =1.5\text{GeV}^2}$
Inefficiency	$d\sigma/dt$	const( $ t $ ) mult. factor = (1 + ineff.%)	$(30 \pm 10)\%$	Detector 1% Tracking 29%
Acceptance	$d\sigma/dt$	$A( t  - B)^{-C}$ mult. factor	$5.0 \pm 1\% _{ t =0.4\text{GeV}^2}$ $2.8 \pm 1\% _{ t =0.5\text{GeV}^2}$ $1.5 \pm 1\% _{ t =1.5\text{GeV}^2}$	$\Upsilon$ : $2.2 _{ t =0.36\text{GeV}^2}$ $1.1 _{ t =0.5\text{GeV}^2}$ $\phi$ : $4.5 _{ t =0.36\text{GeV}^2}$ $1.5 _{ t =1.5\text{GeV}^2}$
Resolution unfolding	$t \rightarrow d\sigma/dt$	Fourier( $\theta$ ) $\frac{\text{Beam divergence}}{\sqrt{2}} = 12-13 \mu\text{rad}$ mult. factor = $\frac{\text{unsmearred}}{\text{measured}}$	$0.55 [0.46 \rightarrow 0.57] _{ t =0.35\text{GeV}^2}$ $0.47 [0.38 \rightarrow 0.51] _{ t =0.49\text{GeV}^2}$ $1.09 [1.05 \rightarrow 1.17] _{ t =0.77\text{GeV}^2}$ $0.91 [0.78 \rightarrow 1.01] _{ t =1.50\text{GeV}^2}$	$0.55 [0.46 \rightarrow 0.57] _{170\mu\text{rad}}$ $0.47 [0.38 \rightarrow 0.51] _{190\mu\text{rad}}$ $1.09 [1.05 \rightarrow 1.17] _{240\mu\text{rad}}$ $0.91 [0.78 \rightarrow 1.01] _{350\mu\text{rad}}$
Alignment	$t$	$\delta t = \text{const} \delta\theta \sqrt{ t }$	$10\mu\text{m} \rightarrow \delta t = 2p/L_y \sqrt{ t } \delta y$ $\delta t/t = 0.6\% _{ t =0.4\text{GeV}^2}$ $\delta t/t = 0.3\% _{ t =1.5\text{GeV}^2}$	Track based alignment for 2 mechanically constrained diagonals
Optics	$t$	$t_x = f(k, \psi, p); t_y = f(k, \psi, p)$ $k$ : magnet strength $\psi$ : magnet rotation $p$ : LHC beam momentum	$\Delta(dL_x/ds) = 4\%$ $\Delta L_y = 6\%$ $\Delta t = 10\%$ $\frac{\delta t}{t} = 2\%$	$\frac{\delta k}{k} = 0.1\%$ $\frac{\delta \psi}{\psi} = 1\text{mrad}$ $\frac{\delta p}{p} = 10^{-3}$

# Statistical and Systematic uncertainties for the $t$ and $d\sigma/dt$ results

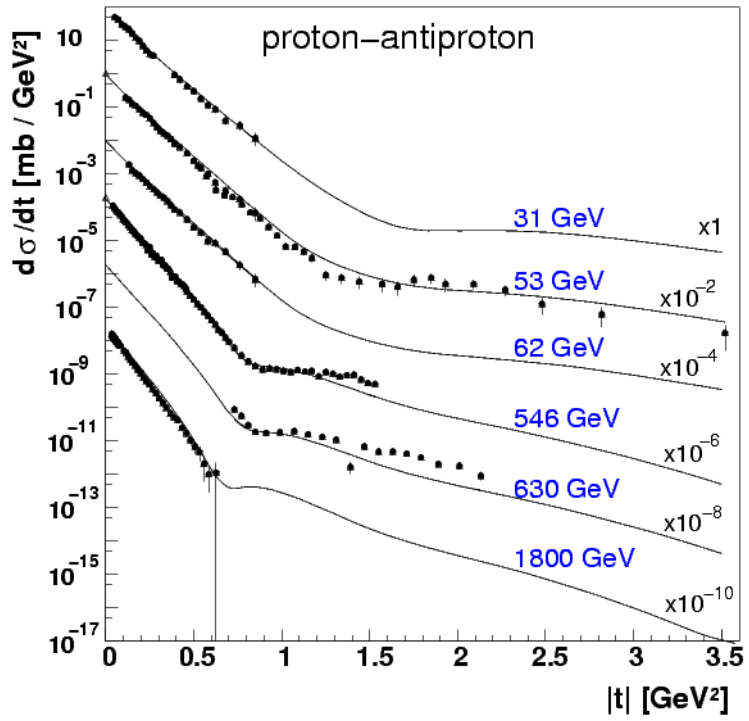
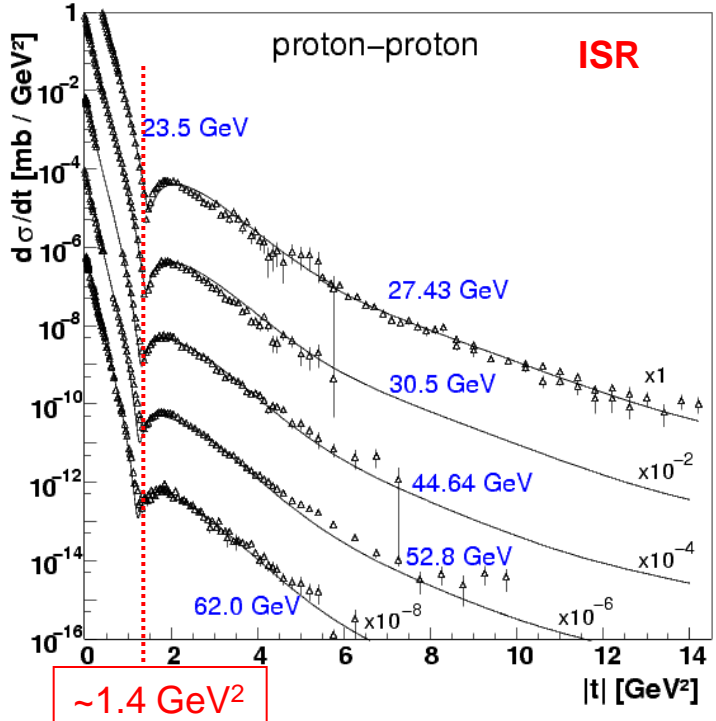
**Table 3:** Statistical and systematic errors on  $t$  and  $d\sigma/dt$ .

	$\delta t = \sigma_t^{Stat}(t) \oplus \epsilon_t^{Syst}(t)$	$\delta(d\sigma/dt) = \sigma_{d\sigma/dt}^{Stat}(t) \oplus \epsilon_{d\sigma/dt}^{Syst}(t)$
$ t  = 0.4\text{GeV}^2$	$\frac{\delta t}{t} = \pm 0.5\%^{Stat} \pm 2.6\%^{Syst}$	$\frac{\delta(d\sigma/dt)}{d\sigma/dt} = \pm 2.6\%^{Stat} \begin{matrix} +25 \\ -37 \end{matrix} \%^{Syst}$
$ t  = 0.5\text{GeV}^2$	$\frac{\delta t}{t} = \pm 0.7\%^{Stat} \pm 2.5\%^{Syst}$	$\frac{\delta(d\sigma/dt)}{d\sigma/dt} = \pm 4.4\%^{Stat} \begin{matrix} +28 \\ -39 \end{matrix} \%^{Syst}$
$ t  = 1.5\text{GeV}^2$	$\frac{\delta t}{t} = \pm 0.8\%^{Stat} \pm 2.3\%^{Syst}$	$\frac{\delta(d\sigma/dt)}{d\sigma/dt} = \pm 8.2\%^{Stat} \begin{matrix} +27 \\ -30 \end{matrix} \%^{Syst}$

