

# Heavy Flavours in High Energy $e p$ Collisions

WANG Meng

wangm@physik.uni-bonn.de



Physikalisches Institut der Universität **bonn**

*on behalf of the H1 and ZEUS collaborations*



XXXV International Symposium on Multiparticle Dynamics  
Kroměříž, Czech Republic  
August 2005

1 Introduction

2 Charm production

3 Beauty production

4 Summary

1 Introduction

2 Charm production

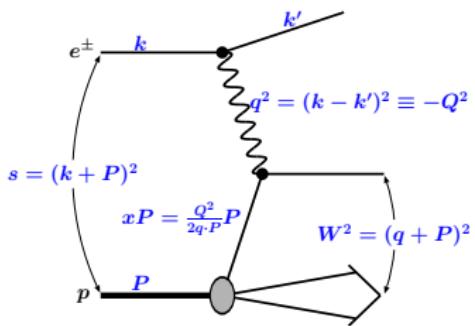
3 Beauty production

4 Summary

# Colliding experiments at HERA

$e^\pm$   $p$

	$E_e$	$E_p$	$\sqrt{s}$
94-98	27.5 GeV	820 GeV	300 GeV
99-	27.5 GeV	920 GeV	318 GeV

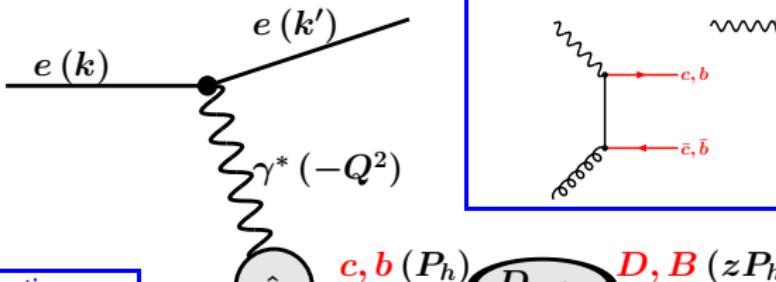


$Q^2$  exchanged boson virtuality  
 $xP = \frac{Q^2}{2q \cdot P} P$   
 $W^2 = (q + P)^2$

0  $\xleftarrow{\text{photoproduction}(\gamma p)}$   $Q^2 (\sim 1 \text{ GeV}^2)$   $\xrightarrow{\text{deep inelastic scattering (DIS)}}$   $\infty$

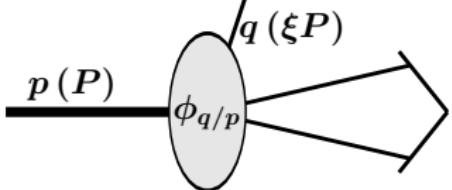
# Heavy flavours in QCD

Factorisation: Parton densities  $\otimes$  pQCD  $\otimes$  Fragmentation

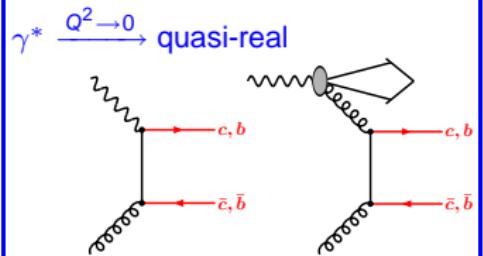


$\hat{\sigma}$ : Partonic cross section

Hard scales:  $m_{c,b}, p_T, Q^2$



$\phi_{q/p}$ : probability density of finding parton  $q$  in proton, carrying momentum  $\xi P$



$D_{H/h}$ : fragmentation function of quark  $h$  to hadron  $H$

$z$ : fractional momentum of  $H$  relative to  $h$

## 1 Introduction

## 2 Charm production

## 3 Beauty production

## 4 Summary

# Charm production

Previous measurements of inclusive charm production have shown general agreement with NLO QCD predictions.

Recent measurements:

- Exclusive *charm + jet* photoproduction to understand photon's hadronic behaviour
- Charm production in DIS to constrain gluon density in the proton
- Charmed hadrons production to confirm charm fragmentation universality

# $D^* + jet$ photoproduction

$Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$

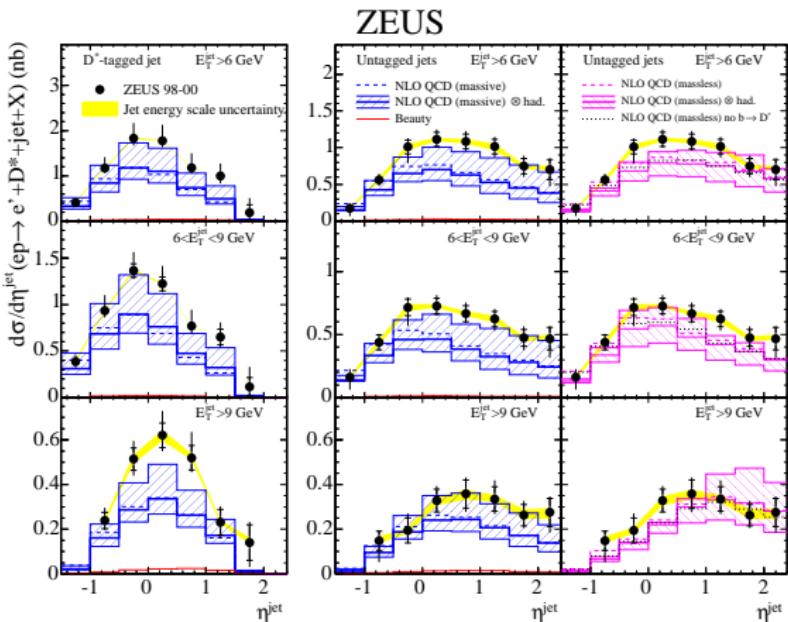
$130 < W < 280 \text{ GeV}$

$p_T^{D^*} > 3 \text{ GeV}$

$|\eta^{D^*}| < 1.5$

$E_T^{jet} > 6 \text{ GeV}$

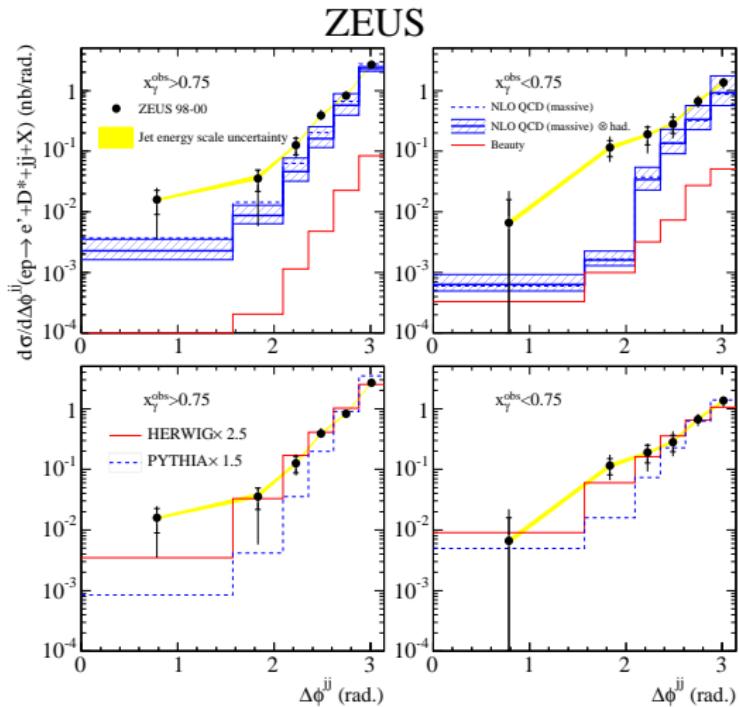
$-1.5 < \eta^{jet} < 2.4$



- Consistent with NLO massive and massless calculations
- No excess in the forward direction

# Dijet correlation

$\Delta\phi^{jj} \rightarrow$  sensitive to higher-order topologies



$$E_T^{\text{jet}_1} > 7 \text{ GeV} \quad E_T^{\text{jet}_2} > 6 \text{ GeV}$$

$$x_\gamma^{\text{obs}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1,2} E_T^{\text{jet}_i} e^{\eta_i \text{jet}_i}}{2yE_e}$$

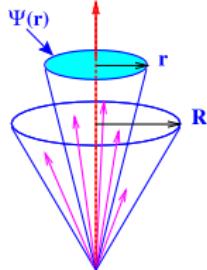
**NEEDS:**  
higher-order calculations  
or additional parton showers in current NLO calculations!

# Jet shape in charm + dijet photoproduction

Tag charm jet by muon and look at the other jet

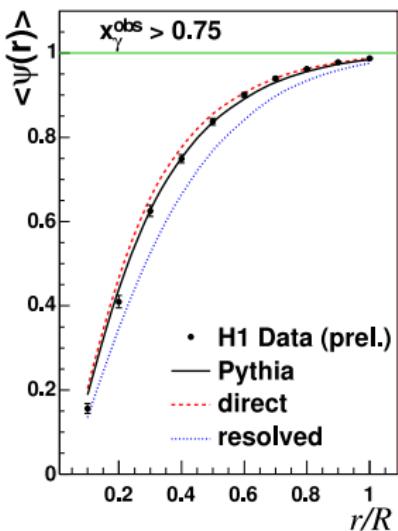
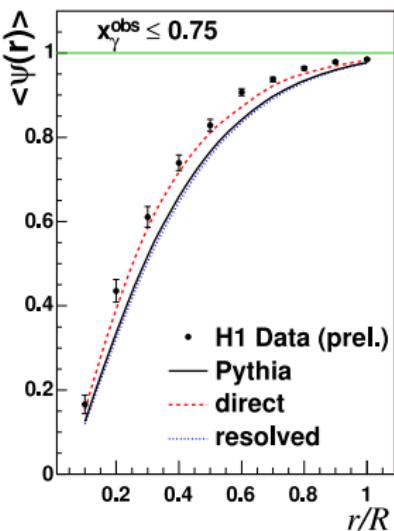
$$\Psi(r) \equiv \frac{p_T^{\text{jet}}(r' < r)}{p_T^{\text{jet}}(r' < R)}$$