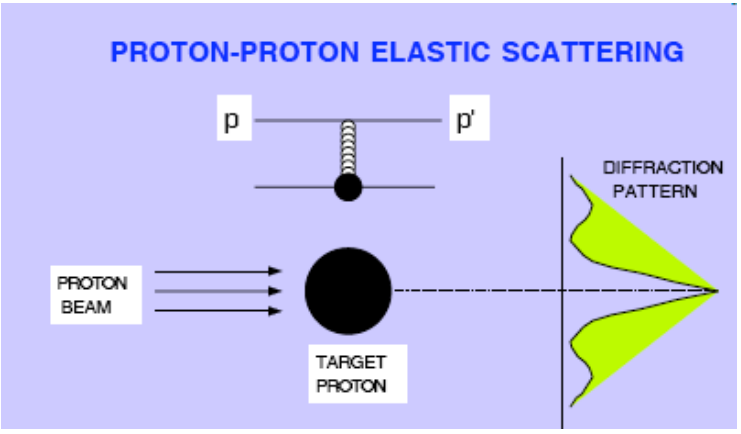
# $d\sigma/dt$



# Elastic scattering – from ISR to Tevatron

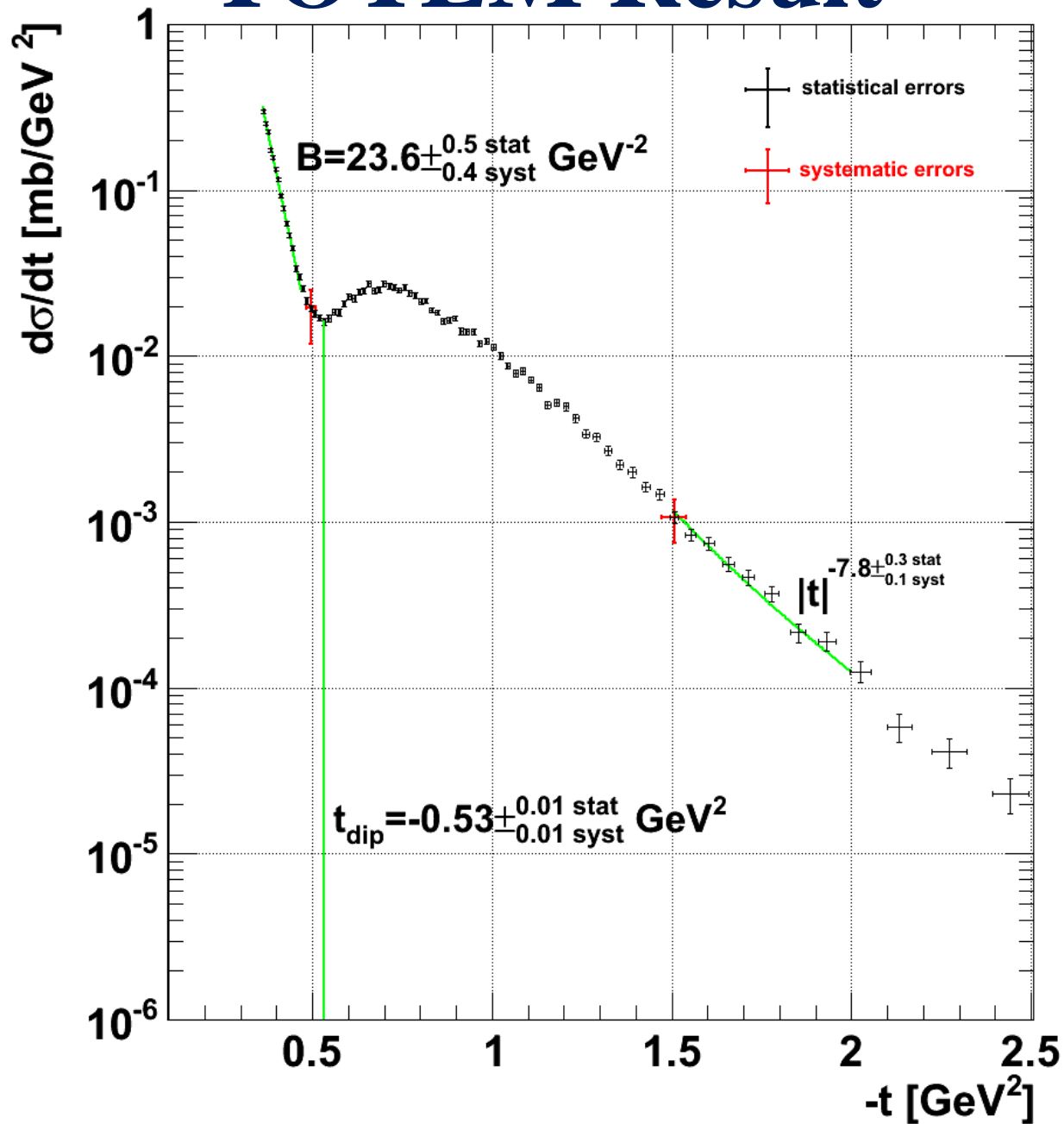


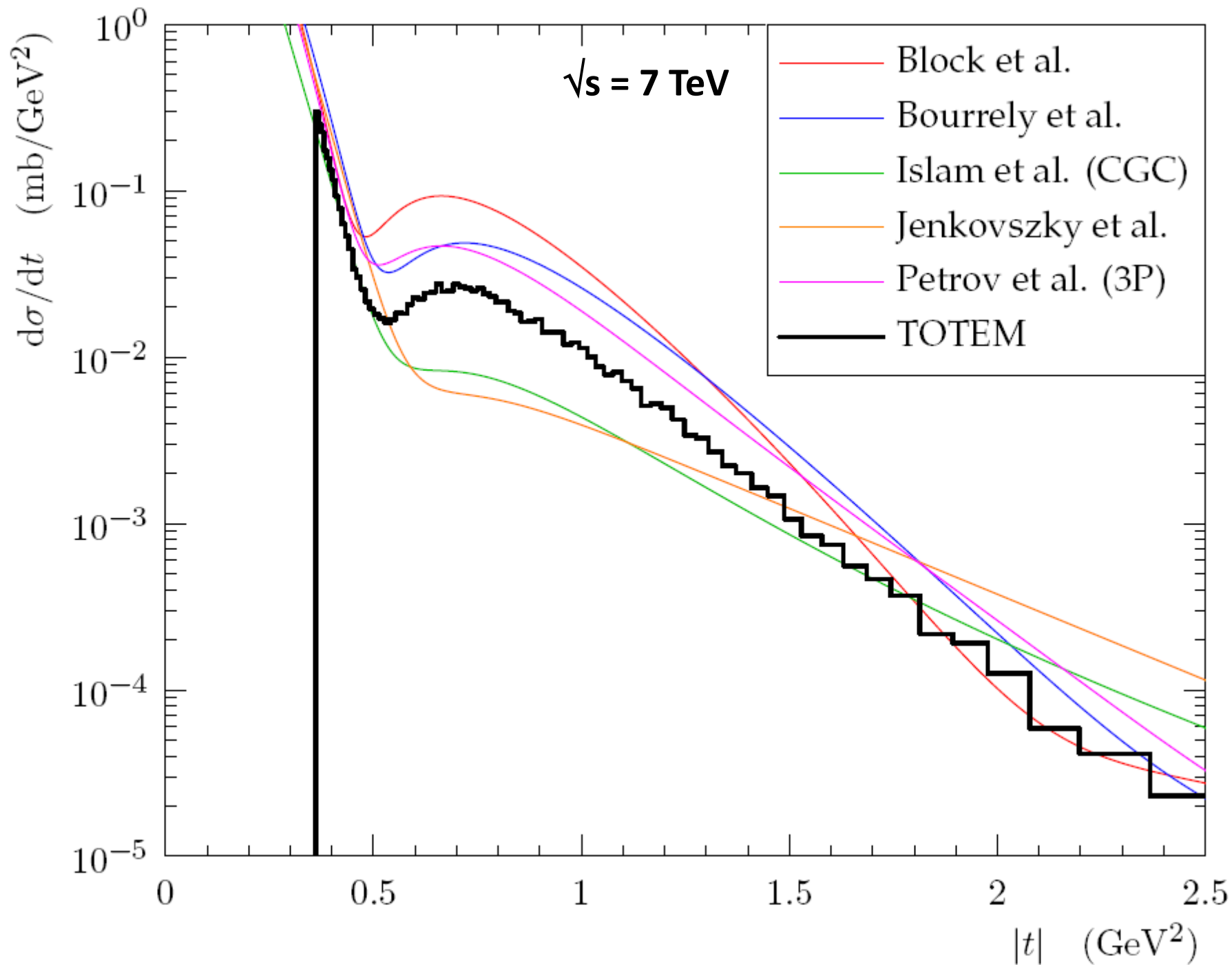
Diffractive minimum: analogous to Fraunhofer diffraction:  $|t| \sim p^2 \theta^2$



- exponential slope  $B$  at low  $|t|$  increases
- minimum moves to lower  $|t|$  with increasing  $s$   
 → interaction region grows (as also seen from  $\sigma_{tot}$ )
- depth of minimum changes  
 → shape of proton profile changes
- depth of minimum differs between  $pp$ ,  $p\bar{p}$   
 → different mix of processes

# TOTEM Result







# TOTEM vs Models comparison

	<b>B</b> ( $t=-0.4 \text{ GeV}^2$ ) [ $\text{GeV}^{-2}$ ]	$t_{\text{DIP}}$ [ $\text{GeV}^2$ ]	$t^{-N}$ [1.5–2.0 $\text{GeV}^2$ ] [N]
Islam	19.9	0.65	5.0
Jenkovsky	20.1	0.72	4.2
Petrov	22.7	0.52	7.0
Bourelly	21.7	0.54	8.4
Block	24.4	0.48	10.4
TOTEM	<b>23.6 ± 0.5 ± 0.4</b>	<b>0.53 ± 0.01 ± 0.01</b>	<b>7.8 ± 0.3 ± 0.1</b>

## Proton-proton elastic scattering at the LHC energy of $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

THE TOTEM COLLABORATION

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<sup>7a</sup> *INFN Sezione di Pisa, Italy.*

<sup>7b</sup> *Università degli Studi di Siena and Gruppo Collegato INFN di Siena, Italy.*

<sup>8</sup> *CERN, Geneva, Switzerland.*

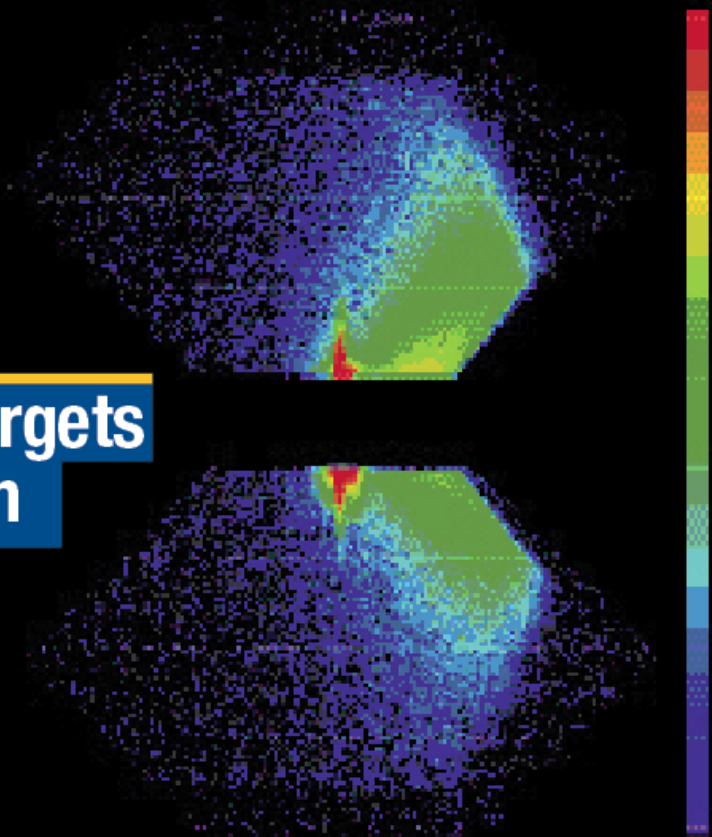
<sup>9</sup> *Case Western Reserve University, Dept. of Physics, Cleveland, OH, USA.*

<sup>10</sup> *Penn State University, Dept. of Physics, University Park, PA, USA.*

# CERN COURIER

VOLUME 51 NUMBER 8 OCTOBER 2011

## TOTEM targets the proton



### EYEBROW

Strapline strapline  
strapline strapline  
strapline strapline  
pXX

### EYEBROW

Strapline str  
strapline stra  
strapline stra  
pXX



### HEADLINE IN CAPS

Strapline strapline  
strapline strapline pXX

TOTAL, ELASTIC, INELASTIC  
CROSS-SECTIONS @  $\sqrt{s} = 7-8$  TeV

**Measurements  
and  
Results  
@  $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$**

# Cross-Section Formulae

Optical Theorem:

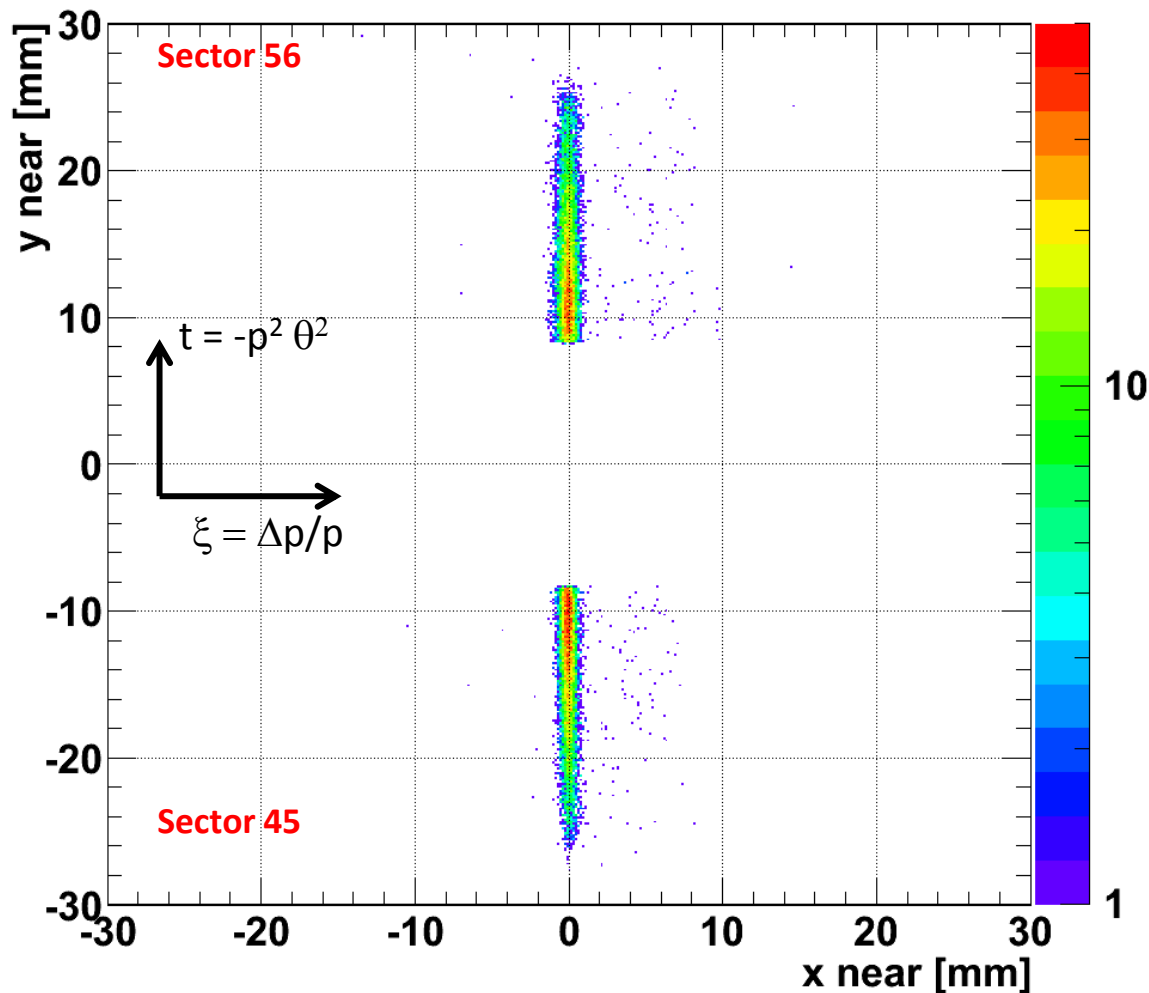
$$\sigma_{TOT}^2 = \frac{16\pi(\hbar c)^2}{1 + \rho^2} \cdot \left. \frac{d\sigma_{EL}}{dt} \right|_{t=0}$$