$$\langle \Psi(r) \rangle = \frac{\sum_{\text{jets}} \Psi(r)}{N_{\text{jets}}}$$



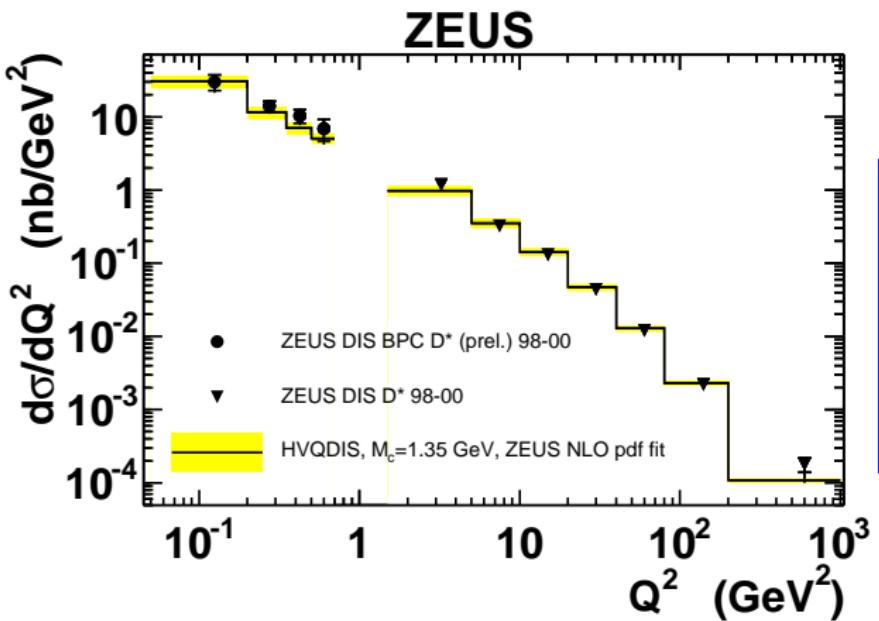
PYTHIA:

- excitation  $\sim 35\%$
- proton: CTEQ5L
- photon: GRV-LO



**DATA: fewer gluon jets at low  $x_\gamma$**

# Exploiting low $Q^2$ region



$0.05 < Q^2 < 0.7$  GeV $^2$

$0.02 < y < 0.085$

$p_T^{D^*} > 1.5$  GeV

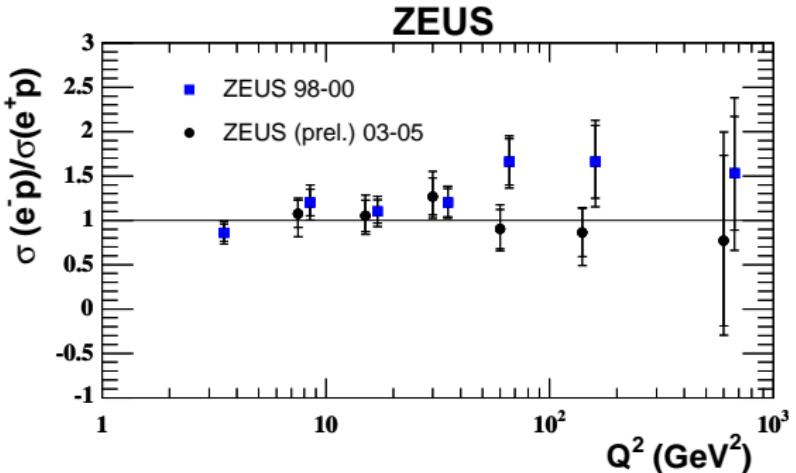
$|\eta^{D^*}| < 1.5$

NLO QCD: well over 4 orders of magnitude in  $Q^2$

# First charm result from HERA II

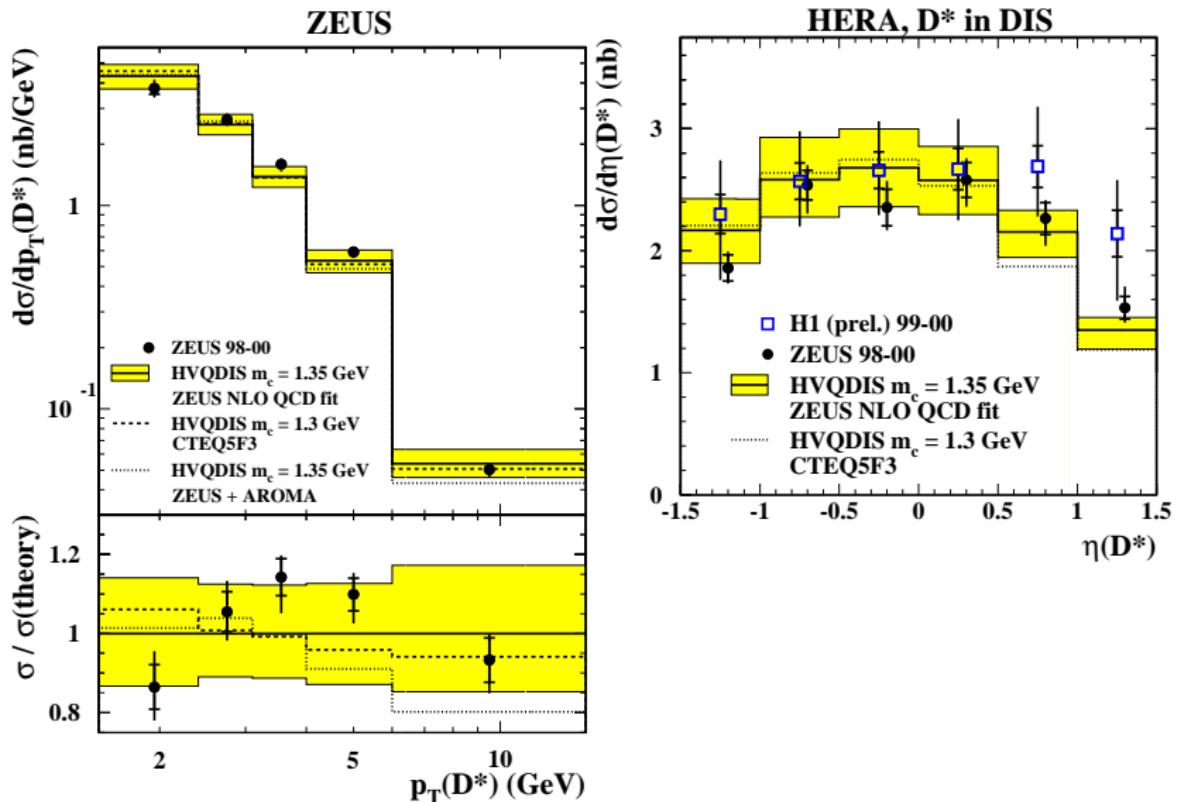
Year	$\mathcal{L} (\text{pb}^{-1})$	
	$e^- p$	$e^+ p$
98-00	17	65
03-05	33	40

$5 < Q^2 < 1000 \text{ GeV}^2$   
 $0.02 < y < 0.7$   
 $1.5 < p_T^{D^*} < 15 \text{ GeV}$   
 $|\eta^{D^*}| < 1.5$

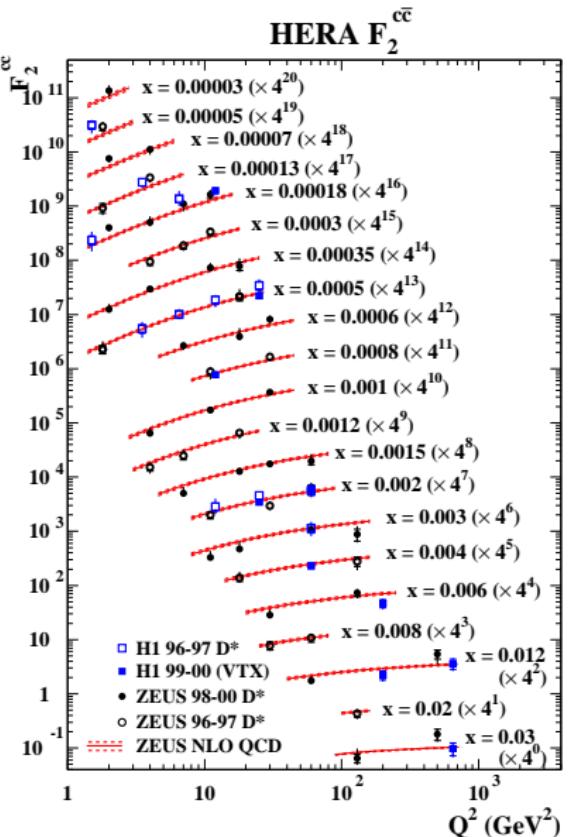
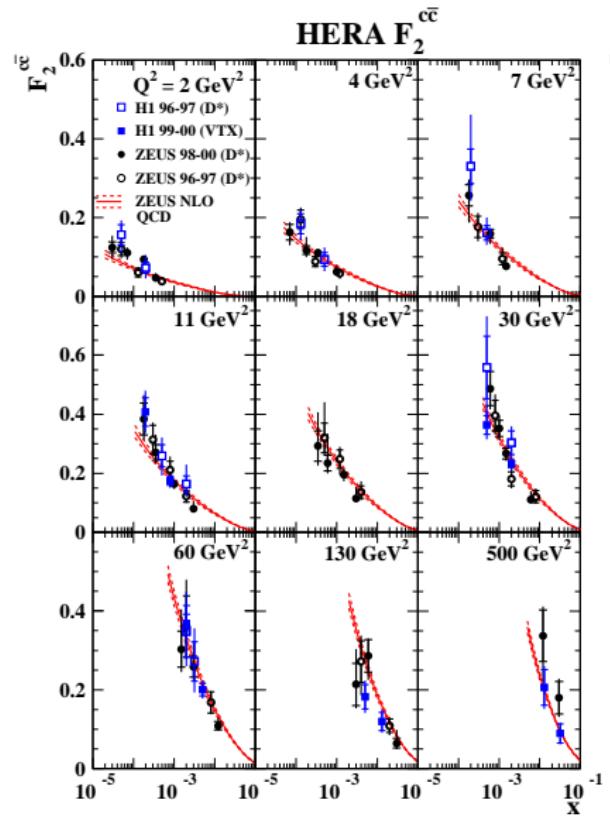


$$\frac{\sigma_{e^- p \rightarrow e^- D^* X}}{\sigma_{e^+ p \rightarrow e^+ D^* X}}$$
 excess in the previous measurement NOT confirmed