Using luminosity from CMS:  $\frac{d\sigma_{EL}}{dt} = \frac{1}{L} \cdot \frac{dN_{EL}}{dt}$  ; and  $\rho$  from COMPETE fit:  $\rho = 0.14^{+0.01}_{-0.08}$

$$\sigma_{TOT} = \sqrt{19.20 \text{ mb GeV}^2 \cdot \left. \frac{d\sigma_{EL}}{dt} \right|_{t=0}}$$

$$\sigma_{TOT} = \sigma_{EL} + \sigma_{INEL}$$

# “Raw Data” Jun’11 – Vertical RPs@ $10\sigma$



$\beta^* = 90$  m

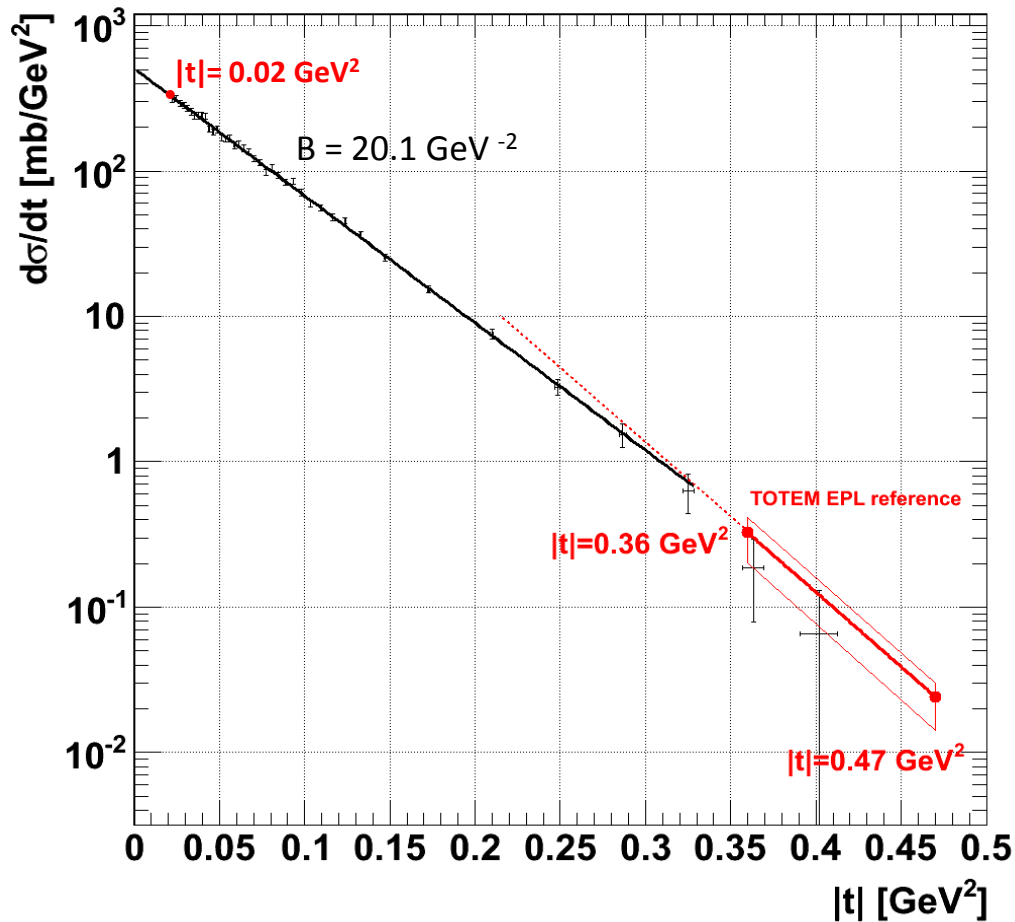
$L_y \sim 260$  m

$L_x \sim 0-3$  m

Integrated luminosity :  $1.65 \mu\text{barn}^{-1}$

Inel. pile-up  $\sim 0.005$  ev/bx

# TOTEM: pp Elastic Cross-Section



Exponential slope:

$$B|_{t=0} = 20.1 \text{ GeV}^{-2}$$

Extrapolation to  $t = 0$ :

$$\left. \frac{d\sigma}{dt} \right|_{t=0} = 5.037 \times 10^2 \text{ mb} / \text{GeV}^2$$

## Integral Elastic Cross-Section

$$\sigma_{\text{EL}} = 8.3 \text{ mb}^{\text{(extrapol.)}} + 16.5 \text{ mb}^{\text{(measured)}} = 24.8 \text{ mb}$$



# Systematics and Statistics

- $t : \pm[0.6:1.8]\%_{\text{syst optics}} \pm <1\%_{\text{align.}} \pm[3.4:11.9]\%_{\text{stat}}$  (before unfolding)
- $d\sigma/dt : \pm 4\%_{\text{syst lumin.}}; \pm 1\%_{\text{syst (acc.+eff.+backg.+tag)}} \pm 0.7\%_{\text{syst unfold.}}$
- $B : \pm 1\%_{\text{stat}} \pm 1\%_{\text{syst from t}} \pm 0.7\%_{\text{syst from unfolding}}$
- $d\sigma/dt(t=0) : \pm 0.3\%_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.3\%_{\text{syst (optics)}} \pm 4\%_{\text{syst lumin}} \pm 1\%_{\text{syst (acc.+eff.+backg.+tag)}}$
- $\int d\sigma/dt : \pm 4\%_{\text{syst lumin}} \pm 1\%_{\text{syst (acc.+eff.+backg.+tag)}} \pm 0.8\%_{\text{stat extrap.}}$
  
- $\sigma_{\text{TOT}} : (+0.8\% -0.2\%)_{\text{syst } \rho} \pm 0.2\%_{\text{stat}} \pm 2.7\%_{\text{syst}} = (+2.8\%-2.7\%)_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.2\%_{\text{stat}}$
- $\sigma_{\text{EL}} : \pm 5\%_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.8\%_{\text{stat}}$
- $\sigma_{\text{INEL}} : (+2.4\%-1.8\%)_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.8\%_{\text{stat}}$

# TOTEM: pp Total Cross-Section

Elastic exponential slope:

$$B|_{t=0} = (20.1 \pm 0.2^{(stat)} \pm 0.3^{(syst)}) \text{ GeV}^{-2}$$

Elastic diff. cross-section at optical point:  $\frac{dS_{el}}{dt}|_{t=0} = (503.7 \pm 1.5^{(stat)} \pm 26.7^{(syst)}) \text{ mb} / \text{ GeV}^2$

↓ Optical Theorem,  $\rho = 0.14^{+0.01}_{-0.08}$

## Total Cross-Section

$$S_T = \left( 98.3 \pm 0.2^{(stat)} \pm 2.7^{(syst)} \left( \begin{array}{c} \pm 0.8 \\ \pm 0.2 \end{array} \right)^{(syst \text{ from } r)} \right) \text{ mb}$$

# TOTEM: pp Inelastic Cross-Section

$$\sigma_{el} = \left( 24.8 \pm 0.2^{(stat)} \pm 1.2^{(syst)} \right) \text{ mb} \quad S_T = \left( 98.3 \pm 0.2^{(stat)} \pm 2.7^{(syst)} \begin{array}{c} \hat{+}0.8 \\ \hat{-}0.2 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} (syst \text{ from } r) \\ \end{array} \right) \text{ mb}$$

## Inelastic Cross-Section

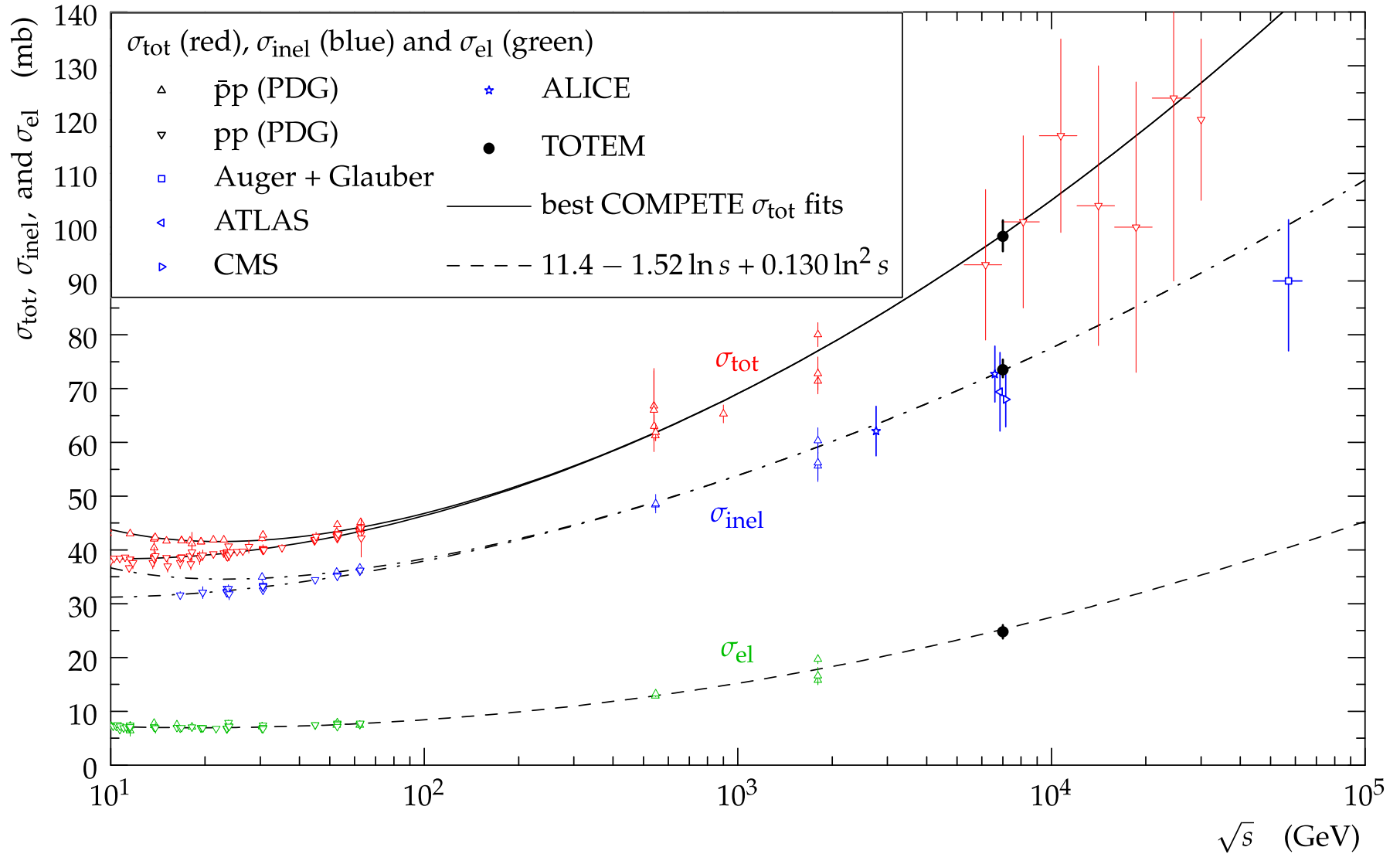
$$\sigma_{inel} = \sigma_{tot} - \sigma_{el} = \left( 73.5 \pm 0.6^{(stat)} \begin{array}{c} +1.8 \\ -1.3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} (syst) \\ \end{array} \right) \text{ mb}$$

$$\sigma_{inel} \text{ (CMS)} = (68.0 \pm 2.0^{(syst)} \pm 2.4^{(lumi)} \pm 4.0^{(extrap)}) \text{ mb}$$

$$\sigma_{inel} \text{ (ATLAS)} = (69.4 \pm 2.4^{(exp)} \pm 6.9^{(extrap)}) \text{ mb}$$

$$\sigma_{inel} \text{ (ALICE)} = (72.7 \pm 1.1^{(mod)} \pm 5.1^{(lumi)}) \text{ mb}$$