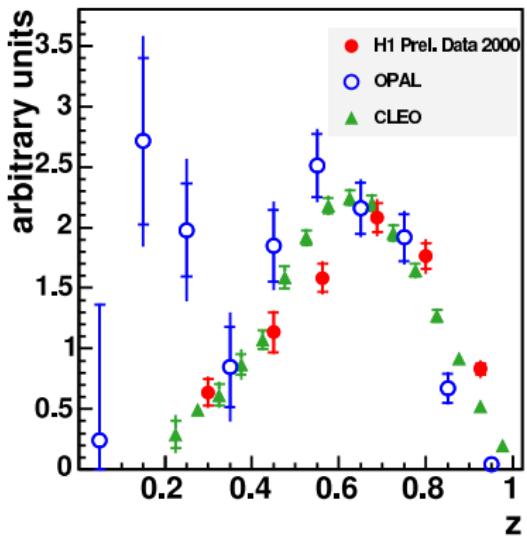
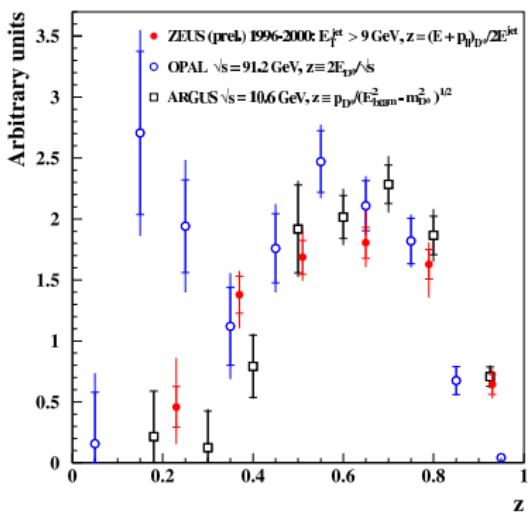
# Probing gluon density in the proton



# Precise measurements of $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$ at HERA



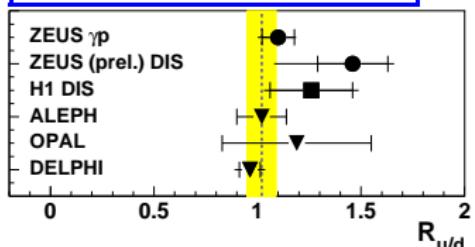
# Charm fragmentation function



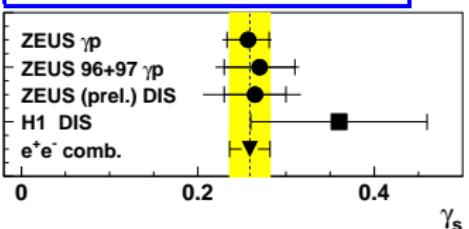
Spectra similar in shape despite different definitions

# Charm fragmentation ratios and fractions

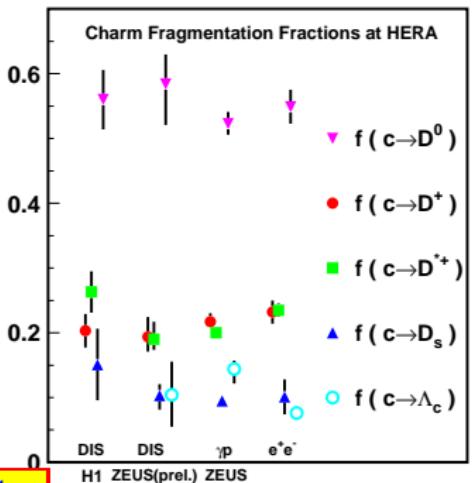
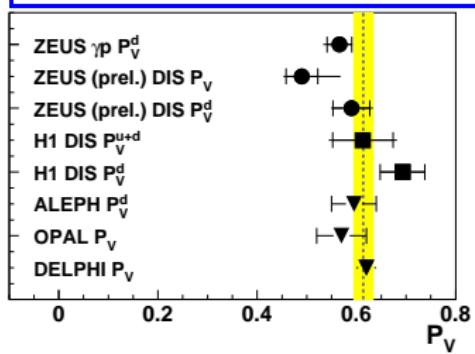
$$R_{u/d} = \frac{c\bar{u}}{cd} \approx 1 \Rightarrow \text{isospin invariance}$$



$$\gamma s = \frac{2c\bar{s}}{cd+c\bar{u}} \approx 1/4 \Rightarrow s \text{ suppression}$$