# Total, Elastic, Inelastic Cross-Section





A LETTERS JOURNAL EXPLORING  
THE FRONTIERS OF PHYSICS

OFFPRINT

**First measurement of the total proton-proton  
cross-section at the LHC energy of  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV**

THE TOTEM COLLABORATION (G. ANTCHEV *et al.*)

EPL, **96** (2011) 21002

**Luminosity-independent  
and  
 $\rho$ -independent  
pp Total Cross-Sections  
@ 7 TeV**

# pp Cross-Sections @LHC: 4 Methods (& Luminosity calibration)

1. Low\_L(CMS) + Elastic + Optical T.
  - depends on CMS luminosity for low-L bunches & elastic efficiencies &  $\rho$
2. High\_L(CMS) + Elastic + Optical T.
  - checks the CMS luminosity for high-L vs low-L bunches
3. High\_L(CMS) + Elastic + Inelastic
  - minimizes dependence on elastic efficiencies and no dependence on  $\rho$
4. (L-independent) + Elastic + Inelastic + Optical T.
  - eliminates dependence on luminosity

# 1. Low\_L(CMS) + Elastic + Optical T.

June'11 data : RP  $10\sigma$  ; L: bunches  $1-2 \cdot 10^{10}$  p

- $\sigma_{TOT}^2 = \frac{16\pi(\hbar c)^2}{1 + \rho^2} \cdot \left. \frac{d\sigma_{EL}}{dt} \right|_{t=0}$
- $\sigma_{TOT} = 98.3 \text{ mb} \pm [2.0(\text{lum}) 0.5(\text{syst})^{0.8}_{0.15}(\rho)] \text{ mb}$
- $\sigma_{EL} = \int d\sigma_{EL}/dt = 24.8 \text{ mb}$
- $\sigma_{INEL} = \sigma_{TOT} - \sigma_{EL} = 73.5 \text{ mb}$

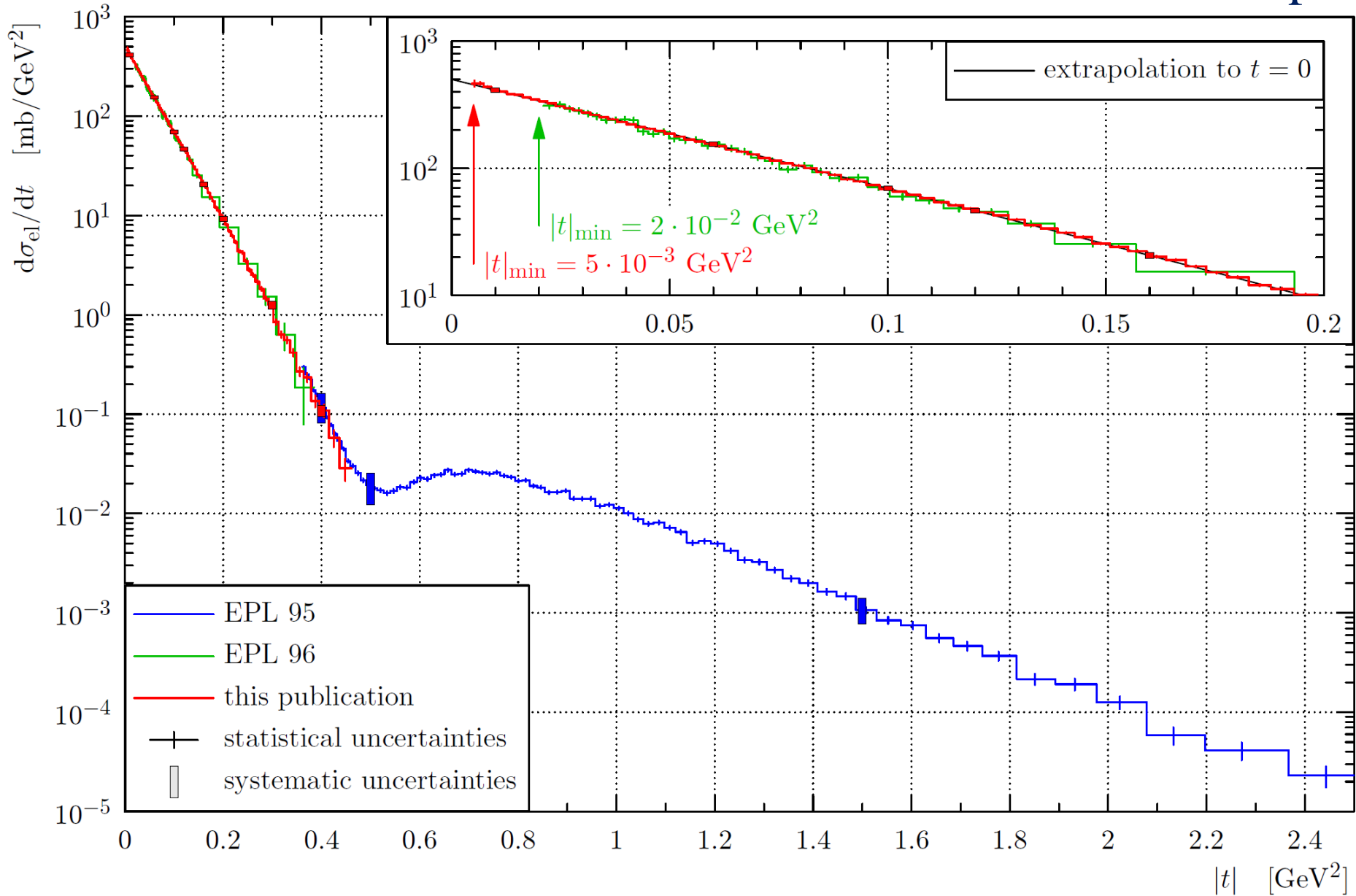


## 2. High\_L(CMS) + Elastic + Optical T.

October'11 data : RP 6.5/5.5/4.8 $\sigma$  ; L: bunches  $7 \cdot 10^{10}$  p

- $\sigma_{TOT}^2 = \frac{16\pi(\hbar c)^2}{1 + \rho^2} \cdot \left. \frac{d\sigma_{EL}}{dt} \right|_{t=0}$
- $\sigma_{TOT} = 98.6 \text{ mb} \pm [2.0(\text{lum}) \ 1.0(\text{syst}) \ 0.8_{0.15}(\rho)] \text{ mb}$
- $\sigma_{EL} = \int d\sigma_{EL}/dt = 25.4 \pm 1.1 \text{ mb}$
- $\sigma_{INEL} = \sigma_{TOT} - \sigma_{EL} = 73.2 \pm 1.3 \text{ mb}$

## 2. October'11 data : RP 6.5/5.5/4.8s ; L: bunches $7 \cdot 10^{10}$ p



$|t_{\min}| \approx 5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ GeV}^2 \rightarrow 91\% \text{ of cross-section measured (9\% extrapolated)} ; B = 19.9 \pm 0.3 \text{ GeV}^{-2}$



TOTEM 2012-002  
14 August 2012



CERN-PH-EP-2012-239  
17 August 2012

## Measurement of proton-proton elastic scattering and total cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

The TOTEM Collaboration

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G. Ruggiero<sup>8)</sup>, H. Saarikko<sup>3a,3b)</sup>, A. Santroni<sup>6b,6a)</sup>, A. Scribano<sup>7b)</sup>, J. Smajek<sup>8)</sup>, W. Snoeys<sup>8)</sup>,  
J. Sziklai<sup>9)</sup>, C. Taylor<sup>9)</sup>, N. Turini<sup>7b)</sup>, V. Vacek<sup>1b)</sup>, M. Vitek<sup>1b)</sup>, J. Weltri<sup>3a,3b)</sup> and J. Whitmore<sup>10)</sup>

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# 3. High\_L(CMS) + Elastic + Inelastic

October'11 data : RP 6.5/5.5/4.8 $\sigma$  ; L: bunches  $7 \cdot 10^{10}$  p

- $\sigma_{EL} = \int d\sigma_{EL}/dt = 25.4 \pm 1.1$  mb
- $\sigma_{INEL} = L^{-1} \cdot N_{INEL} = 73.7 \pm 3.4$  mb
- $\sigma_{TOT} = \sigma_{EL} + \sigma_{INEL}$
- $\sigma_{TOT} = 99.1$  mb  $\pm$  [3.9(lum) 2.0(syst)] mb

*$\rho$  - independent*

LHCC Report – Mar '12  
[preprint upcoming]

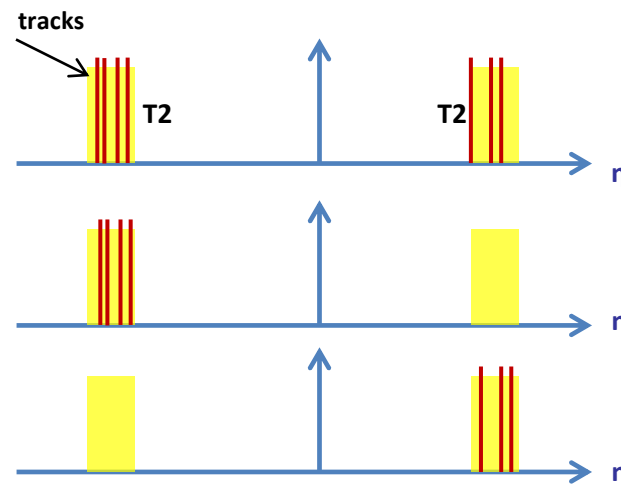
# 3.