$$P_V = \frac{V}{V+PS} \neq 3/4 \Rightarrow \text{NOT naive spin counting}$$



Consistent with fragmentation universality

## 1 Introduction

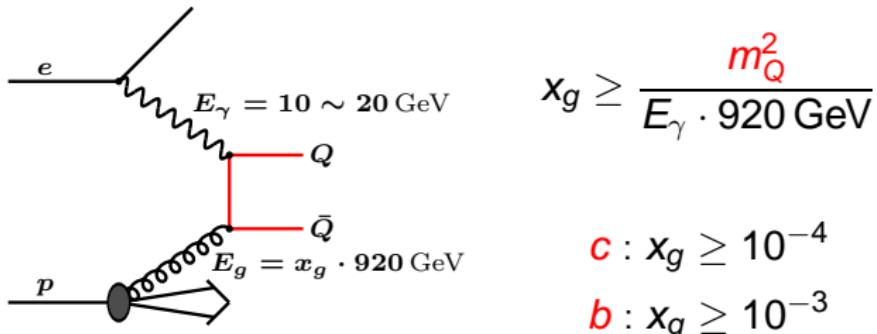
## 2 Charm production

## 3 Beauty production

## 4 Summary

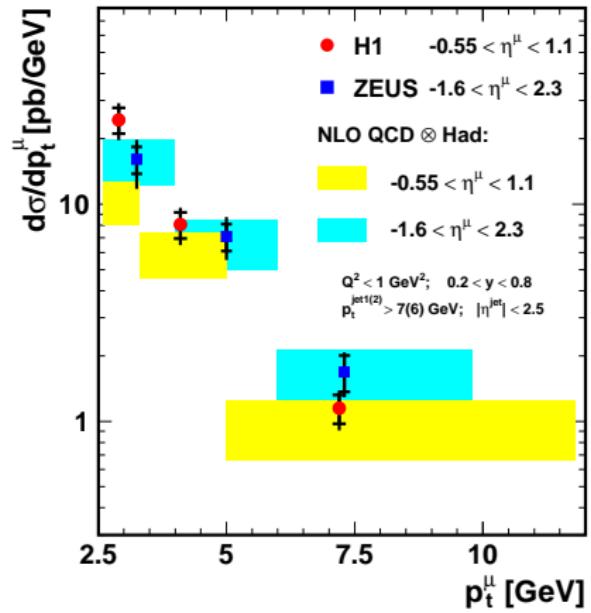
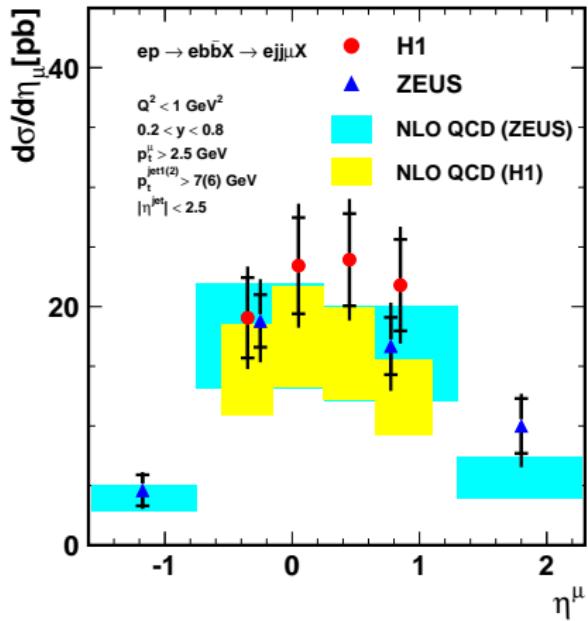
# Beauty production

- $m_b > m_c$ : pQCD calculations more reliable
- But, suppression  $\Rightarrow \sigma_{uds} : \sigma_c : \sigma_b \sim 2000 : 200 : 1$



- Anyway, beauty “puzzle” seems to be over...

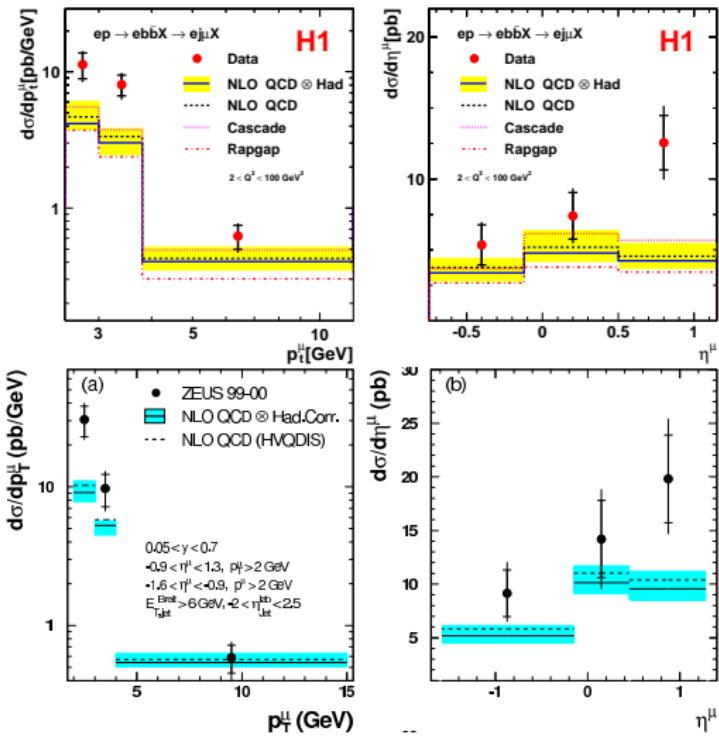
# Beauty photoproduction: $\mu + \text{dijet}$



NLO: describing data well

H1: excess at low  $p_T^\mu$

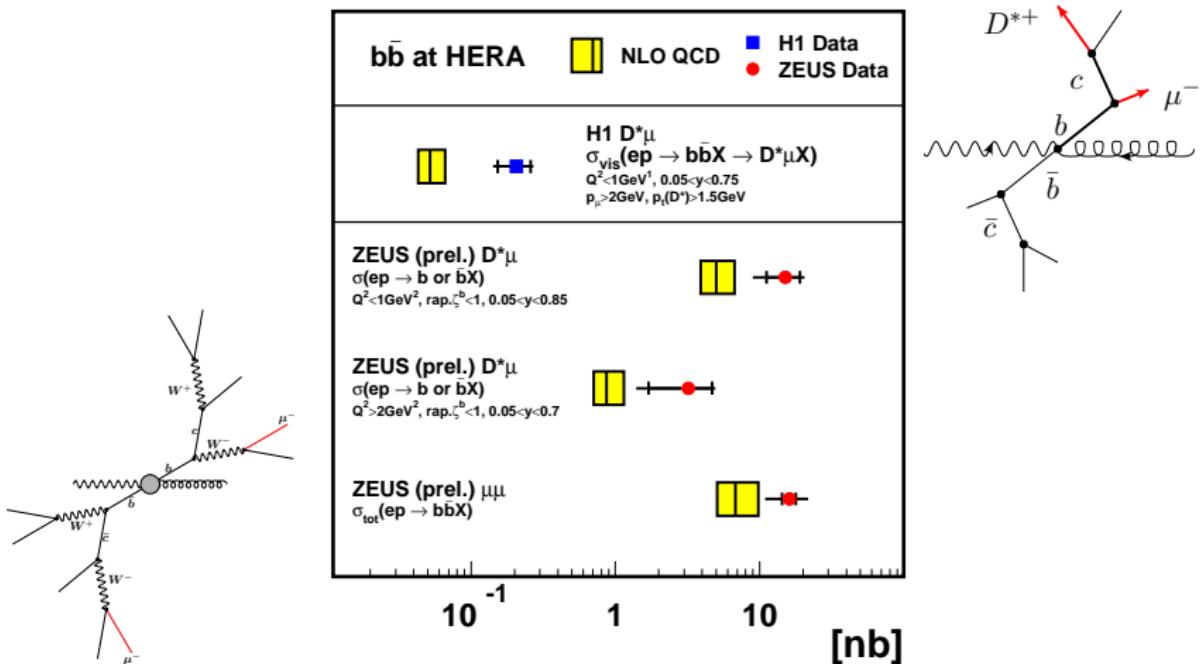
# Beauty production in DIS: $\mu + jet$



- H1 and ZEUS: good agreement
- NLO: describing DATA well except at low  $p_T^\mu$  and high  $\eta^\mu$

# Total beauty production

Excess confirmed by integrated cross section measurements

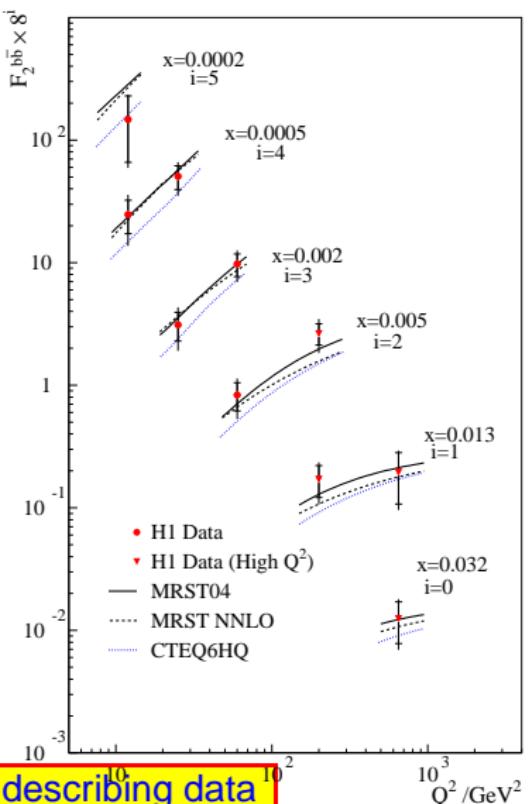
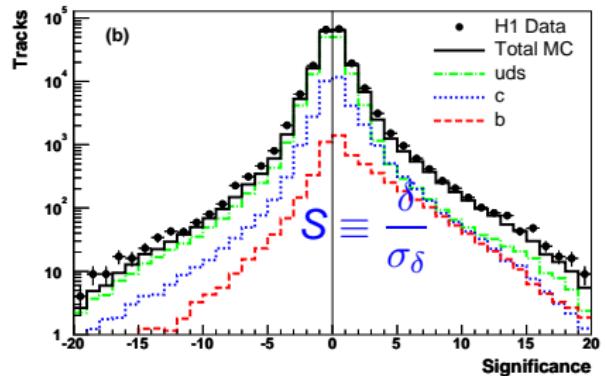
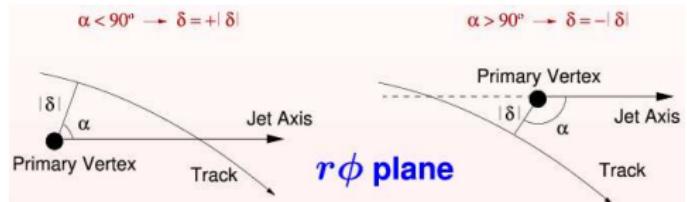


NLO (FNMR+HVQDIS): too small?