## Inelastic Cross Section

### direct T1 and T2 measurement

#### Inelastic events in T2: classification

- tracks in both hemispheres  
*non-diffractive minimum bias  
double diffraction*
- tracks in a single hemisphere  
*mainly single diffraction*  
 $M_x > 3.4 \text{ GeV}/c^2$



#### Corrections to the T2 visible events

- Trigger Efficiency: **2.3 %**  
*(measured from zero bias data with respect to track multiplicity)*
- Track reconstruction efficiency: **1 %**  
*(based on MC tuned with data)*
- Beam-gas background: **0.54 %**  
*(measured with non colliding bunch data)*
- Pile-up ( $\mu = 0.03$ ): **1.5 %**  
*(contribution measured from zero bias data)*

$$\sigma_{\text{inelastic, T2 visible}} = 69.7 \pm 0.1^{\text{stat}} \pm 0.7^{\text{syst}} \pm 2.8^{\text{lumi}} \text{ mb}$$

# 3.

## Inelastic Cross Section

$$\sigma_{\text{inelastic, T2 visible}} \longrightarrow \sigma_{\text{inelastic}}$$

### Missing inelastic cross-section

- Events visible in T1 but not in T2: **2.0 %**  
*(estimated from zero bias data)*
- Rapidity gap in T2 : **0.57 %**  
*(estimated from T1 gap probability transferred to T2)*
- Central Diffraction: T1 & T2 empty : **0.54 %**  
*(based on MC, correction max  $\sim 0.25 \times \sigma_{CD}$ , quoted in systematic error)*
- Low Mass Diffraction : **3.7 %  $\pm$  2 % syst**  
*(Several models studied, correction based on QGSJET-II-4, imposing observed 2hemisphere/1hemisphere event ratio and the effect of 'secondaries')*
- constrained by the Total cross-section measurement :  
**upper limit = 6.3 mb at 95% C.L. for  $\eta \geq 6.5$ , i.e.  $M_{SD} \leq 3.4$  GeV**
- will be measured with a single proton trigger, large  $\beta^*$  optics and clean beam conds.

$$\sigma_{\text{inelastic}} = 73.7 \pm 0.1^{\text{stat}} \pm 1.7^{\text{syst}} \pm 2.9^{\text{lumi}} \text{ mb}$$

# 4. Elastic + Inelastic + Optical T.

October'11 data : RP 6.5/5.5/4.8 $\sigma$  ; L: bunches  $7 \cdot 10^{10}$  p

$$\bullet \sigma_{TOT} = \frac{16\pi(\hbar c)^2}{1 + \rho^2} \cdot \frac{\left. \frac{dN_{EL}}{dt} \right|_{t=0}}{N_{EL} + N_{INEL}}$$

*Luminosity - independent*

LHCC Report – Mar '12  
[preprint upcoming]

$$\bullet \sigma_{TOT} = 98.0 \text{ mb} \pm [2.4(\text{syst}) \text{ }_{0.3}^{1.6}(\rho)] \text{ mb}$$

$$\bullet \sigma_{EL} = 25.1 \pm 1.1 \text{ mb}$$

$$\bullet \sigma_{INEL} = 72.9 \pm 1.5 \text{ mb}$$

# pp Total Cross-Sections @ $\sqrt{s}=7\text{TeV}$

Published EPL96

1.  $\sigma_{TOT} = 98.3 \text{ mb} \pm \frac{2.2}{2.0} \text{ mb}$

$$\sigma_{TOT}^2 = \frac{16\pi(\hbar c)^2}{1+\rho^2} \cdot \frac{d\sigma_{EL}}{dt} \Big|_{t=0}$$

PH-EP-2012-239

2.  $\sigma_{TOT} = 98.6 \text{ mb} \pm \frac{2.4}{2.2} \text{ mb}$

$$\sigma_{TOT}^2 = \frac{16\pi(\hbar c)^2}{1+\rho^2} \cdot \frac{d\sigma_{EL}}{dt} \Big|_{t=0}$$

LHCC Mar '12  *$\rho$ -independent*

3.  $\sigma_{TOT} = 99.1 \text{ mb} \pm 4.4 \text{ mb}$

$$\sigma_{TOT} = \sigma_{EL} + \sigma_{INEL}$$

LHCC Mar '12  *$L$ -independent*

4.  $\sigma_{TOT} = 98.0 \text{ mb} \pm \frac{2.9}{2.4} \text{ mb}$

$$\sigma_{TOT} = \frac{16\pi(\hbar c)^2}{1+\rho^2} \cdot \frac{\frac{dN_{EL}}{dt} \Big|_{t=0}}{N_{EL} + N_{INEL}}$$



**Measurements  
and  
Results  
@  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$**

**Luminosity-independent  
pp Cross-Sections  
@  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$**

**July 2012**  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$   $\beta^* = 90\text{m}$

Two data samples triggered by TOTEM RPs pp coincidences

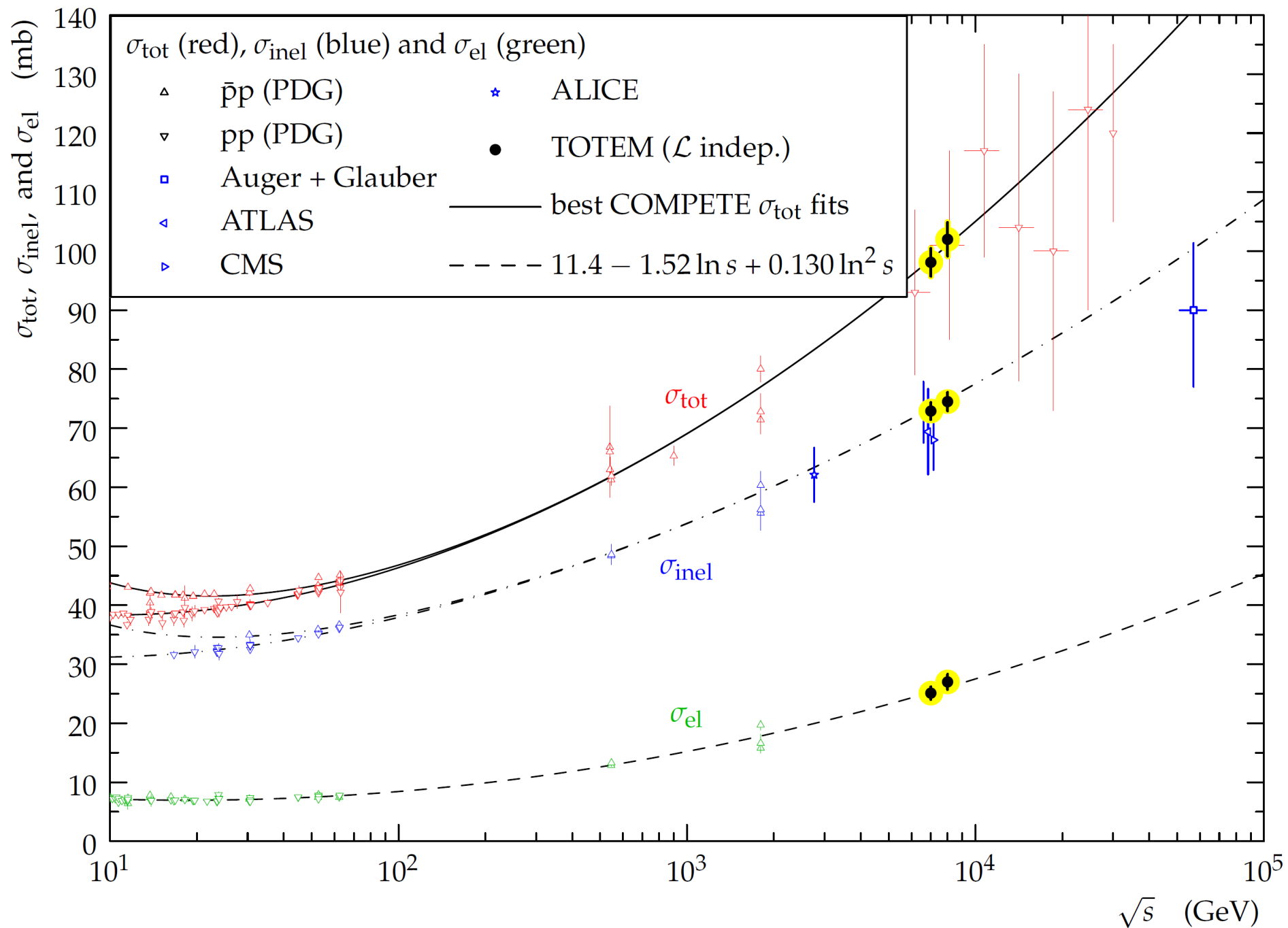
**Luminosity-independent  
Elastic, Inelastic, Total Cross-Sections:**

DS	$\sigma_{\text{tot}}$ (mb)	$\sigma_{\text{el}}$ (mb)	$\sigma_{\text{inel}}$ (mb)
2	$102 \pm 2.8$	$27.1 \pm 1.3$	$74.9 \pm 1.6$
3	$101 \pm 2.8$	$26.9 \pm 1.3$	$74.2 \pm 1.6$

**Key roles of Prague's group in the analysis**

Internal refereeing completed – **1<sup>st</sup> public release of results**

Editorial Process started [*preprint upcoming*]