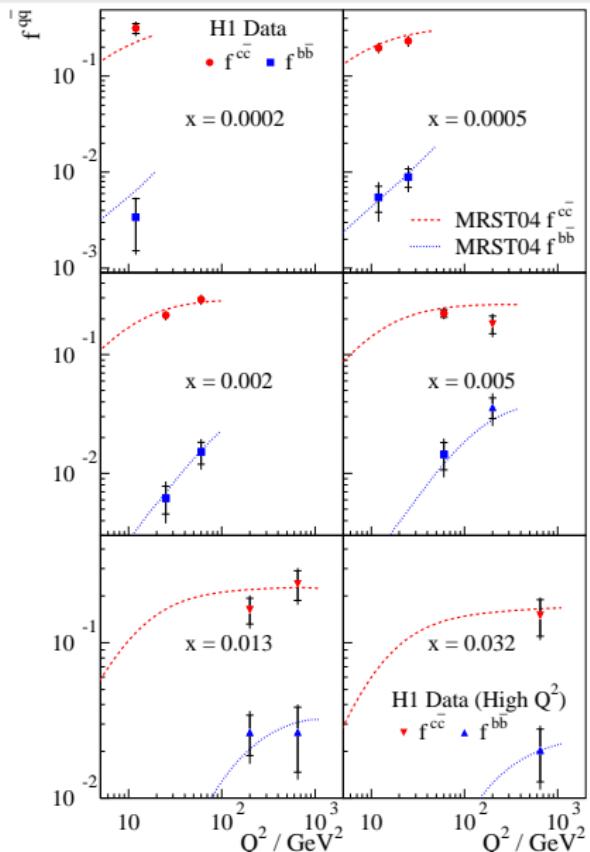
# First measurement of $F_2^{bb}$

## Inclusive impact parameters( $\delta$ ) of tracks



Two VFNS NLOs and one NNLO reasonably describing data

# Heavy flavour contributions to ep cross section



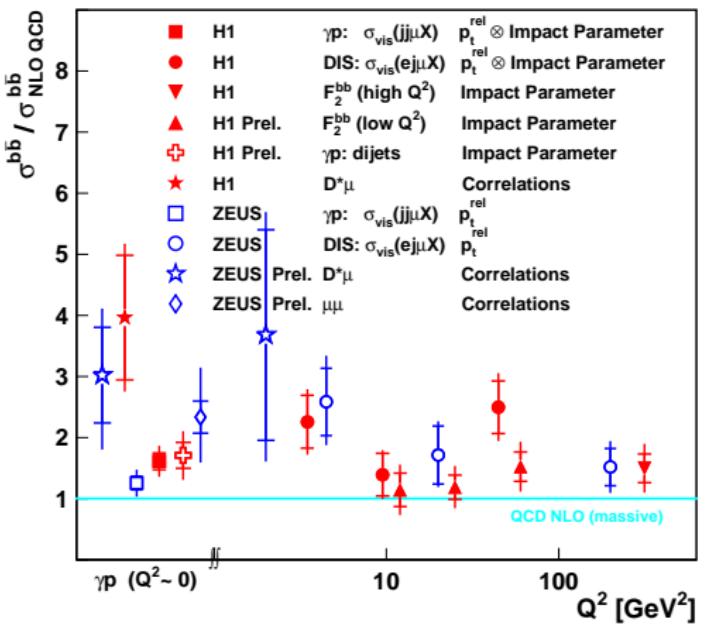
$$f_{q\bar{q}} = \frac{d^2\sigma_{q\bar{q}}}{dx dQ^2} / \frac{d^2\sigma}{dx dQ^2}$$

Charm: increasing slightly with  $Q^2$ , roughly 24% on average

Beauty: increasing rapidly with  $Q^2$ ,  
 $0.4\%$  at  $Q^2 = 12 \text{ GeV}^2$   
 $3\%$  at  $Q^2 > 150 \text{ GeV}^2$

NLO QCD predictions of MRST  
describing data reasonably well

# Latest version of beauty production summary



- ... many new points — large excess of early measurements NOT confirmed,
- although NLO calculation still consistently below data.

1 Introduction

2 Charm production

3 Beauty production

4 Summary

# Summary & Outlook

- Some **recent** heavy flavour measurements at HERA were reviewed
- NLO** calculations are in **general agreement** with the **data**
- There are still problematic regions at **small  $Q^2$**  and  **$p_T$** , and in the **forward direction**  
⇒ Improved models needed!
- Outlook — **HERA II** results!
  - Higher luminosity
  - Improved detector