PERSPECTIVES ON  
FORWARD AND DIFFRACTIVE  
PHYSICS

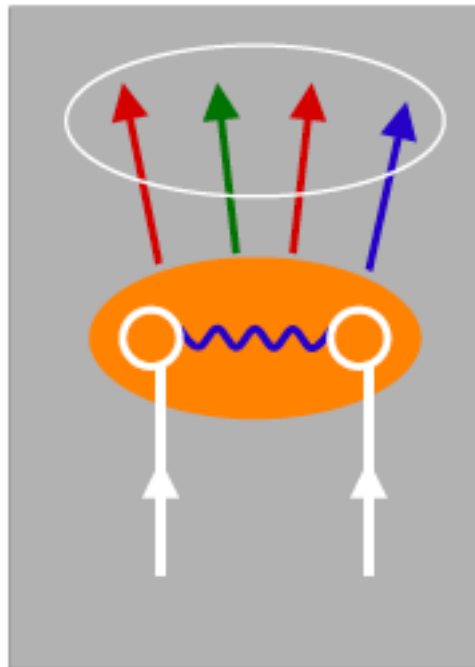
# pp Interactions

## Non-diffractive

Colour exchange

$$dN / d \Delta\eta = \exp (-\Delta\eta)$$

Incident hadrons acquire colour and break apart

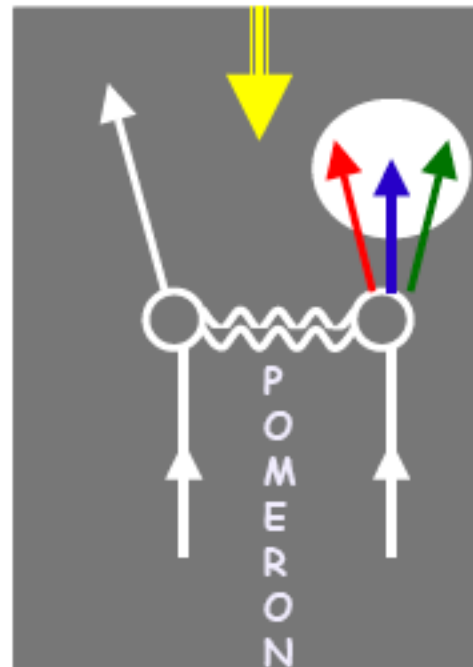


## Diffractive

Colourless exchange with vacuum quantum numbers

$$dN / d \Delta\eta = \text{const}$$

rapidity gap

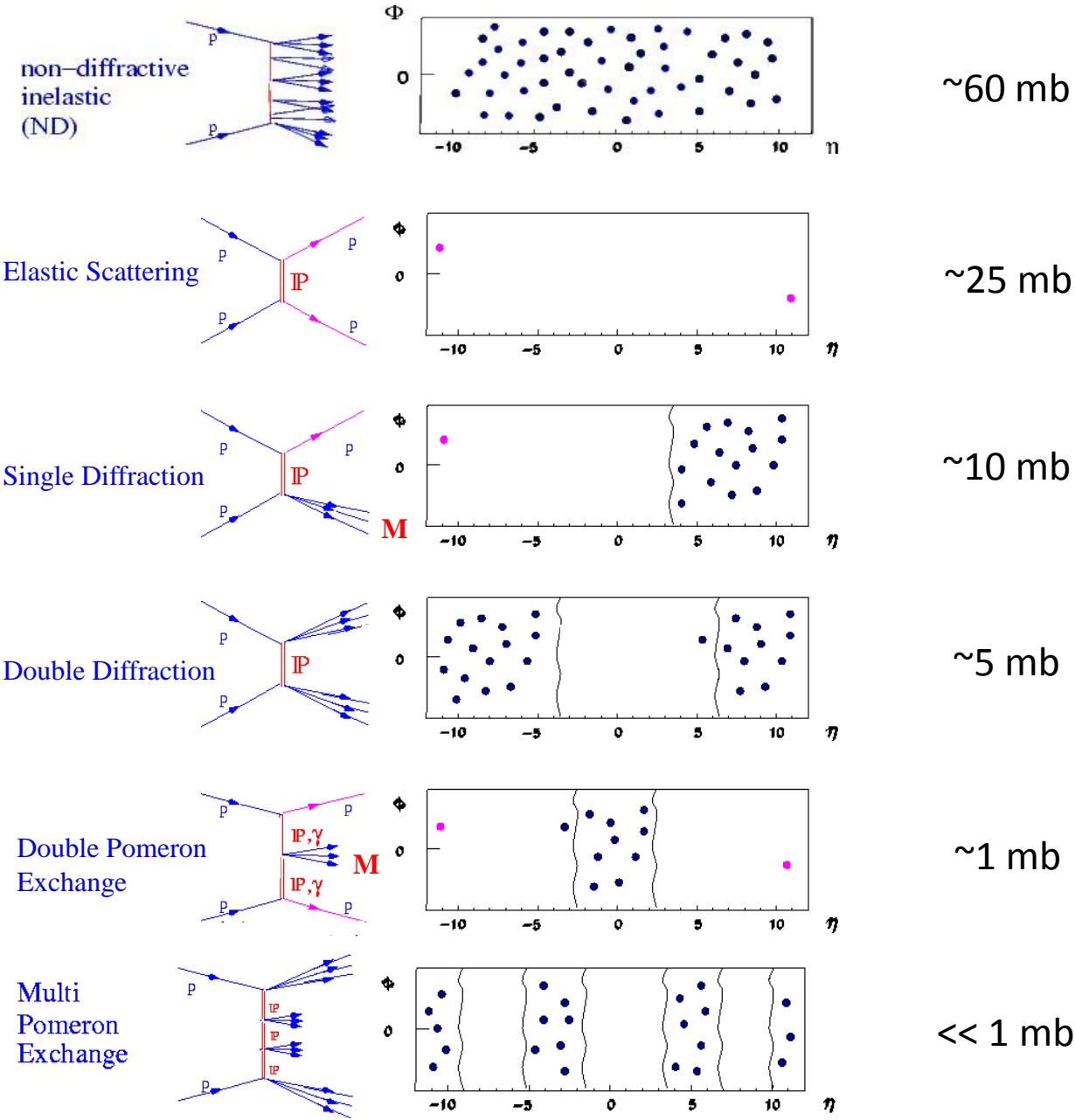


Incident hadrons retain their quantum numbers remaining colourless

GOAL: understand the QCD nature of the diffractive exchange

# Inelastic and Diffractive Processes ( $\eta = -\ln \text{tg } \theta/2$ )

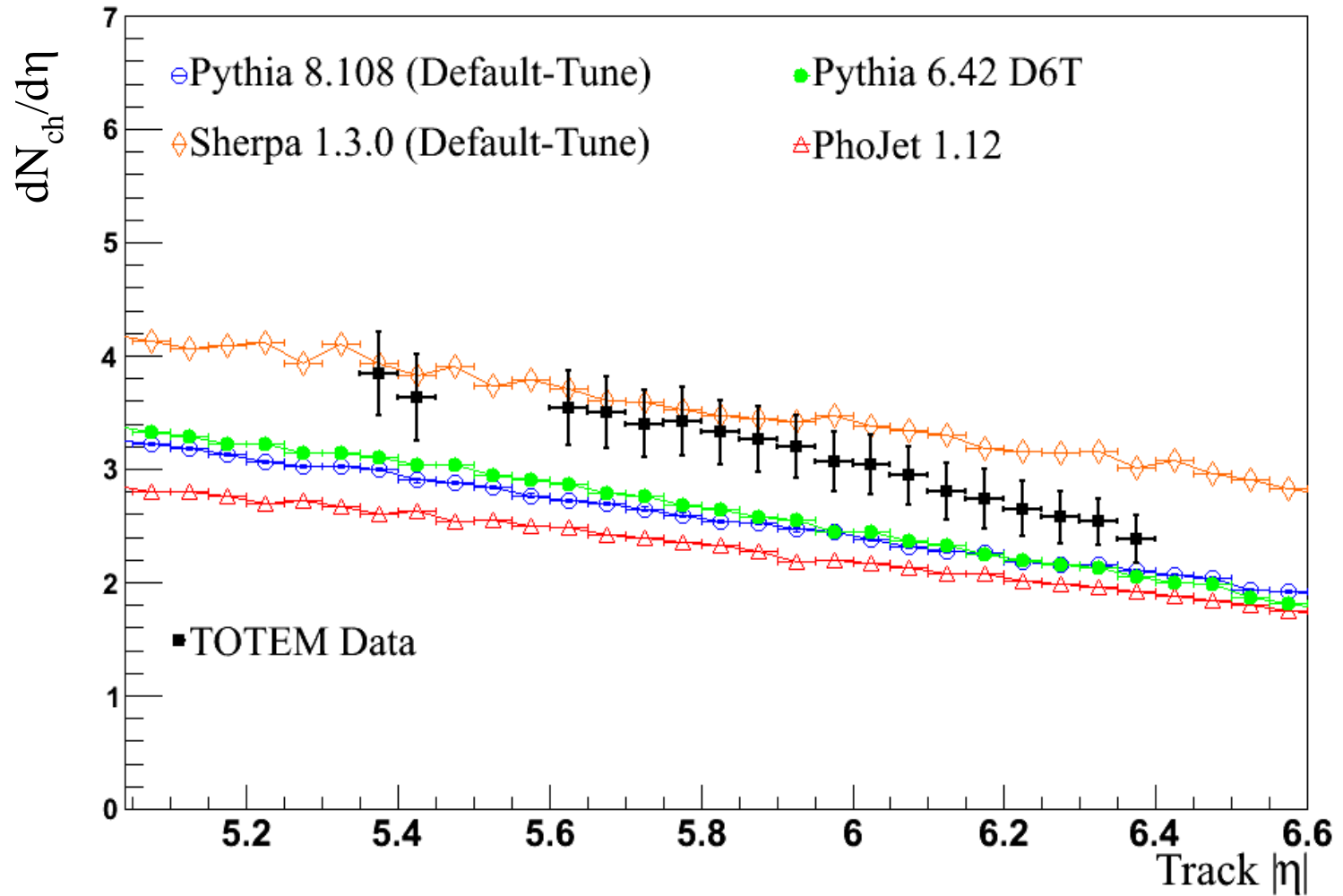
All the drawings show soft interactions.  
 In case of hard interactions there should be jets,  
 which fall in the same rapidity intervals.



**Measure  $\sigma(M, \xi, t)$**

**Diffractive scattering is a unique laboratory of confinement & QCD:  
 A hard scale + hadrons which remain intact in the scattering process.**

# $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ measured in T2 : results



Published *EPL*, 98 (2012) 31002





# Measurement of the forward charged-particle pseudorapidity density in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV with the TOTEM experiment

THE TOTEM COLLABORATION

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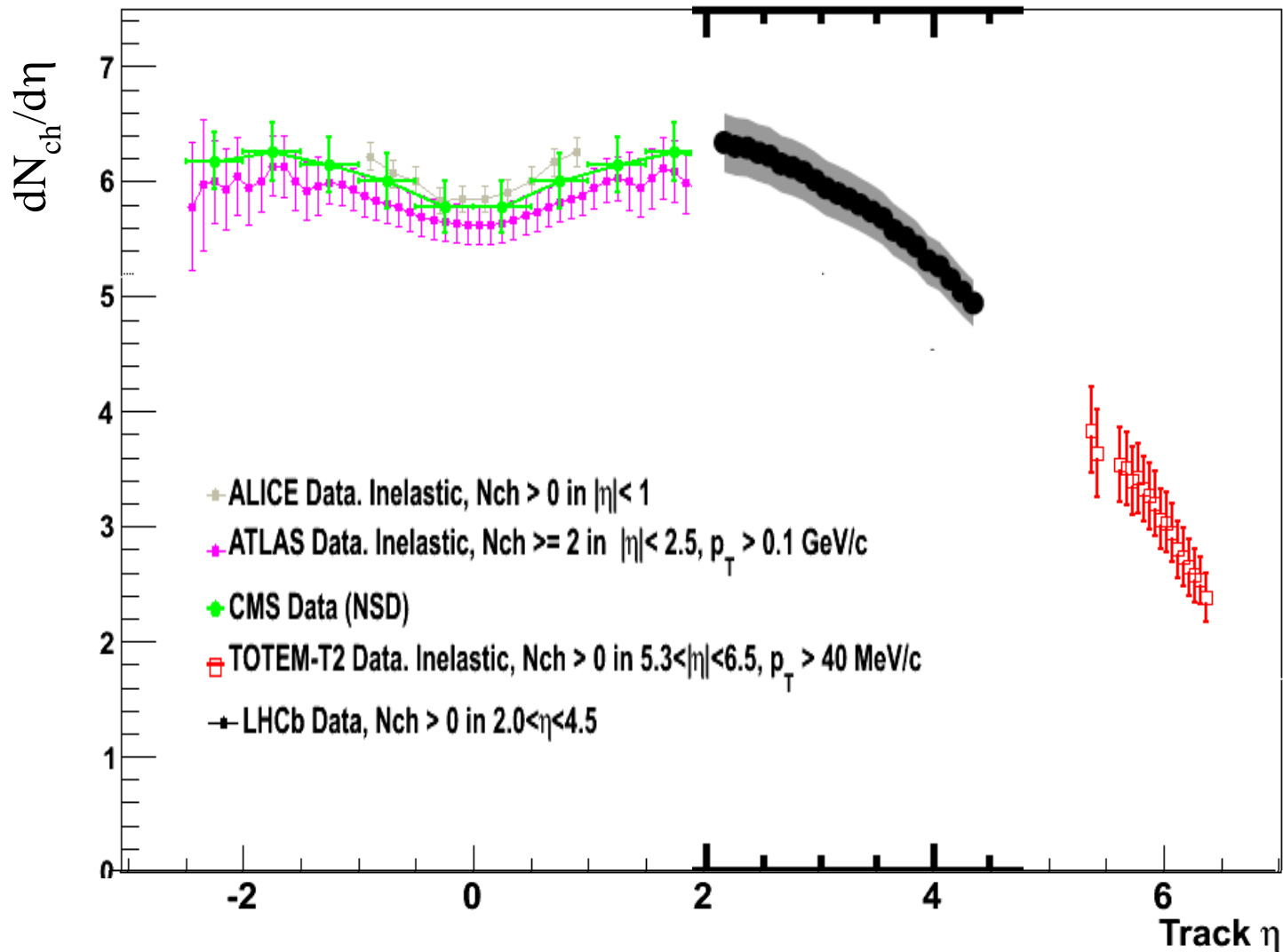
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# $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ combined with other LHC exp.



Ongoing activities within *LPC* framework

# Diffractive forward protons @ RPs

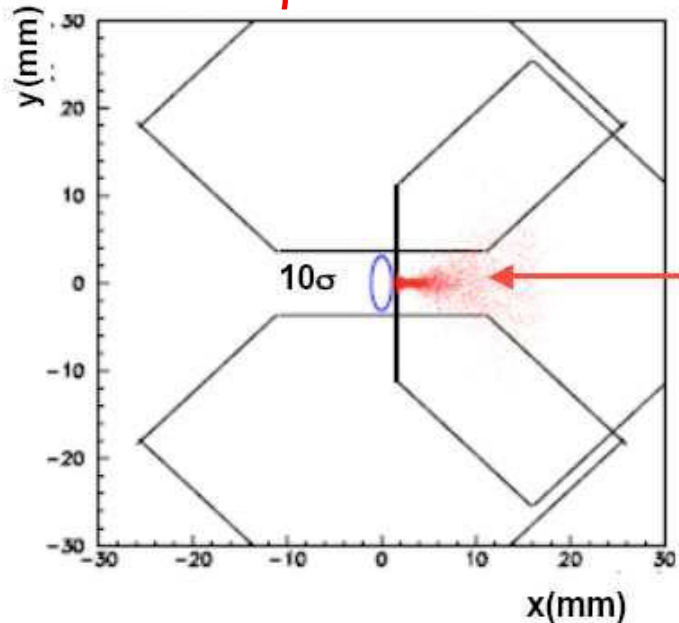
$$y(s) = v_y(s) \cdot y^* + L_y(s) \cdot \Theta_y^*$$

$$x(s) = v_x(s) \cdot x^* + L_x(s) \cdot \Theta_x^* + \xi \cdot D(s)$$

Dispersion shifts diffractive protons in the horizontal direction

Diffractive protons : hit distribution @ RP220

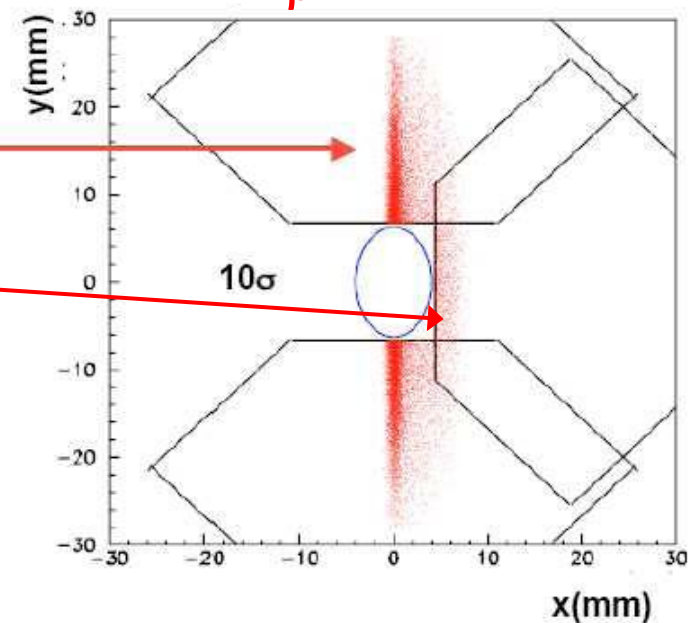
Low  $\beta^*$ : 0.5 – 2 m



$$y \sim \Theta_y^{\text{scatt}} \sim |t_y|^{1/2}$$

$$x \sim \xi = \Delta p/p$$

$\beta^* = 90$  m

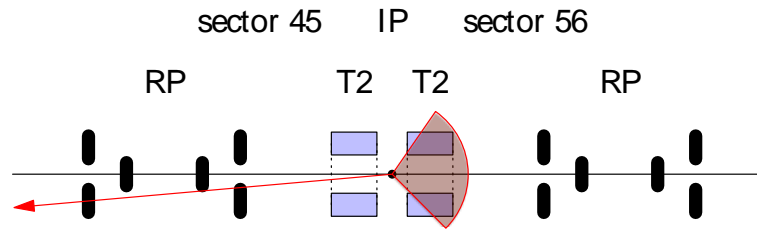
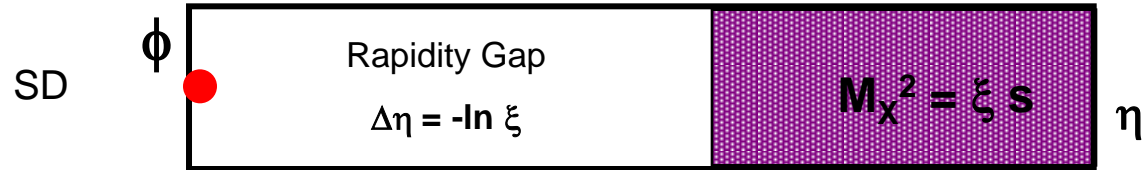


- For low- $\beta^*$  optics  $L_x, L_y$  are low
- $v_x, v_y$  are not critical because of small IP beam size

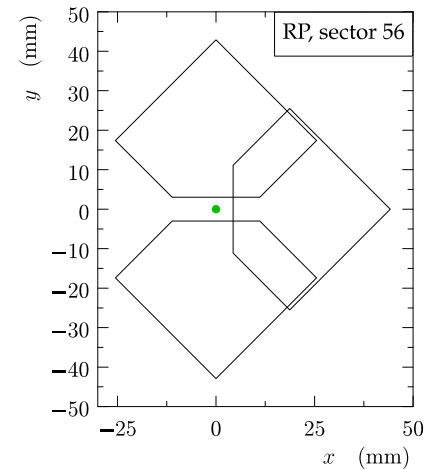
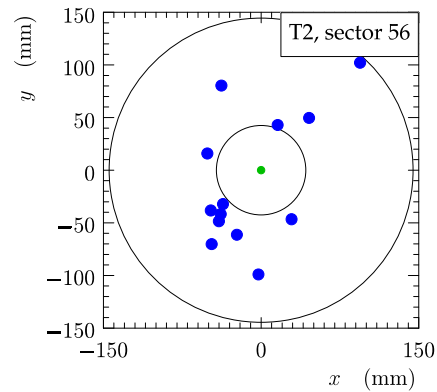
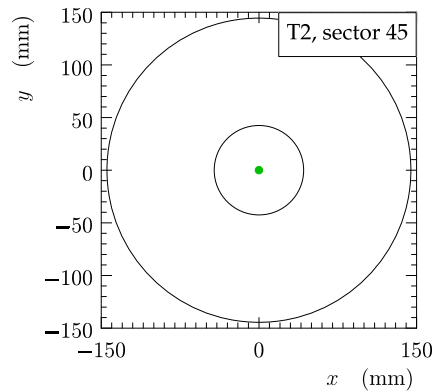
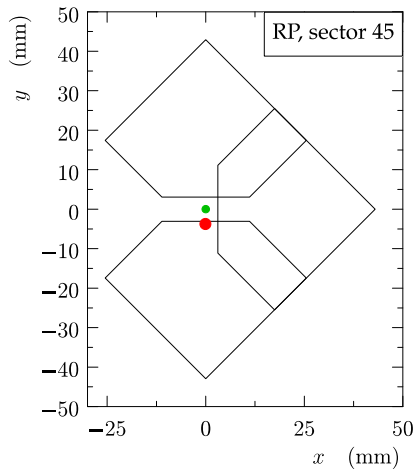
- $L_x=0, L_y$  is large
- beam  $\sigma = 212 \mu\text{m} \rightarrow v_x, v_y$  important (deterioration of rec. resolution)

# Single diffraction low $\xi$

Correlation between leading proton and forward detector T2

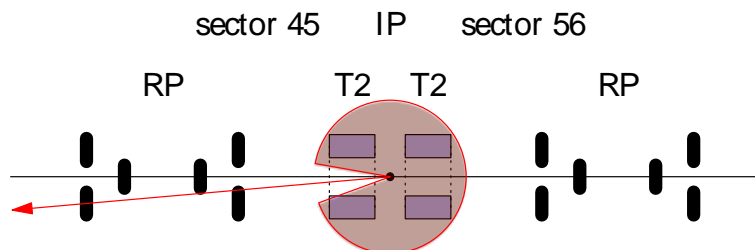
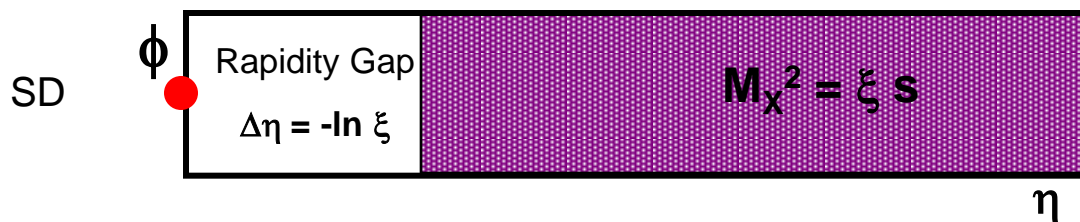


run: 37280003, event: 3000

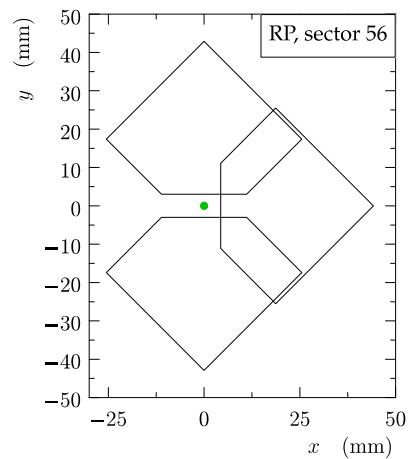
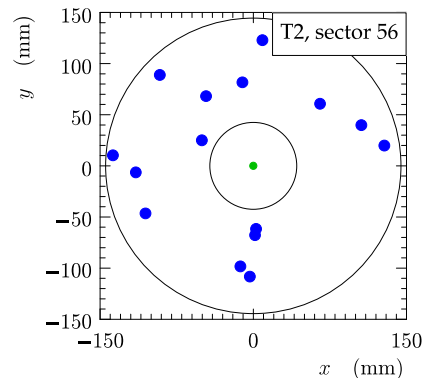
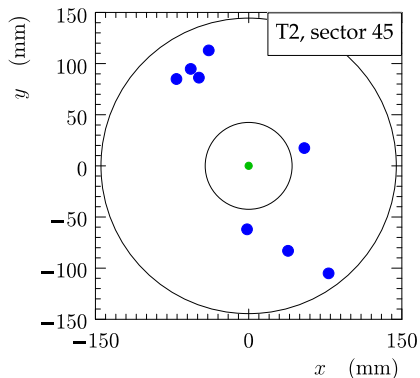
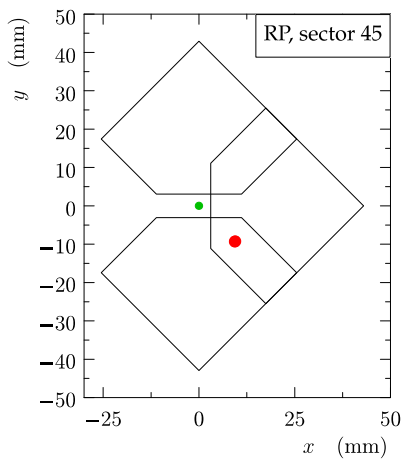


# Single diffraction large $\xi$

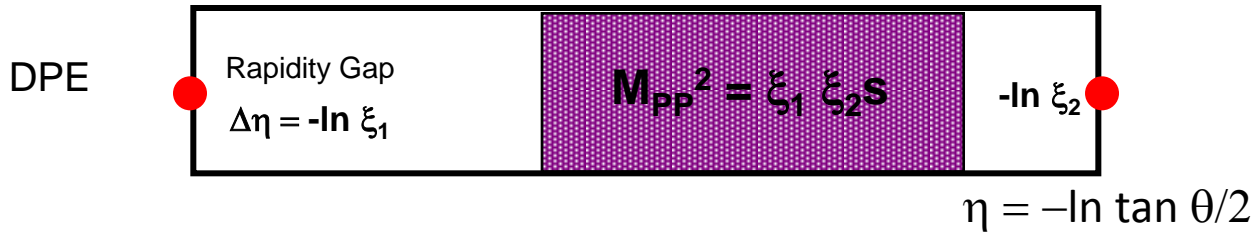
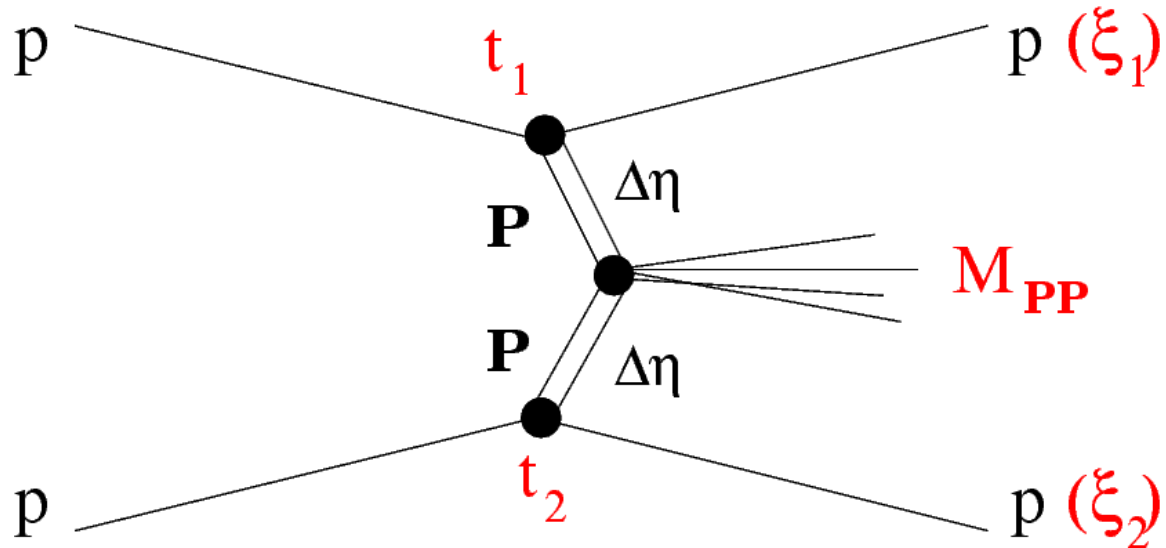
correlation between leading proton and forward detector T2



run: 37280006, event: 9522



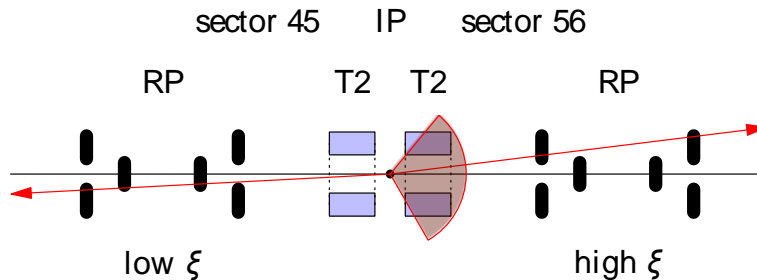
# Double Pomeron Exchange (DPE)



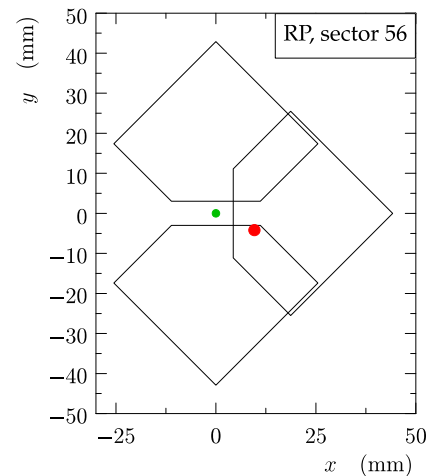
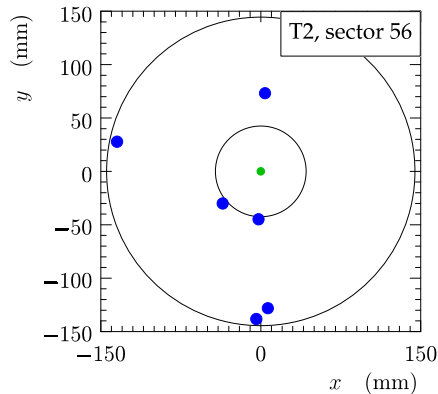
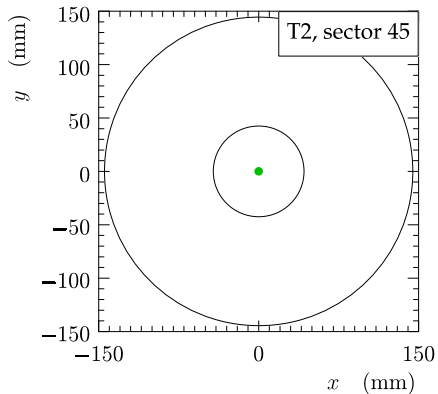
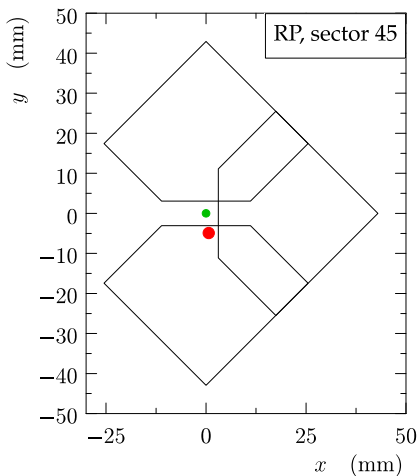
Use the LHC as a Pomeron-Pomeron (Gluon - Gluon) Collider

# Double Pomeron Exchange (DPE)

correlation between leading protons and forward detector T2

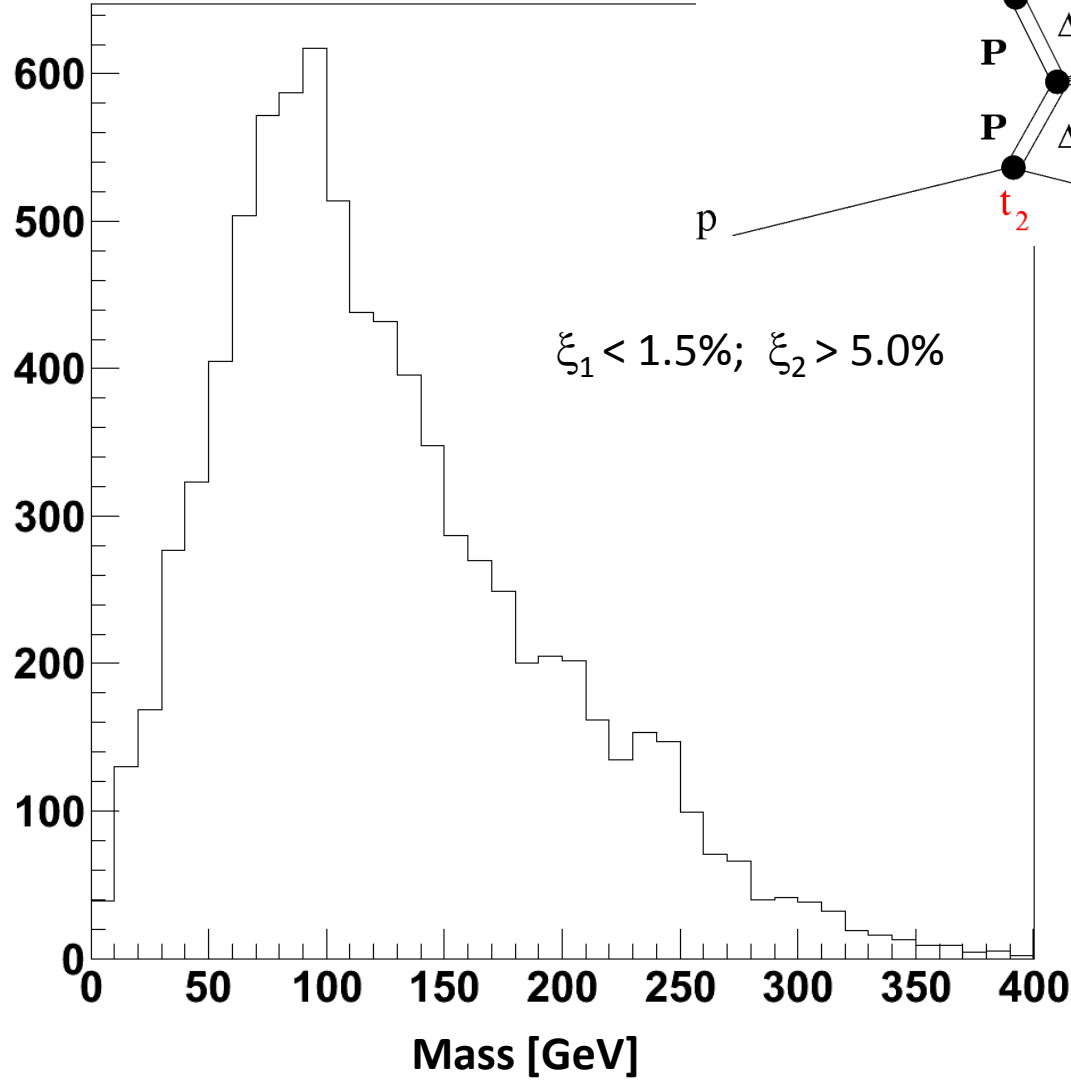


run: 37220007, event: 9904



# DPE Mass Reconstruction “proof of concept”

mass



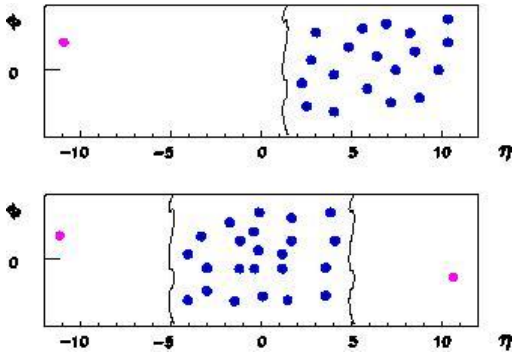
$\xi_1 < 1.5\%$ ;  $\xi_2 > 5.0\%$

**Low-β**  
**RP vertical**  
**RP horizontal**  
**T2**



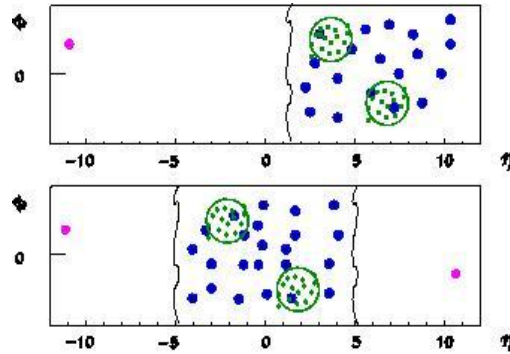


# TOTEM + CMS running scenarios



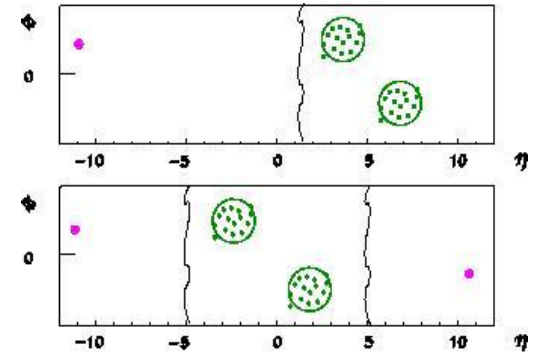
pp->pX  
pp->pXp

soft diffraction



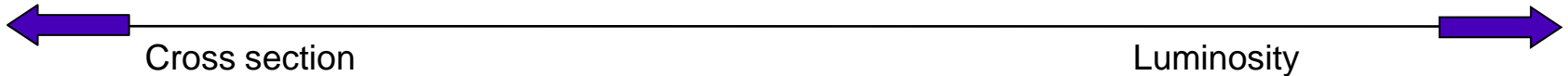
pp->pjjX  
pp->pjjXp

(semi)-hard diffraction



pp->pjj (bosons, heavy quarks, Higgs...)  
pp->pjjp

hard diffraction



$\beta$ (m)	1540	90	2	0.5
L ( $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ )	$10^{29}$	$10^{30}$	$10^{32}$	$10^{34}$
	TOTEM LHC runs		Standard LHC runs	



# DPE Dijets Mass Reconstruction

## “proof of concept”

### Protons' diff. mass vs. Jets' mass

